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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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VOL. XXVI NO. 288 BOMBAY: MONDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Rajkot Praja Parishad Declared Illegal

DEWAN OUT FOR DUEL WITH SATYAGRAHA FORCES

Women's Reply To Cadell's Fiat

Procession And Public Meeting: Arrests At Azad Chowk

RAJKOT, December 4.

The Rajkot Praja Parishad has been declared unlawful.

A notification issued by Sir Patrick Cadell, Diwan of Rajkot states:—Noticing that the Rajkot Praja Parishad is resolving upon a campaign of disobedience of laws and orders lawfully promulgated and that instructions are being issued interfering with orderly Government—a conduct bound to lead to grave dislocation of ordinary life in the country and to many injurious consequences—Sir Patrick Cadell hereby has declared it an illegal body. Persons rendering aid to it are liable to prosecution and conviction. Offences are cognizable, bailable and triable by Second Class Magistrates.

SIR PATRICK CADELL HAS ISSUED ANOTHER NOTIFICATION APPLYING THE BAN ON NEWSPAPERS TO DISGUISED REGISTERED NEWSPAPERS IMPORTED.—A. P.

ULTIMATUM TO THAKORE SAHEB

It is believed in informed circles here that the Thakore Saheb has received an ultimatum from the India Government to settle the present impasse.—United Press.

WOMEN'S PROCESSION

Immediately the Parishad was declared illegal, a procession shouting slogans paraded through the main roads. A meeting of women was held in Azad Chowk. The meeting was addressed by Miss Maniben Patel. Later a procession of women marched on the main roads.

Messrs. Janarden Eaxi and Sharat Chandra Kothary were arrested, while attending a meeting in Azad Chowk.

STOP PRESS

JAPANESE OCCUPY KOWKONG DELTA

TOKIO: Dec. 4.

Japanese troops have completely occupied Kowkong (Chiukiang) Delta, according to a communique issued by the Japanese Army in South China.

Japanese detachments are now driving westward across the Delta with the ultimate objective of cutting the Chinese route for munition supplies along the lower section of the west river.—Reuter.

CHINESE' GAINS

CHUNGKING: Dec. 4.

Chinese forces on the Canton-Hankow railway north of Canton have made considerable gains in the offensive south of Tsunghua, according to Chinese Military despatches. The offensive was launched on Thursday night and severe fighting followed. The Chinese made a sham attack on the Japanese left flank on the railway and then started a strong drive through the Japanese right flank east of the Railway.

The Chinese claim to have captured Taipingchang, 25 miles north of Canton. Chinese guerillas are reported to be very active in Honan district on the south bank of the Pearl river south of Canton.—Reuter.

Sudetenland Goes To Polls

Electors Vote As Citizens Of Nazi Germany For First Time

BERLIN, Dec. 4.

Heavy polling was reported today from Sudetenland where the electors are voting for the first time as citizens of Nazi Germany.

The electors are asked whether they recognise Herr Hitler as the liberator of Sudetenland and whether they support the election of a list of National Socialist party candidates for the Reichstag headed by Herr Hitler.

The polling stations, according to a German News Agency were besieged by large crowds long before they opened. Herr Henlein and Herr Franck were greeted with shouts of "Heil" when they went to vote.

Many smaller places reported that all electors had polled by noon. Even in places with a large Czech population the voting was described as very brisk.

In Troppau, a large number of Sudeten Germans living in Czechoslovakia crossed the Frontier to participate in the election.—Reuter.

TURKISH CONTRACT FOR BRITAIN

ANKARA: Dec. 4.

The Ministry for National Economy has awarded the British Yards Swan Hunter and Wigham-Richardson, a contract for 11 merchantmen from 900 to 1,800 tons each at a total cost of 1,800 thousand sterling, payable through ten million sterling credits obtained from Great Britain last May.—Reuter.

Tokio Paper Supports Italy's Claim

TOKIO, Dec. 3.

Support for Italy's claims against France is voiced in an article in the newspaper "Jomiurishimbun',' which adds it is wiser for both countries to give due consideration to the question of reaching an amicable settlement by reasonable measures.—Reuter.

ITALY'S CLAIM TO TUNIS

High Price Set For Resumption Of Talks With France

ROME, Dec. 4.

Italy's claim to Tunis is regarded as one of the chief issues on which the chances of her sinking her differences with France depend.

The success Italy considers she has achieved as arbiter at Munich and Vienna, her confidence in German support and the feeling of security given to her by the completion of the Anglo-Italian agreement have combined to make Italy set a high price for the resumption of Franco-Italian talks.

It is noteworthy that the French occupation of Tunis was the determining Factor of Italy's decision to ally herself with Germany and Austro-Hungary in 1882. Out of the total European population of Tunis of 213,000, 108,000 are French and 94,000 are Italians, including naturalised Italians.

Italy would now like not merely to regain the rights held by the Italians in Tunis, which was surrendered under the Laval agreement of 1935, which Italy considers has lapsed owing to French participation in sanctions during Abyssinian war by the extension of the minorities principle adopted at Munich but to encroach on the territorial integrity of French possessions.

Italy's other demands relate firstly to Suez Canal dues, one Italian suggestion being that the Canal Company should be converted into a public utility. Secondly Italy would like to control the Djibuti Railway. Thirdly France should acquiesce in Spanish settlement favourable to Gen. Franco.

British circles here, however, are inclined to believe that Italy would finally reduce her terms.—Reuter.

ITALY AND RUMANIA IN TRADE PACT

BUCHAREST: Dec. 4.

An agreement concerning commercial payments and barter has been signed between Rumania and Italy.

The agreement is expected to lead to a considerable increase in the volume of trade between the two countries.—Reuter.

Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan

CAPTURE A.-I. T. U. C.

Sardar's Tribute To Ahmedabad Textile Labour Association

AHMEDABAD: Dec. 4.

"You have done striking work in the whole world. We want to do similar work in other parts of the country to capture the All-India Trade Union Congress," declared Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, addressing a monster meeting of labourers on the 21st anniversary of the Textile Labour Association.

He said: "Your Association was started in 1917 when Gandhiji fasted. You gained in the last 20 years what labourers in other parts have not gained. You have conducted 139 struggles in most of which you were successful and obtained the goodwill of employers. In other places, Labour was always defeated and industry suffered. In Bombay, there was a strike for three to four months as a result of which labourers had to accept reduced wages.

BOMBAY GOVT.'S EXAMPLE

Immediately after resumption of office, the Congress Ministry appointed a Labour Committee and gave increase of wages to labourers to the extent of one crore of rupees in the Presidency. This is the first instance in which labourers have received an increase in wages without a strike.

The Premier had given an assurance that the Legislature would amend the law, if it was found to be working against the interests of Labour.—A. P.

Muslims' Right To Offer Help To Britain

PUNJAB PREMIER'S REPLY TO CHALLENGE

Mover Of Resolution Forced To Withdraw

NEW DELHI: December 4.

The one-day session of the Council of the All-India Muslim League, held to-day, was notable for a resolution challenging Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan's right to offer in the name of Indian Muslims, help to Britain in the event of a war.

The resolution evoked a spirited reply from Sir Sikandar and was eventually withdrawn.

In Event Of War

The resolution was moved by Mr. Z. H. Lari, a member of the United Provinces Assembly, who declared that Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan's Simla speech of September last offering support to Britain in the event of a war, did not reflect Indian Muslim opinion.

Mr. Lari described British policy as anti-Muslim and asserted that Palestine, as also the Congress-governed provinces in India where the Governors he declared, had failed to protect Muslim minority interests were examples justifying his remarks. Punjab, he said, was the province on which Moslems all over India depended most for the protection of their rights and Punjab should therefore respond by voicing the resentment of Moslems against British policy, but Sir Sikandar's Simla offer ran counter to this need for the hour and went against the spirit of the Moslem League's policy.

SIKANDAR'S FIGHTING SPEECH

Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan made a fighting speech in reply. He said it would have been fairer if the mover had mentioned Sir Sikandar's "humble part in the Palestine affair." He (Sir Sikandar) had made it amply clear and had reiterated it in the Punjab Legislature that he wholeheartedly and vehemently denounced British policy in Palestine.

He had made it clear that if even one man from the Indian army were sent to Palestine, he as an elected representative of the Punjab, would be first to oppose it.

INDIANISATION OF ARMY.

His position on the question of the Indianisation of the Army had also been defined on many occasions. He was emphatically in favour of Indianisation of the Army on right lines. It was also his strong opinion that if Britain wanted to keep any British soldier in India in Imperial interest, it was only fair that the cost should be borne by the British exchequer. But he insisted that in any scheme of Indianisation, the Punjab should retain its present share in the Army. He assured minorities all over India that the Punjab's supremacy if the army was a better safeguard for the interests of minorities all over India than Congress could offer.

He offered support to Britain in the event of war over the Czechoslovak question, because that was the feeling of the martial classes of the Punjab to a man. The question whether this was the feeling or not was sought to be raised in the Punjab Legislative Assembly by the opposition. He readily offered to give time on an official day for the discussion of this question but the Opposition did not have the courage to take advantage of the offer.

PUNJAB'S NATURAL RIGHT.

He had exercised the natural right of the Punjab to offer or withhold support to Britain in matters of Defence, because he was convinced it was the martial classes of the Punjab that really mattered as far as this question was concerned. He refused to allow the Congress to arrogate to itself the role that naturally belonged to the martial classes of the Punjab. Did Muslims in "minority provinces" wish that the Congress should be left to make bargains with the British through sheer bluff? Punjab was the only province capable of defending India of the future and the interests of minorities in other provinces.

Moslems in "minority Provinces" should therefore help him in establishing the Punjab in its rightful position.

EMINENT MOSLEM

Ali Bahadur Habidbullah from the United Provinces rose to speak but Mr. Jinnah intervening declared that he looked upon Sir Sikandar Hayat as one of the most eminent Moslems and the strongest pillar of the Moslem League and his utterances were naturally taken as reflecting the views of the Moslem League. Herefore, it would be best that, before making important pronouncements on critical occasions, Sir Sikandar Hayat consulted his colleagues of the Moslem League. He emphasised that the League should act in concert in important matters. He advised the mover to withdraw his resolution.

Mr. Lari agreed and withdrew his resolution.—A. P.

LUCKNOW.—The eleventh list of subscriptions to the United Provinces Flood Relief Fund amounted to Rs. 2,00,869-3-2.

POET'S ADVICE TO JEWS

Don't Depend On British Bayonets But Convince Palestine Arabs You Are Their Helpers

SANTINIKETAN, Dec. 4.

"Complicated as the situation is, there is, I hope, still time for a peaceful solution of the problem if the Jews, instead of thrusting themselves on the Arabs with the help of British bayonets, could convince the Arabs that they come as their helpers in the task of rebuilding that great land, which carries its association with the ancient Judaic culture."

Thus remarked Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore in the course of talks with a representative of the "United Press" on the Palestine situation.

ADVICE TO JEWS.

Dr. Tagore deplored the antagonism between the Jews and the Arabs and the consequent anarchy in that unhappy country. The advent of the Jews, the poet said, had, at the outset, seemed to augur well for the country of their adoption. It was hoped that their practical talents and their European training when coupled with the sturdy manhood of the Arabs, would mark the dawn of a new era in Palestine, whose influence would be felt in the whole Orient. This hope should be quite capable of realisation if the Jews and the Arabs instead of being torn by jealousy and suspicion could co-operate for their mutual benefit and build up a common nationality.

Had the Jews been left to themselves with no other powerful body taking their part in the game from behind, continued the poet, they might have tried to exercise their own talent of persuasion to ingratiate themselves with the Arabs and this was exactly what they, as new comers in the land, should have done for their own interests.—United Press.

FLYING BOATS ON NON-STOP FLIGHT

SINGAPORE, Dec. 3.

Three R. A. F. Sunderland flying boats left here this morning on a non-stop flight between Penang and Ceylon.—Reuter.

Object Lesson To Whole Country And World

Role Of Mahatma And Late Mangaldas Girdhar In Bringing About Good Relations Between Labour And Capital

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 4.

The prosperity of Ahmedabad is due to two persons more than anybody else, namely Mahatma Gandhi and the late Seth Mangaldas Girdhar, mill agent, who acted as arbitrators for a long time for settlement of disputes between Capital and Labour. Ahmedabad has set an object-lesson in this respect to the whole country and to the world, declared Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel opening the Mangaldas Memorial Hall, which has been built at a cost of Rs. 175,000.

FRAGRANCE OF WEALTH

Sardar Patel said many persons received wealth by inheritance but few left the fragrance of wealth after their death. Late Seth Mangaldas had unbounded feeling of mercy, which enshrined the ancient culture of India. He used to visit the huts of the mill workers and to invite them to dinners at his residence. Sardar Patel appealed to the rich people of Ahmedabad to raise memorials, which future generations might remember. The speaker had no money to raise such memorials for himself, but he would perpetuate his own memory for opening such memorials. Sardar hoped that the City, which had earned a reputation for earning wealth, would also earn the reputation of spending wealth to the best advantage of the poor people and also of establishing good relations between the rich and the poor, according to the principles of Mahatma Gandhi.—A. P.

Germany Prepares For War

Demand For Return Of Colonies To Precipitate International Crisis

(From Our Special Correspondent)

LONDON: December 4.

During my recent visit to Paris, I learnt from many sources that an international crisis will be precipitated during April-May next, and that its cause will be Germany's demand for return of Colonies.

As a matter of fact, I have learnt that Herr Von Ribbentrop, during his forthcoming visit, will insist that the Franco-German negotiations must be based on the Colonial Question, and if compromise is arrived at, it will be based on granting vast territories by Britain and France.

Meanwhile, Germany will proceed with her war preparations.

The strength of the garrison on the Rhine will be increased from 50 to 60 per cent. Tank Corps from 75 to cent. per cent., and Air Force from 10 to cent. per cent.

Troops will be distributed along the Frontier to a depth of 50 kilometres.

Persecution Of Churchmen

BERLIN, Dec. 4.

Niemoeller's release from Sachsenhausen Concentration camp near Kassel appears to be imminent.

Herr Hitler recently received the sister-in-law of the Bavarian Minister of Education who pleaded for Niemoeller's release.

It is understood that Herr Hitler replied that the release would take place shortly.

The number of arrested pastors of the Opposition Church increased to 17 during the past week. Payment of salaries has been stopped in the case of 19 Pastors while 38 pastors have hitherto been forbidden to preach.

Nineteen others have been expelled from their parishes and 58 have been suspended.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a fully qualified and experienced Sister for the Parekh Hospital on Rs. 50-5-100 plus Rs. 10|- house rent. Apply with full particulars before 15-12-38 to the Chief Officer, Municipal Office, Surat. (10045)

Wanted a fast Stenographer Secretary knowing Gujerati on salary of Rs. 80 per month. B.A., who is well-versed in Municipal affairs need only apply stating age, nationality and previous experience to Box No. 11105 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Graduate in Agriculture having field experience for at least five years and who should be capable of undertaking development of cane area in North Behar with up-to-date methods. Pay according to qualifications Please apply immediately stating qualifications experience and minimum salary required and enclosing testimonials to the Industrial Corporation Ltd. Post Box 28. Ahmedabad. (10035)

Wanted—A well qualified Kindergarten Teacher with experience for a Girls' High School in Bombay. Apply stating minimum salary, age, qualifications, testimonials, etc. before 17th December to Box No. 11101 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Immediately four first class Reporters for the Textile Labour Inquiry Committee. Salary according to qualifications. Apply personally, to the Acting Secretary, Labour Office, Secretariat, Bombay, between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. (10024)

Wanted M.B.B.S. Doctor Lady Sub-assistant Surgeon Matron also nurses for Hospital outstation. Apply Box No. 11096, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited from (1) honours graduates in arts, science or commerce of (a) Indian universities, salary Rs. 100-15-300 and of (b) foreign universities, salary Rs. 150 and on confirmation after six months Rs. 200-20-500 and (2) from persons with experience in cotton line, salary according to qualifications and experience,—to be trained for the post of Cotton Assistant in East Africa. An allowance of Rs. 100 p.m. will be paid in addition to salary, when posted in East Africa. Apply to Personal Secretary to Ambalal Sarabhai, Post Box 28, Ahmedabad. (10034)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a male Shorthand-typist with some knowledge of Bookkeeping, stating salary. Application must be made in his own handwriting. Box No. 10052 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Candidates to qualify as Sub-Engineers, Overseers by Post. British India Technical College (B.C.) Sukkur (Sind). (11069)

Wanted Sole District Canvassers to sell our goods—Radio sets, Typewriters, Gramophones, Harmoniums, Sewing Machines, Cycles, Cameras, Machinery, etc., on cash, credit or instalments. Agencies also given. The Indian Instalment Supply Co., Ltd., Cawnpore, U.P. (11092)

Applications are invited from Honours Graduate of a good Foreign University in Arts, Science or Engineering for training for the combined post of Works and Office Assistant." Salary Rs. 150 - for six months and on confirmation after probation in the grade of 200|- 25|300. Apply with full particulars to the Agents, Swastik Oil Mills Ltd., 27, Bastion Road, Fort, Bombay. (11100)

Wanted an experienced all-round diplomaed agriculturist for a small State in Kathiawar; pay Rs. 60-2-5-100. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating age, qualifications and previous experience to Box No. 9988, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—A Hospital Laboratory Assistant:—For clinical Laboratory at Sir Takhtsinhji Hospital. Scale of Pay Rs. 30|- P.M. increasing upto Rs. 40 by seniority grade. Service is Pensionable. Applicants should submit their applications to the undersigned before 15th December, 1938 Stating age, Caste, Qualifications, training and Experience with testimonials. Chief Medical Officer, Bhavnagar State, Bhavnagar. (10021)

68. FLATS TO LET

At Parekh Building, New Queen's Road an airy comfortable and a newly oil-painted flat on the second floor is to be let to vegetarian Hindus. Apply Maganlal Mehta, Top Floor. (11099)

To Let—At Cambata Building, 42, Queen's Road, Churchgate Reclamation, most up-to-date large luxurious flat of drawing, dining and 4 large bed-rooms with attached bathrooms, fully equipped and double lifts, on fourth floor, overlooking Back Bay. Most suitable for a big office or Consulate. Also other two and three bedroom luxurious flats, garages and shops. Apply Manager on premises. (11102)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings and equipment. Session begins 15th January. For illustrated Prospectus apply, Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel. D.D.S., Hospital Road, Karachi. (9857)

Pitman's Commercial Examination The Institute of Commerce and The Faculty of Teachers in Commerce Shorthand speed 2sh 6d. Typewriting (adv.) 2sh 6d. Accountancy Banking Secretaryship, Insurance Auditing, General Commercial Knowledge Company and Commercial Law Salesmanship Correspondence etc. 2sh. 6d. per subject. Apply Lentin's Commercial College 39, Meadows Street. (11097)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Sexus Paste, best and cheapest Contraceptive. Gelotube, best and cheapest Venereal Preventive. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (10710)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for silk and woollen cloths. Pay Rs. 100|- T. A. extra. Have free particulars and samples. Girson Knitting Works, Ludhiana 39. (10988)

LITERARY

Authors invited submit MSS all types (especially Fiction and Poems) to Publishers of forty years' standing. Advice and catalogue free. No reading fees. Stockwell, Ltd., 29, Ludgate Hill, London, England.

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Forgery Detection Bureau: 29 Hamam St., Bombay, Director Parmeshwar Dayal, M.A., Handwriting Expert. (11068)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
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3rd and Subsequent-Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

S. S. "RYUFUKU MARU."

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 3rd December, 1938, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed

N. MATSURA.
Manager.
Osaka Syosen Kabusiki Kaisya.

G. I. P. RAILWAY-TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER of Stores, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the printing of the G. I. P. Railway Coaching Tariff Part III and Goods Tariff Part I-B. Tender forms are obtainable from the District Controller of Stores "General". G. I. P. Railway Printing Press, Byculla, at Re. 1 per copy, and sample publications at Rs. 2 per copy, which amounts will not be returned Payments by cheque, Postal Orders and Postal Stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 19-12-38 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) 10016.

G. I. P. RAILWAY

RATE CIRCULARS

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR Viz. Special Rate Circular No. 21 of 1938 is being issued.

Particulars may be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay, or Stations. (10048)

KIRLOSKAR BROTHERS. LIMITED.

KIRLOSKARVADI (Aundh State)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held in the NEW SAMAJ MANDIR, opposite to the Business Office of the Company at Kirloskarvadi (Aundh State) on THURSDAY, the 22nd December, 1938, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account made up to 31st July 1938.
(2) To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
(3) To elect the Directors in the place of Mr. B. B. Sardesai and Dr. D. S. Sardesai who retire by rotation and they offer themselves for re-election and are eligible for re-election.
(4) To elect one Director in the place of Khan Saheb Haji Ahmed Kasam of Karad whose post made vacant by his demise.
(5) To appoint Auditor or Auditors for the current year and to fix his or their remuneration.
(6) To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 16th December, 1938 to 30th December, 1938 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
KIRLOSKAR SONS & CO.,
Managing Agents.
Kirloskarvadi (Aundh State)
Date 1st December 1938.

N. B.:—After the sanction of the Dividend in the above General Meeting the Dividend Warrants will be sent after the 15th February, 1939 to those Shareholders whose names are on the Register on the 22nd December, 1938. (10046)

Public Notices

NOTICE

Offers are invited for breaking and removing the break-up materials of the building at the junction of Trimbak Pharasram Street and Grant Road, belonging to The Hindustan Co-operative Insurance Society, Ltd. For particulars and Tender Form apply to Messrs. SYKES PATKER & DIVECHA, 24|26, Dalal Street, Fort. (10031)

NOTICE.

The clients of Messrs. BHAISHANKER, KANGA and GIRDHARLAL and those of Messrs. NATVERLAL AND CO., are requested to take away all the books of accounts, papers and proceedings relating to their various completed matters upto 1930, lying with the said Attorneys within ten (10) days from the date hereof, otherwise the same will be destroyed.

Dated this 3rd day of December, 1938.

BHAISHANKER KANGA & GIRDHARLAL
NATVERLAL & CO. (10047)

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In connection with the Mahim Fair the public are hereby informed that a portion of Cadell Road from its junction with Lady Jamshedji Road to its junction with Pedhi Road will be closed to all vehicular traffic from the midnight of the 5th December to 6-00 a.m. on the 16th December, 1938.

This order is made under the provisions of Section 23 (4) of the City of Bombay Police Act, IV of 1902.

W. R. G. SMITH,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office:
Bombay, 28th November, 1938. 10015.

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY.

ARTIFICERS & ARTISANS

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for vacancies in the following Branches of the Royal Indian Navy, to reach on or before 20th December, 1938:

(1) MECHANICIANS. (ENGINE ROOM BRANCH).
Essential Qualifications.
Age:—18—24
Minimum Educational attainments:—Pre-matriculation. Able to speak, read and write English and speak Urdu.
Practical or Technical:—
(a) Must have served an apprenticeship of at least 4 years' duration in an Engineering firm of repute and attended instructional classes in Mechanical Engineering subjects.
or
(b) Undergone a course of training in Mechanical Engineering in a recognised Technical College.

PAY

Rs. 70-120 per mensem, with food, clothing and accommodation. After completing the necessary qualifying service selected Mechanicians are eligible for promotion to Warrant Rank Pay Rs. 130-270.

(2) Electrical Artificers (Electrical Branch).
Essential Qualifications.
Age and Educational attainments:
As detailed in para (1) above.
Practical or Technical:—
(a) Must be in possession of a Supervisors Certificate issued by the Government of Bombay, or equivalent authority.
or
(b) Undergone a course of training in Electrical Engineering in a recognised Technical College.

PAY.

Rs. 35-120 per mensem, with food, clothing and accommodation.

(3) Ordnance Artificers (Maintenance of Guns).
Essential Qualifications.
Age and Educational attainments.—
As detailed in para (1) above.
Practical and Technical.
As detailed in para 1 (a) or (b) above.

PAY.

Rs. 35-120 per mensem, with food, clothing and accommodation.

(4) Apply in writing, stating age, educational and technical qualifications and practical experience with copies of certificates and references to The Commanding Officer, Naval Depot, H. M. I. Dockyard, Bombay.

C. J. NICOLL,
Captain.
Navy Office,
Bombay, 2nd December, 1938. (10036)

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

CITY ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT (Works Branch)

NOTICE

TENDERS for the work of the construction of 42" and 48" sewers with accessories in Haines Road between Mahaluxmi Overbridge and the culvert over S. W. Channel, will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on TUESDAY, the 13th December 1938.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued on payment of Rupees Five to any one deputed to receive them by the Dy. City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.
City Engineer's Department
(Works Branch)
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 30-11-1938. (10043)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King. Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration to the property and credits of BAI LANIBAI RAMCHANDRA TRILOKEKAR, Pathare Prabhu Hindu Inhabitant, a widow, residing at Khar at the time of her death, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

MADHUKAR RAMCHANDRA TRILOKEKAR, of Khar, Pathare Prabhu Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Linking Road, Khar, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 2nd day of December in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight and in the second year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,

The 2nd day of December, 1938.
Messrs. CAMA & JAYAKAR,
Petitioners' Attorneys. 10044.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LAND AT NEW PARBHADEVI ROAD, LOWER MAHIM.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne & Co., Attorneys for the Administrator General of Bombay and the Administrator of the Estate of Saifabai, daughter of Mohomedaly Abdulali and wife of Adamji Heptulla, MESSRS. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 13th January, 1939, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the following.

Piece of Vacant Land Pension tax (now redeemed) situate at New Parbhadevi Road, lower Mahim admeasuring about 2,050 sq. yds. bearing Municipal G Ward. Nos. 2903 (2) and 2903 (3) St. Nos. 368A and 368B and bounded on the East by new Parbhadevi Road, on the West by the property of Ladhabhai Lakhamsey, on the North by the property of Ambalal Pranjiwandas, and on the South by the property of Bai Radhabai.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. PAYNE & CO., Solicitors, Esplanade Road, or to the Undersigned.

BENNETT & C.

Auction Sales

WEEKLY SALE

On Wednesday, the 7th December, 1938, at 3 P. M. at the rooms of the undersigned, 123, Medows Street; By order of the Bank concerned 25 Cases Sweetened condensed milk (Made in Poland).

By order of the concerned:—100 Tins Hydrosulphon Blue, 80 Hydraulic press rings, Watchman's watches, 44 Tins travellers rings, 5 doz. Cap bar nebs.

Household furniture:—modern styled dressing, writing and dining tables, chest of drawers, Chesterfield suite, old prints, etchings on silk, 1 six lights Electric Chandelier, etc.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,

A NEW STAR
will find her way straight into your hearts in the sweetest romance yet filmed!
RENUKA DEVI
IN
BOMBAY TALKIES' SOCIAL SUPER-JEWEL SENSATION
BHABI
with
P. JAIRAJ
MEERA, MAYA DEVI.
December 10, 1938.
ROXY

SEVENTH GLORIOUS WEEK!!!!
NEW THEATRES' SOCIAL EPIC:
ADHIKAR
LADIES' SHOW on TUESDAY: 6TH, AT 1-30 P.M.
THE ROXY

NOTICE
BEWARE
The Earthquake in Quetta pulled down each and every house of that city.
It is reported that a MIRTHQUAKE is to take place at——
KRISHNA TALKIES
(DUBASH THEATRE)
FROM:
Saturday, the 10th December, 1938.
Be careful about laughing when you go to witness it. Otherwise it will split your sides.
s/d LALBUZAKKAD
By order of NATIONAL CINEGRAPH, 57, Ghodbunder Road, BORIVLI.

The Greater Marcus Show
FOR GREATER BEAUTY
AT
THE EXCELSIOR
TWO SHOWS DAILY
AT 6-30 & 10 P. M.
THE CLASS REVUE
MARCUS FOLLIES OF 1938
MARCUS FOLLIES OF 1938
(By arrangement with WESTERN INDIA THEATRES, LTD.)
FREE LIST ENTIRELY SUSPENDED!
BOOK in ADVANCE!

WELLINGTON
DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
DELIGHTFUL.....LOVELY.....
ADORABLE:
DEANNA DURBIN
in a gloriously Gay and captivating Story of YOUTH and SONG!
"MAD ABOUT MUSIC"
She sings and Laughs Her way into and out of a score of hilarious difficulties!
Daily: 3-30 p.m. Matinee Show
Rates—3 annas —4 annas —9 annas —Re. 1-2
Plans Open!——!'Phone 22666

DRAMATISING.....
A MILLION HOMES.....
My Son
PRABHAT'S
PRESENT-DAY PROBLEM PICTURE
Starring:
SHANTA HUBLIKAR, ULHAS, MAMA BHAT, VASANT THENGDI
DAILY: 5, 8 & 10-45 P.M.
CENTRAL

SECOND WEEK of GLORY!!
They are ABLAZE with
New MUSICAL Brilliance in
NEW THEATRES MAMMOTH MUSICAL:
THE STREET SINGER
STARRING—INIMITABLE SINGING STARS:
SAIGAL & KANAN
with JAGDEESH & KAPUR
Direction: P. MAZUMDAR and Music: BORAL
THE MINERVA
DAILY: 5-15, 6 & 10-30 P.M.

THE BROADWAY
KINGSWAY:——:DADAR
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.
WARNER BAXTER
WALLACE BEERY
IN
"SLAVE SHIP"

SEE BOMBAY FROM A NEW ANGLE IN
INDUSTRIAL INDIA
IN 3RD WEEK FROM TO-DAY
GENERAL FILMS' GREAT NEW DRAMA OF
MODERN INDIAN ASPIRATIONS
Starring:
SHOBHANA SAMARTH
— COMEDY — ROMANCE — SPECTACLE—
— THRILLS — MUSIC—
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily. 5-15, 8, 10.45 p.m.
Matinee To-day & To-morrow, 2-15 p. m.

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Hindus Rally In Second Knock In Final

(Continued from Page 12).

Amir took 3 runs off the Jamnagar left-hander.

AMIR BOWLED 96.

AT THIS TOTAL THE HINDU CAPTAIN PUT ON HIS BROTHER IN HIS PLACE FROM THE CLUB HOUSE END. THIS CHANGE BORE IMMEDIATE FRUIT AS, WITH HIS FIRST BALL, 'C. S.' CLEAN-BOWLED AMIR ELAHI, WHEN THE PUNJAB BATSMAN WAS 4 RUNS BEHIND HIS 100, FOR WHICH HE OCCUPIED THE CREASE FOR 102 MINUTES, HIS PRINCIPAL STROKES BEING 9 FOURS AND 1 SIXER. AMIR-SAEED PARTNERSHIP YIELDED 156 RUNS TO THE MUSLIM TOTAL AND MADE THEIR POSITION EXTREMELY SAFE AS FAR AS VICTORY WAS CONCERNED.

HEROIC INNINGS

AMIR ELAHI, CERTAINLY, DESERVES A WORD OF PRAISE FOR HIS HEROIC INNINGS: THOUGH HE DID GIVE CHANCES WHICH WAS NO FAULT OF HIS, IF THE HINDU FIELDSMEN FAILED TO HOLD CATCHES OFFERED BY HIM. AMIR SLASHED THE HINDU BOWLERS ON SUNDAY MORNING, (322—7—96).

Mubarak Ali joined Saeed and lifted 'C. S.' on to the Club House screen, where Prithvi Raj held him safely, the eighth wicket falling at the same total, (322—8—0).

SAEED DISMISSED

Shahabuddin now partnered Saeed. Mankad made way for C. K. Nayudu to bowl from the North end. The Hindu captain succeeded in dismissing Saeed, who was out leg before wicket after he had played confident and correct cricket for his 78, scored in 136 minutes and had hit 4 fours and 1 five.

Saeed must, certainly, be given the honour of being the hero of the match, his performances with the ball and the bat being equally brilliant. He took 4 wickets for 12 runs, and carried his bat for a correct innings of 78. (337—9—78).

TAIL REFUSES TO WAG

Nissar and Shahabuddin formed the last wicket partnership. The Muslim innings came to a close when Nissar was caught by 'C. K.' off his brother for a duck the grand total being 340. Shahabuddin remained not out with 10. Chury, prior to this, failed to hold 2 catches offered to him one after the other.

The Muslim innings lasted for exactly 300 minutes.

BOWLING HONOURS

The bowling honours must be given to C. S. Nayudu, who captured 7 wickets for 109 runs, while his brother dismissed the remaining 3 batsmen at a cost of 87 runs.

Hindus' Second Knock

271 runs in arrears, the Hindus opened their second innings 18 minutes past mid-day, with Hindlekar and Bannerjee. Nissar and Saeed were in charge of the Muslim attack. The former allowed 4 runs to Hindlekar in his first over, while Bannerjee took 3 on the leg-side off Saeed. The 1st decade went up after 8 minutes, when Bannerjee stole a single, off Nissar. In his second over Saeed sent Bannerjee back, uprooting his middle-stump, when the total was 14, out of which the outgoing man contributed 8, (14—1—3).

Vinoo Mankad came in at the first fall, and took 3 runs on the cut, off Saeed. Facing Nissar the Jamnagar player pulled him for a four.

At 29, the Muslim skipper made the first change in the bowling, switching on Shahabuddin in place of Nissar. Mankad got his 10 with a stroke for 2 off Shahabuddin and then played his next ball to the fine-leg boundary. Saeed was taken off from the pavilion end in favour of Amir Elahi. Nissar was put on to bowl again from his original end.

LUNCH SCORE

At lunch, Mankad and Hindlekar were together with 16 and 14 respectively out of a total of 38 for 1 wicket.

HINDLEKAR INJURED.

Lunch taken Hindlekar faced Nissar and was struck on the face, off one of the Muslim fast bowler's bumpers and had to retire to the Club House for medical aid. The Hindu wicket-keeper being unfit to continue immediately, C. K. Nayudu entered on his innings, after consulting Wazir Ali and the Umpire. The Hindu captain opened his account with a stroke to deep square-leg, off Nissar. Saeed operated from the pavilion end. Facing Nissar, C. K. square-cut him for a pretty boundary stroke and then a single brought Mankad opposite the bowler. With 1 run from the Jamnagar player's bat, off Nissar, 50 of the innings was signalled after it had lasted for 57 minutes. A single, off the Muslim speed merchant, gave Mankad his 20. With a four off Saeed, C. K. Nayudu also got his 20.

At 68, Nissar was taken off in favour of Mubarak. Mankad reached his individual 30 with a leg-glance for a four off Mubarak, but 2 runs later he fell a victim to his Jamnagar colleague, being caught by Amir Elahi, at short-leg. Mankad batted for 73 minutes for his 32, which included 4 fours, (79-2-32). In partnership with his Captain, Mankad had added 65 runs to the Hindu total for the second wicket.

L. P. Jai filled the vacancy. Amir Elahi relieved Saeed from the Club House end. 'C. K.' reached his 30, when he steered Mubarak through the slips for a four.

Nissar returned to attack at 8%, replacing Mubarak from the North End. Jai hit Amir to the square-leg boundary.

100 UP.

100 of the innings was telegraphed, when Major Nayudu punctured through the slips for a four, off Nissar. The Hindus had now batted for 110 minutes. 'C. K.' got his 40 with a single off Amir Elahi. 2 successive fours off Nissar took Jai past his 20. 120 was sent up by C. K. Navudu, when he hit Amir Elahi to the square-leg boundary.

Mubarak was given another 'try' with the ball at 123, Nissar being rested from the Marine Drive end. The Muslim Captain made a double change in attack, at this stage, bringing on Shahabuddin in place of Amir Elahi from the opposite side.

'C. K.' 50.

The Hindu Captain earned his individual 50 in a stay of 96 minutes, and reached the boundary 6 times. 'C. K.' was playing a steady and confident innings, delightful late-cutting being a feature of his batting.

At 134, Amir Elahi took over the Club House end from Shahabuddin. Evidently, one by one, the Muslims fieldsmen were probably feeling tired and now there were two substitutes on the field. Saeed went out and was substituted by Surdi and Mubarak by Laljee. The latter, however, came back early but Saeed was still missing.

Shahabuddin was given the bowling in place of Mubarak. With a late-cut for 2 off Amir and 1 run for an overthrow by Ibrahim, Major Nayudu got past his 60. Nissar, after being rested for 20 minutes, was put on to bowl again in place of Shahabuddin from the North end. 'C. K.' sent up 150 with a boundary stroke off the Muslims' fast bowler. This had taken the batting side 165 minutes. Jai reached his 30 by pulling Amir for a four.

158 FOR 2

At tea, the Hindus had scored 158 for the loss of 2 wickets, Nayudu and Jai being not out with 66 and 37, respectively.

Apparently Saeed was O. K. after the break for tea and bowled a maiden over to Jai. Nissar was given charge of the bowling from the North-end. Nissar, in his first over after tea, met with success when he had the Hindu skipper out leg before wicket, before the batsman could add anything to his pre-tea total, the third wicket falling at 158, having added 79 runs. 'C K.' batted for 132 minutes for his 66, which included 8 fours. (158-3-66). C. S. Nayudu partnered Jai.

The crowd now numbered about 30,000

At 163 Nazir was given the first 'try' with the ball, in the match. Nissar was taken off from the Marine Drive end. The Muslim Captain tried his brother with only one over, after which Shahabuddin took over his end. Jai got his 40 with 2 runs off the Lahore bowler.

Amir Elahi relieved Saeed from the Pavilion end.

JAI RUN OUT.

In attempting to take a risky single, Jai was declared run out. Nimbalkar, was running as a substitute for Jai. Jai contributed a valuable 43 to his side's total and was at the wicket for 123 minutes during which he hit 5 fours, (176-4-43).

Prithviraj and C. S Nayudu now got associated. Nissar was given the ball again from Shahabuddin. Wazir was making quick changes in the bowling and taking off Nissar after one over brought Mubarak to bowl in his place. 190 appeared on the score-boards when 'C.S.' took 3 runs off Amir. Saeed was given the last over of the day.

C. S. Nayudu and Prithviraj were together with 17 and 6 respectively, out of a total of 191 for the loss of 4 wickets, when the stumps were drawn on Sunday evening.

MUSLIM (1st Innings)

Mushtaq Ali, c Vinoo Mankad b C. S. Nayudu	65
S. M. Kadri, c Vinoo Mankad b C. S. Nayudu	27
K. C. Ibrahim l.b.w. C. S. Nayudu	7
Wazir Ali, b C. K. Nayudu	39
Nazir Ali, c Prithvi Raj, b C. K. Nayudu	9
Abbas Khan, c Nimbaikar, b C. S. Nayudu	1
Saeed Ahmed, l.b.w. b 'C.K.'	78
Amir Elahi, b. C. S. Naidu	96
Mubarak Ali, c. P. Raj, b C.S.'	0
Shahabuddin, Not out	10
Nissar, c. 'C. K.', b. "C. S."	0
Extras	17
Total	340

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Bannerjee	10	1	31	0
Amarsing	17	6	44	0
Mankad	20	1	46	0
C. S. Nayudu	32.5	7	109	7
C. K. Nayudu	25	3	87	2
Nimbalkar	3	1	6	0

FALL OF WICKETS

1 for 48; 2 for 58; 3 for 119; 4 for 129; 5 for 132; 6 for 166; 7 for 322; 8 for 322; 9 for 337 and 10 for 340.

HINDUS (2ND INNINGS.)

D. D. Hindlekar (hurt)	14
S. Bannerjee, b Saeed	8
Vinoo Mankad, c Amir Elahi, b Mubarak	32
C. K. Nayudu, l.-b.-w., Nissar	66
L. P. Jai, run out	43
C. S. Nayudu, batting	17
Prithviraj, batting	6
Extras	5
Total (for 4 wickets)	191

BAD FIELDING HELPS MUSLIMS TO A BIG LEAD

(Continued from Page 12).

praiseworthy fashion for 123 minutes to collect a modest 43. It was very much unlike a forceful bat like Jai. But he rose to the occasion in the footsteps of his skipper. If both these batsmen were not dismissed at this juncture and in the manner above-mentioned, the Hindus would have been heading for a close fight with their rivals. However their position is much brighter than it was yesterday. They need 80 runs only to level up matters with six wickets in hand. Will they succeed in going sufficiently beyond to give the Muslims an exciting battle to-day?

DRY PLANTAINS AND CANNED FRUIT

Products Of New Bombay Company

It is now widely recognized in India that horticultural produce has great possibilities in this country, if its utilizations and sales are developed on proper lines. In fact such kind of development will be a boon to agriculture in India which is terribly suffering from "too many mouths to feed." Fruit canning and fruit-preservation processes will immensely accelerate the selling possibilities of horticultural produce and will create a living stream of capital.

According to the latest Government figures canned and bottled fruit preserves were imported in the Bombay Harbour alone, to the tune of 10,966 Cwts. worth Rs. 2,28,463. Thousands of preserved fruit cases are yearly shipped in the Bombay Port and this tendency is on the increase every day. This is sufficient to give an idea about the growing demand for fruit preserves in India itself.

The promoters of the Bombay Canning and Fruit Products Company have taken into consideration all these possibilities and made arrangements to supply the possible demand. Having secured the key-position of this promising industry the promoters have made arrangements to secure at an earliest possible opportunity the requirements of up-to-date modern machinery and equipment. Experienced scientists will be working in the laboratory of the factory and experienced Medical advisers will be found on the advisory-board of the company.

Canning chiefly best Alphonso Mangoes in the form of Slices, Pulp and Juice, Bottling of best Mosumbi Juice and producing dry bananas will be the first step og the company. Jambul, Figs, Guavas, Pomegranates, Apricots, etc., will follow suit as per growing demand.

Dry plantains, made so chemically and scientifically, as distinguished from 'natural' methods which are in vogue at Bassein and Agashi are already on the market and they are fine, tasteful products, made from 'Rajali' and 'Velchi' varieties.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay—I Programme

VUB 244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

a.m.

8-0 records. 8-30 Selected by S. V. Palekar. 10-30 Cricket. Commentary by Talyarkhan.

p.m.

1-0 Market Rates, Announcements. 1-5 Music. 3-30 Indian history. 3-50 Musical Interval. 3-55 Essay Chiplunkar and Agarkar. By Prof N. S. Phadke. 4-15 An Aside: For teachers. 4-30 Cricket. Commentary by Talyarkhan. 6-0 Setting to music. 6-5 Hanshankani by the Trio. 6-10 Tarajan Terdal. 6-30 For Bhumijan. 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 Following Footprints. 8-0 I would if I could. (Marathi). By Rani Lakshmibai. Rajwade. 8-15 Ardeshir F. Mistry. 'Venk Venk'. Raja Bharathri of Bombay Gujarati Akhyan in verse. 8-30 Bombay Radio Orchestra. 8-35 Tarajan Terdal. 8-0 News. (Hindustani). 9-15 Themes and treatment 1 9-30 News. 9-50 Poison Gas. Talk by Commandant Todd. 10-5 Sebastian Vaz and his Orchestra. 10-35 Czech Philarmnoic Orchestra.

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

8-0 a.m. to 9-0 a.m. and 10-30 to 2-0 p.m. and 3-0 p.m. to 5-30 p.m. As in Bombay I.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

p.m.

6-0 to 6-30 As in Bombay I. 6-30 S. R. Arbi. 6-45 Bhopali on Been by Jeera Khan. 6-55 Tarajan of Terdal. 7-10 Thumris. Bhajans and Bhavgeets. 7-30 to 10-5 As in Bombay I. 10-5 Kumar Gandharv. 10-20 Garba Dhun. 10-30 Tarajan Terdal. 11-0 Epilogue.

Delhi—I Programme

V U D 338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

a.m.

8-0 Mukerji and his orchestra: Temple Dance. 8-10 Mohammad Shafi. 8-30 Gauharbai. 8-50 News (Hindustani) 9-0 News (English). 9-10 Master Nawal. 9-30 Mohammad Shafi. 9-45 Israj solo by Rushan Lal; Bilawal. 9-50 Gauharbai.

noon

12-0 For classical lover.

p.m.

1-0 Tit-Bit-Hits. 2-0 Biology; the struggle for existence, talk by Prof. B. Das. 2-15 Musical interlude. 2-20 Indian history: Kanishka, by Prof. S. Lal. 6-0 News (English). 6-5 News in (Hindustani). 6-10 Master Nawal. 6-30 Chughtai and his orchestra: Jat Kalyan.. 6-40 Gauharbai. 7-0 For villagers only. 8-0 Tarikhi Latife (Hindustani) by Yusuf Bukhari. 8-15 Mohammad Shafi. 8-30 Gauharbai 3-45 Bhajans. 9-15 News (Hindustani). 9-30 News (English) 9-45 Local News, announcements. 9-50 Master Nawal. 10-0 Dreaming as a Safety-valve by S. K. Bose. 10-15 Mohammad Shafi. 11-0 News.

Delhi—II Programme

TRANSMISSION I

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

a.m.

8-0 to 8-10 As in Delhi I. 8-10 Mumtaz and Party. 8-30 to 9-30 As in Delhi I. 9-30 Mysore Palace Indian orchestra.

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

noon.

12-0 noon to 2-35 As in Delhi I.

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

p.m.

6-0 News. 6-10 Mohamad Shafi. 6-30 Your selections 7-0 Master Nawal. 7-15 Gauharbai. 7-30 Instrumental Trios: Des and Tilak Kamod. 7-45 Master Nawal. 8-0 Tarikhi Latife. 8-15 Afzal Husain. 8-30 Indian Music. 9-15 News. 9-45 Local news, announcements. 9-50 VUD Light Orchestra. 10-0 Talk in English. 10-15 VUD Light Orchestra. 11-0 Late news

Delhi—III Programme

19.8 metres 15.160 kc/s)

8-0 a.m. to 9-30 a.m., 9-30 a.m. to 10-0 a.m. and 12-0 noon to 2-35 p.m. As in Delhi I.

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

p.m.

6-0 to 7-0 As in Delhi I.
7-0 to 8-0 As in Delhi II.
8-0 to 11-0 As in Delhi I.

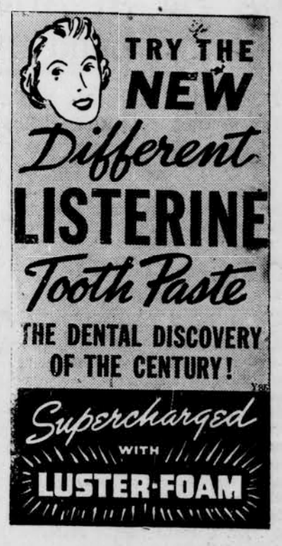
B. B. C. Programme

GSJ (to 9-0 p.m.) 13.93 m. (21.53 Mc/s). GSH 13.97m. (21.47 Mc/s) GSG 16.86 m (17.79 Mc/s) GSO (to 9-30 p.m.) 19.76 m. (15.18 Mc/s) GSF 19.82 m (15.14 Mc/s) GSE 25.29 m. (11.86 Mc/s) GSD (from 9-15 p.m.) 25.53 m. (11.75 Mc/s)

p.m.

7-30 Topical Gazette. 8-0 Wessex Players. 8-30 Snooker: Joe Davis V. A. Brown. 9-5 Brandenburg Concerto. 9-30 News. 9-50 Recital. 10-0 Two Twos.

10-50 to 11-45 p.m. Arabic Programme. GSC 31.32 metres (9.58 Mc/s).



A hacking, racking cough is nature's danger signal. More serious ills may follow. That's the time for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy—the safe, proven remedy that doctors have been recommending for more than 50 years. Chamberlain's clears the air passages, breaks up congestion. Quickly the cold is relieved. Economical. Pleasant tasting.

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1 Cleanse the System
2 Stimulate the Liver
3 Combat Acidity
with Sal Hepatica

A glass of sparkling Sal Hepatica each morning (in warm water if you prefer it) will cleanse the intestinal tract, stimulate the liver and gall bladder, and correct excess acids in the blood.

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Wake up and drink

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the TONIC SPA LAXATIVE that checks BLOOD ACIDITY

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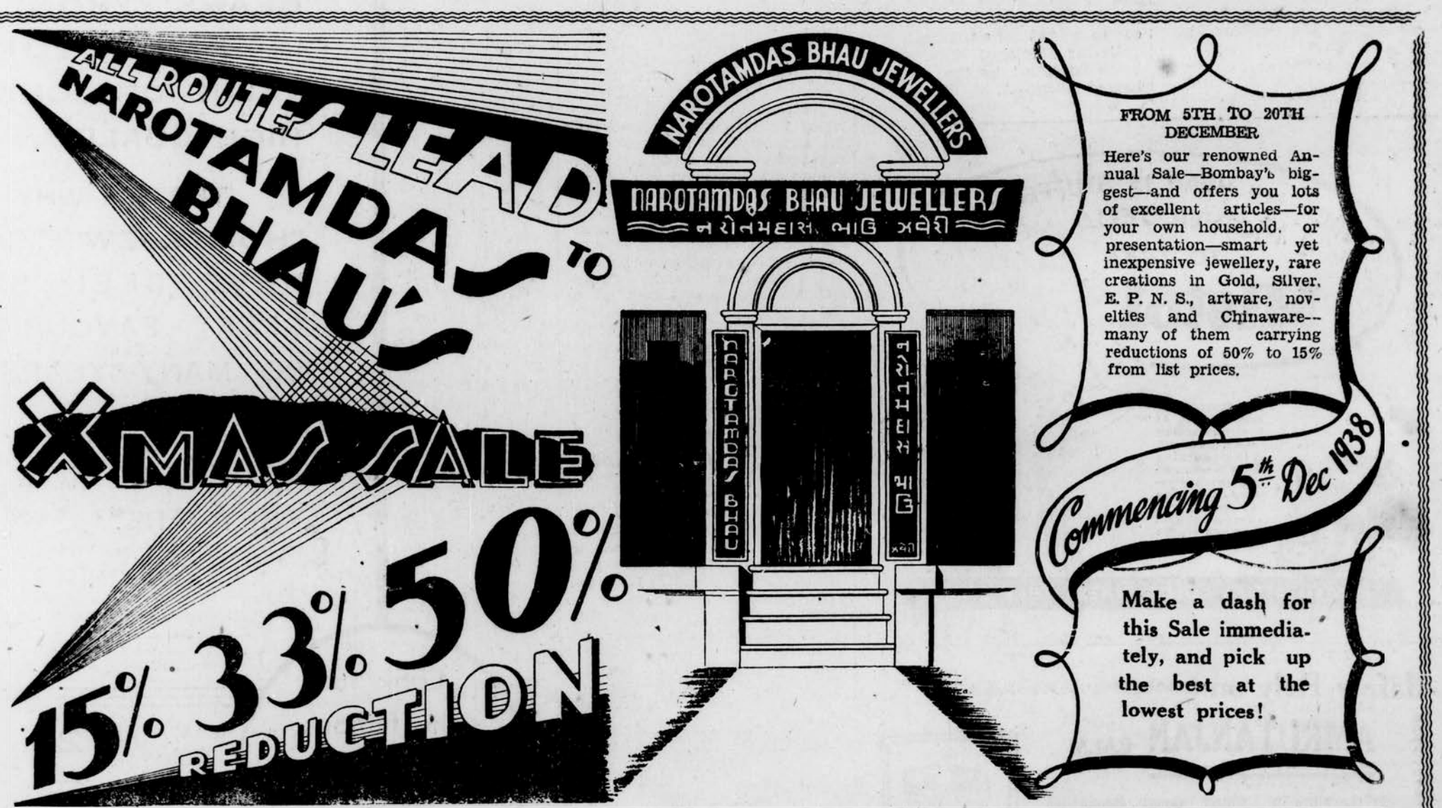
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X'MAS SALE
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NAROTAMDAS BHAU JEWELLERS
NAROTAMDAS BHAU JEWELLERS
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NAROTAMDAS BHAU
FROM 5TH TO 20TH DECEMBER
Here's our renowned Annual Sale—Bombay's biggest—and offers you lots of excellent articles—for your own household, or presentation—smart yet inexpensive jewellery, rare creations in Gold, Silver, E. P. N. S., artware, novelties and Chinaware—many of them carrying reductions of 50% to 15% from list prices.
Commencing 5th Dec 1938
Make a dash for this Sale immediately, and pick up the best at the lowest prices!

Advantage of discount declared during sales durations is only for Fancy Presentation articles stored at our Lamington Road Showroom only.

As a special case 15 p.c. discount will be allowed on the purchases of Jewellery as well as Diamond articles during the Sales period. Prices of Gold and Silver articles saleable on weight will remain strictly nett. Transactions booked during sales period are absolutely final; i.e. Not exchangeable. Neither returned nor on approval.

It is hereby notified that the above conditions will hold good for only fifteen days commencing from 5th to 20th December, the durations of our first Annual Sale. No discount whatsoever will be allowed before or after the above-said period.

The above discount is only for ready-made articles purchased within the period and not on the articles specially made to order, neither on the order placed. All the transactions will be strictly cash.

WRITE FOR SPECIAL SALE CATALOGUE.

A Hit At Arbitrary System Of Land Assessment

Dr. Sumant Mehta's Statement Outlining Enquiry Committee's Activities

(From Our Correspondent)
BARODA, Dec. 3.

Following is the full text of the press statement issued by Dr. Sumant Mehta, Chairman of the Committee appointed by the Baroda State Prajamandal at its last session at Bhadran, to enquire into the incidence of land revenue assessment in the State. The committee consists of Dr. Mehta, Mr. Chhotalal Sutaria, a member of the State Legislative Assembly and Mr. Purushottamdas Patel. It starts the enquiry with the village Bakrol in the Petlad Taluka in the Baroda District on December 4. The statement explains the main object underlying such an enquiry as well as the lines on which they wish to carry out the investigation. Dr. Sumant Mehta states:—

"The Committee appointed by the Prajamandal to enquire into the extent of the pressure of land assessment is meant particularly to help the Prajamandal to determine how much reduction it should ask for from the Government. It is the inherent right of any public worker to make an enquiry of this type. As a member of that Committee I should like to say this that we shall take up the work with an open mind. At the same time I do not mind saying that we have had to go through a lot of literature on the subject. We shall collect and investigate the material under the advice of some very well-known economists. I do not hesitate to say that two of our friends are economists with an all-India reputation.

ARBITRARY SYSTEM OF ASSESSMENT

"Our Government knows very well that the system of assessing the land tax is not scientific, but is empirical and arbitrary. The first duty of every State is to keep the khedut (peasant) alive. To-day he is being impoverished and crushed out by causes which are not entirely local. The world economic and the world depression has given a death-blow to our agricultural economy. All the same the fact remains that the khedut is on his last legs.

"With regard to the measures devised by the States in India to relieve the burden of agriculturists in times of difficulties, such as exemptions and suspensions, it is very well-known that the rules for granting such relief are framed and executed by the revenue officers. Against their autocratic ruling there is no appeal. The tax is collected by force and the punishments meted out to those who cannot pay are very severe. There is no appeal to any independent authority.

ILLUSORY AMENITIES

"With regard to the special amenities said to be enjoyed by the Baroda people in return for heavier taxation than in Gujarat it is my impression that they are not solid but illusory. But I will not enter into such details at this stage.

"Our committee will compare the conditions in adjoining territories of Baroda State and Gujarat. We shall look into papers, and will also take evidence and I hope we shall place before the Prajamandal and the public some useful material which may enable them to make demands for regulation of the land tax."

A crowded public meeting held to-day evening under the auspices of the City Praja Mandal under the presidentship of Mr. M. S. Patel gave a hearty send-off to the Land Revenue Assessment Enquiry Committee appointed by the State Praja Mandal under the chairmanship of Dr. Sumant Mehta with Messrs. Chhotabhai Sutaria and Purushottam Patel as members. The Committee starts for Petlad to-morrow noon to begin investigation from village Bakrol. Messrs. Shriprasad Thakar, Nanubhai Patel, Chunilal Shah and Pranlal Munshi spoke.

SON SAVES FATHER FROM MALARIA

"A severe malaria attack left me completely exhausted", writes Mr. K. V. Iyer from Madras.

"Food nauseated me. My family despaired of my recovery. Though the nearest doctor lived 15 miles away my son went to him for advice. He returned next night with a large bottle of Horlicks. within 3 days I felt stronger. I gained weight, my appetite returned. Thanks to my son and Horlicks I am to-day a man full of vitality and energy."

Mr. K. V. Iyer,
Madras.

Buy Horlicks today—available everywhere.

THREE INDIANS INJURED

MANDALAY, (By Mail).

Three Indians, one of whom later died in the hospital, were injured when stones were thrown by some drunken Zerbadis on a large procession of Hpongyis and others, which had been organised as a protest against the application of Sec. 7 of Act XXIII of 1932 and Sec. 144 of Criminal Procedure Code, according to a news bulletin issued by the District Superintendent of Police, Mandalay.

One of the victims is an Indian Christian by name Joe Sullivan died at night in the hospital. The injuries of the other two are stated to be not very serious.

All the Municipal bazaars are being boycotted by the Burman bazaar sellers.—A. P.

WHEN MY HEAD IS STUFFED-UP, MOTHER TELLS ME TO TAKE

Mistol

It is dangerous to neglect a cold. At the first warning sneeze, use Mistol. A few soothing drops in each nostril quickly relieve congestion and open clogged nasal passages. Soon you breathe easily again.

MISTOL STOPS COLDS WHERE THEY START

Safely Rely on

AMRUTANJAN BALM

For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism, Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains.

AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS
BOMBAY AND MADRAS

Purge For Frontier Congressmen

Move For Rapprochement Of Legislative Party And Cabinet

PESHAWAR, Dec. 3.

"The conclusion of a momentous meeting of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee, this afternoon, marked the disappearance of clouds which hovered round the Congress organisation in the Frontier", according to a prominent member of the Provincial Congress Committee, who arrived here, this evening, from Kohat, after attending the meeting.

The meeting thrashed out various problems which confronted the Province, and which threatened seriously to undermine the Congress prestige in the Frontier. Ministerial affairs occupied full eight hours, whereafter the meeting appointed a Committee consisting of Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Khan Ali Gul Khan, General Secretary, Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Mohd. Jan Khan, Sardar Ramsingh and Pir Shahanshah, to go into the question of differences between the Congress Legislative Party and the Cabinet, and advise both on matters of common interest. The Committee was also authorised to inquire into the conduct of those Congressmen who were acting against Congress principles and to recommend disciplinary action against them. A Congress M.L.A. who resigned the membership of the Congress Parliamentary Party, during the last session of the Assembly, has been expelled from the Congress organisation for a period of five years, and called upon him to resign his seat from the Assembly.

TENANCY BILL

Ghalladher agitation occupied a couple of hours. The Committee resolved that a Tenancy Bill be brought forward at the next budget session of the Assembly, to settle once for all the disputes between the tenants and landlords.

The Committee sought the Cabinet's intercession into the Khanpur and Ghalladher agrarian agitation.—A. P

"HYDERABAD DAY ON DEC. 6"

Appeal To Public To Make It Success

The General Secretary of the All-India States Peoples Conference has issued the following statement to the Press:—

Sjt. Shankerrao Deo, Member of the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress has issued an appeal to the Indian Public particularly to the people of the Indian India to observe 6th December as the Hyderabad Day to protest against the Ordinance Raj, prevalent in Hyderabad.

In his appeal Sjt. Deo rightly says that Hyderabad and other States' People are waging a battle which is part and parcel of freedom's struggle that the Congress is carrying on. The Indian National Congress has commenced taking increasing interest in the problems of the State. It is a welcome sign that six Congress Committees of Maharashtra have joined in the appeal to observe the Hyderabad Ordinance Day and asked the Congress organisation to give full support to the people of Hyderabad in their valiant struggle. We know Hyderabad is slowing but steadily marching ahead and we fully endorse this appeal for support to Hyderabad. Wherever possible, Prajamandals in various Indian States and other State organisations must join in the observance of the day by holding meetings and praying for Hyderabad's success.

ARRESTS IN HYDERABAD

(From Our Correspondent).

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Dec. 3.

A batch of four Satyagrahis on behalf of Aryan Defence League were arrested this noon near Hashmath Gunj, Sulthan Bazars.

The arrested persons are: Gopalrao Karade, Baburao Galande, Baburao Khotale and Malleshwerrao.

They assembled in a certain place and read out a statement, and were taken into custody, while they were completing it.

STUDENTS DETAINED BY POLICE

About four students were detained by Bidshop police on a charge of attempting to induce students of Chaderghat High School to join the strike.

The police got hold of two young students reading in secondary school and were recording a statement from them.

Picketing is going on in various places before school buildings.

Resources Of Kanara Forests To Be Exploited

Move For Paper Factory And Exporting Out Manganese Ore

KARWAR, Dec. 2.

Coinciding with the spirit of industrial regeneration, which has taken place in several parts of India, the forests of Kanara also are attracting the attention of several industrial captains from all over India. Kanara forests are regarded as a national asset but no industrial ventures have yet been floated to exploit the valuable forest products, except timber and fuel.

But latterly detailed enquiries are being made by influential firms from Calcutta, Bombay and several other centres, with a view to starting paper pulp industry out of the bamboos from the Kanara forests.

BAMBOO STOCKS

The total area in Kanara covered with bamboos is 89,000 acres and this lies mainly on the slopes of Gangawali and Kalinadi rivers. The existing stocks would give a regular annual supply of 15,000 tons of bamboos for fifty years. The bamboos flower once in 60 years and the last flowering took place in 1916-17.

SUITABLE SITES

Three sites are under contemplation for the proposed factory in Karwar and Kadra ranges of the Western division of Kanara. The first at Balemane, the second at Kadra and the third at Kadwad. But since the bamboos could be floated by the river from the jungles at a very cheap cost, the site at Kadwad is more preferred. Kadwad is only five miles from Karwar and is easily accessible to the sea.

A factory to manufacture 5,000 tons of paper per year with a supply of 30 to 40 thousand tons of bamboos, is under contemplation. The initial outlay for this venture is estimated at about Rs. 20 lakhs, including buildings, machinery etc.

Besides paper, specimens are taken to Dehra Dun and Germany of bamboos and grasses from the Kanara forests for the manufacture of rayon and artificial silk.

MANGANESE ORE

A Madras firm has taken on lease 600 acres of land in and around Kalche, a village 38 miles from Karwar for the purpose of prospecting of manganese ore.

The ore will be brought by motor to Kadra, a distance of about twelve miles, and from there it will be shipped by country crafts to the Marmagoa harbour.—A. P.

Swami Sahajanand Saraswati, President of the All-India Kisan Sabha has decided to tour round the villages Gujarat and Maharashtra from 16th to 29th December. Swamiji will also pay a short visit to Bombay with this period.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

THIS IS TO ANNOUNCE that the Agency for the sale of the products of the GOVERNMENT SOAP FACTORY, BANGALORE, that had been entrusted to Messrs RAMAJANALLY EBRAHIM & CO., 59, Bazaar Gate Street, Bombay 1, came to a termination with effect from 6th August, 1938.

The Sales Officer, Mysore Government Industries, Prospect Chambers, Hornby Road, Bombay, is now in charge of our sales in the Bombay Presidency (excluding the Karnatac Districts of Belgaum, Dharwar and North Canara) and Rajaputana. All enquiries may kindly be addressed to that officer in future.

M. S. KRISHNA RAO,
SUPERINTENDENT.

BANGALORE:
25-11-1938.

Lova Pastilles

FOR

COUGH, COLDS and all INFECTIONS of THROAT. INVALUABLE for SINGERS, SMOKERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS.

14 As. for a Tin.

Agents:— MALGHAM BROS., Bombay.

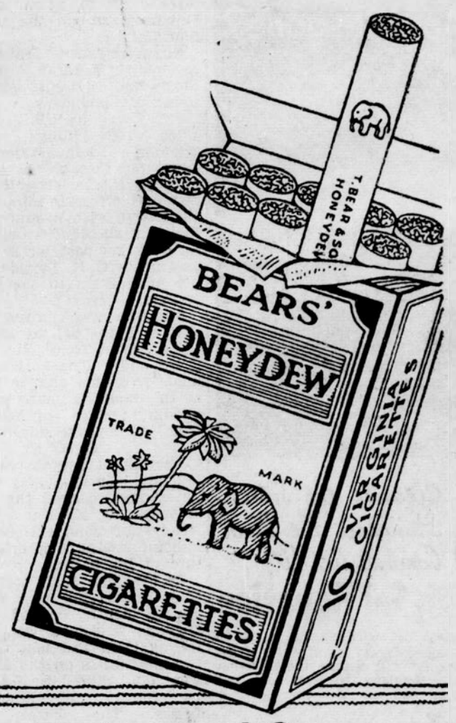
Bears'

HONEYDEW

THE REASON FOR THE POPULARITY OF BEARS' "HONEYDEW" IS REAL TOBACCO VALUE OF CONSISTENT HIGH QUALITY.

THAT IS WHY BEARS' "HONEYDEW" CIGARETTES HAVE BEEN SUCH A GREAT FAVOURITE FOR SO MANY YEARS.

JUST TRY A PACKET AND SEE HOW GOOD THEY ARE.



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2½ annas for 10
12 annas for 50

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The FINEST Theatre in Bombay
Daily:3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m. 'Ph. 41561

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FIRST RELEASE IN BOMBAY
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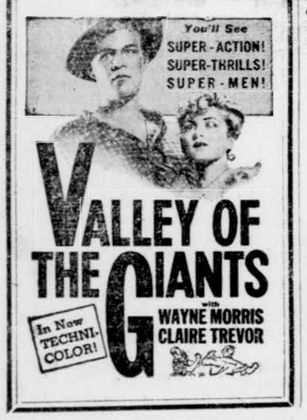
LAST DAYS!

2½ CROWDED HOURS OF ENTERTAINMENT!
NORMA SHEARER
brilliantly returns to the screen . . . as the glamorous girl-queen
TYRONE POWER
as the man she loved but could not have
Beyond belief! Sights to see, M-G-M's HIT!
MARIE ANTOINETTE
with
JOHN BARRYMORE · ROBERT MORLEY
ANITA LOUISE · JOSEPH SCHILDKRAUT
Directed by W. S. Van Dyke II
Produced by Hunt Stromberg

REGAL Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.



INDIA'S GREATEST SOUL-STIRRING DRAMA
of 2 Innocent
LOVING SOULS
Torn Between
LOVE and WEALTH

Awaits for You
FROM NEXT
SATURDAY
In the "Royal" Jewel No. 6.

A 'Krishin' Social
Directed by
RAM DARYANI
REMEMBER
There are 9 STARS
IN ONE PICTURE

Zamana
Zamana

Featuring:
★ PADMA DEVI and
★ NAZIR
*HAMSA WADKER, *GULAB
*AMIR KARNATKI, *AMEENA
*DAR, *GOPE, *VASANT.

Coming
NEXT SAT.
AT THE
IMPERIAL

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Magsar Sud 13, 1995
Muslim: Saval 12, 1367
Parsi: Khordad 30, 1308
Hightide: 9-32; 22-56
Lowtide: 3-58; 16-04
Sunrise: 6h 58m
Sunset: 6h 0m

Pentangular Cricket Tournament, Brabourne Stadium, 10-30 a.m.
Municipal Standing Committee, special meeting 2-40 p.m.
Municipal Corporation 3-40 p.m.

Tuesday, December 6.

Improvements Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Wednesday December 7.

Textile Wages Enquiry Committee. Public Examination of Witnesses, 11 a.m. at Town Hall.

POSTAL NOTICE

The ULT Code Addresses are now admissible for Hankow.

THREE ARTS SILVER FOAM CRUISE

3 arts will hold a Silver Foam Cruise on Saturday (10th December) at 8 p.m., from the Gateway of India. For reservations 'phone 40891, Mr. Makani, 77 Nizam Street, 3.

3 arts will meet at the Excelsior Theatre on Sunday (11th December) at 3 p.m. For reservations apply to the above address.

W. I. A. A. BADGE LOST: REWARD OFFERED.

W.I.A.A. Badge W.3497 was lost from the owner's car on November 22nd on the Bombay-Poona road between 7 and 11 a.m. The owner offers a reward of Rs. 5 to any person returning it to either Bombay or Poona office of the W.I.A.A. Association.

DONATION TO MARWARI SAMMELAN

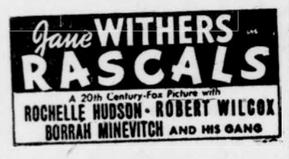
The Secretary, Marwari Sammelan, Bombay writes:—

Mr. Madhavprashad Sharma, solicitor, Seth Surajmal Nemani, and Babu Radhakishan Khemka the Trustees of Gigraj Jagannath Khemka Trust have donated Rs. 5,000 to the Marwari Sammelan towards the construction of Seetram Poddar Balika Vidyalaya for which they deserve hearty thanks of the Sammelan.

50-MILE CYCLE RACE

For the Bombay Presidency Cycling Championships, the 50-mile cycle race will be held on Sunday (11th instant). The start will be from Marine Drive (Opp. the Parsee Gymkhana) at 7 a.m., (S. T.) The route is as under:—12 laps of: Marine Drive, Churchgate Street extension, Queen's Road, New Queen's Road, and Sandhurst Bridge. The finishing will be thus: Marine Drive, (Opp. the Parsee Gymkhana).

CAPITOL
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.



OH, WHAT A LAUGH!

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

BROADWAY—"Slave Ship". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Rascals". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"My Son". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Marcus Show". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Flash Gordon's Trip to Mars". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EROS—"The Mad Miss Manton". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Postman". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Poornima". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
METRO—"Marie Antoinette". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Street Singer". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bramhachari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Strange Boarders". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Industrial India". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"Gopal Krishna". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman Against Woman". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Valley of the Giants". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Adhikar". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
SUPER—"Double Cross". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Mad About Music". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

GOVERNOR AT ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley attended the St. Andrew's Day Service at St. Andrew's Church on Sunday.

ROY'S MESSAGE TO KISAN CONFERENCE.

Being unable to attend the session of the Bengal Provincial Kisan Conference to be held on 3rd and 4th December Mr. M. N. Roy has sent a message to the Kisan Conference, in the course of which he states:—"The peasantry constitute the driving force of the revolution which is on the order of the day in our country. Therefore any peasant gathering is of great political significance. I trust that the second Bengal Provincial Kisan Conference will mark a stage in our struggle for freedom by formulating a practical plan of action for mobilising the peasant masses in the struggle for the capture of political power.

LECTURES ON MODERN LITERATURE

Under the auspices of the B. P. Adult Education Association lectures on modern literature are being given by Prof. R. Sadasiva Aiyar on Thursdays at the University, South Wing at 6-30 p.m. He will deal with some aspects of contemporary literature. Henrik Ibsen, as the pioneer of new forces in Modern Drama, illustrated by Peer Gynt and Brand, "What Modern Literature owes to George Bernard Shaw", illustrated by "Back to Methuselah", Eugene O'Neill, as an index of the new spirit, the Modern Literature of Adventure: C. M. Doughty, H. M. Tomlinson, T. E. Lawrence, Stella Benson and others, the New Biography illustrated by Strachey, Maurois and Ludwig, Aldous Huxley as an exponent of present-day tendencies, and lastly, Achievements and Failures. It is intended as an introduction to lay readers and for those, who desire to know the subject. A nominal fee of Re. 1 is fixed. Enrolment can be made at the office, Cama Institute, Apollo Street, Fort.

Proposed Double Taxation Of Petrol In C. P.

The Federal Court's decision on December 2 that the Central Provinces' right to levy a sales tax on petrol is not "ultra vires" of the C. P. Legislature constitutes a menace to India's motorists which must be fought with unceasing vigour (states a communique from the W.I.A.A.).

Of the price of petrol in India 10 annas in many places representing more than half the retail price—is already taxation, and if the provincial legislatures are now to levy a sales tax in addition, the motorist, who is already the most highly taxed individual in the country, will have a further burden cast upon him.

B. P. Thakor For 'Varsity Senate

In the course of an appeal issued by Mr. C. A. Christie and seven others in support of Mr. B. P. Thakor's candidature for the Bombay University Senate, it is stated:—

"Besides, being a very progressive teacher of 35 years' standing, Mr. Thakor has many other qualifications that entitle him to the fullest possible support of all teachers. He has already worked in the Senate for 8 years, representing the Municipalities of Gujarat and the Registered Graduates' Constituency. He was elected as a member of the Academic Council and the Boards of Studies in Teaching, History and Archaeology. He was twice elected President of the Ahmedabad Municipality and has been Chairman of the Ahmedabad School Board for nearly 15 years. In addition to all this, he has been elected to and is now a sitting member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly from the city of Ahmedabad. Mr. Thakor worked on the Vocational Training Committee appointed by Government sometime ago."

EARTHQUAKE REPORT.

An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 4,340 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 17 hrs. 52 mts. (I.S.T.) on Saturday the 3rd December 1938.

All-India Weather

(From Our Correspondent)
POONA, Dec. 4.

The following are the maximum minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station	Temperature Max	Min.	Rainfall Past 24 Hours	Total Since 1st Nov.	Difference to Normal
Agra	74	39	—	—	—0.1
Amraoti	80	55	—	—	—0.5
Akola	83	48	—	—	—0.5
Ahmedabad	91	63	—	—	—0.1
Ajmer	77	40	—	—	—0.2
Ahmednagar	81	50	—	—	—0.7
Ambala	75	39	—	—	—0.3
Allahabad	76	42	—	—	—0.3
Benares	75	44	—	—	—0.3
Bareilly	74	47	—	—	—0.2
BOMBAY	90	72	—	1.1	+0.7
Bangalore	78	61	—	0.1	—3.0
Bhopal	77	42	—	—	—
Baroda	91	51	—	—	—
Belgaum	81	61	—	0.4	—1.3
Bahawalpore	76	44	—	—	—
Bijapur	81	61	—	0.1	—1.1
Bellary	84	64	—	0.1	—2.2
Bhavnagar	89	57	—	—	—0.1
Chittagong	80	56	—	4.4	+2.5
Calcutta	77	51	—	1.8	+0.8
Cuttack	79	53	—	0.1	—1.5
Cawnpore	79	44	—	—	—0.4
Calicut	89	72	—	1.4	—4.2
Colombo	90	75	—	4.0	—9.0
Cheerapunji	63	51	—	3.7	+0.5
Cocanada	80	66	—	10.0	+4.3
Cochin	87	73	—	6.3	—0.6
Dehra Dun	72	42	—	0.1	—0.3
Delhi	75	38	—	—	—0.1
Dehra I. Khan	72	35	—	—	—0.2
Darjeeling	55	40	—	0.1	—0.7
Desa	87	56	—	—	—0.1
Dalhousie	—	—	—	0.1	—1.0
Fort Sandeman	62	32	—	—	—0.3
Gorakhpur	75	49	—	—	—0.2
Hyderabad (Dn.)	84	53	—	—	—1.0
Hyderabad (Sd.)	77	56	—	—	—0.1
Indore	80	49	—	—	—0.4
Jhansi	76	41	—	—	—0.2
Jubbulpore	79	40	—	—	—0.6
Jacobabad	78	40	—	—	—0.1
Jaipur	78	48	—	—	—0.1
Karwar	93	69	—	1.8	—0.1
Karachi	90	60	—	—	—
Kodaikanal	61	46	—	2.8	—0.3
Khandwa	85	44	—	—	—0.5
Lucknow	77	43	—	—	—0.2
Ludhiana	72	37	—	—	—0.1
Lahore	73	42	—	—	—0.1
Lyallpur	74	44	—	—	—0.2
Multan	75	40	—	—	—0.1
Mysore	81	62	—	0.4	—2.3
Madras	85	68	—	0.3	—15.0
Marmagoa	88	72	—	1.0	—
Malegaon	85	50	—	0.1	—0.5
Mussoorie	60	42	—	4.3	+0.2
Mahableshwar	71	55	—	1.3	—0.2
Murree	57	40	—	0.1	—0.7
Mount Abu	72	53	—	—	—0.2
Masulipatam	81	68	—	0.4	—5.6
Mandalay	—	—	—	—	—
Mangalore	91	72	—	2.1	—1.1
Meerut	—	—	—	—	—0.2
Mercara	73	58	—	1.2	—2.0
Nagpur	82	56	—	—	—0.7
Ootacamund	63	40	—	1.0	—5.1
Patna	77	52	—	—	—0.3
Peshawar	65	36	—	0.1	—0.3
Poona	83	50	—	0.1	—0.9
Pachmarhi	72	37	—	0.1	—0.6
Port Blair	84	79	—	13.9	+2.7
Quetta	62	21	—	0.3	—
Ranchi	69	46	—	0.2	—0.2
Rawalpindi	66	32	—	—	—0.3
Rangoon	90	69	—	9.9	+7.1
Ratnagiri	90	71	—	2.9	+2.0
Rajkot	90	63	—	—	—0.2
Sialkot	76	41	—	—	—0.1
Srinagar	50	27	—	—	—0.5
Sholapur	89	53	—	—	—1.1
Shillong	64	38	—	4.1	+2.5
Simla	60	46	—	0.7	+0.1
Surat	92	62	—	—	—0.2
Salem	88	76	—	—	—3.8
Trichinopoly	89	71	—	0.6	—5.3
Trivandrum	87	74	—	3.9	—3.2
Vizagapatam	88	65	—	12.1	+8.2

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

POONA, Dec. 4.

The western disturbance has caused a few light showers in Kashmir. Night temperatures are appreciably below normal in the region from Chota Nagpur to East Central India and West Central Provinces.

Forecast untill evening 5th.—Scattered showers may occur along and near the Western Himalayas and in South Peninsula.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 4-12-1938.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.02.0 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.3 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 64.3 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 89.7 2.3 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 72.2 2.6 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 49 p. c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. E.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 11 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 122 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 15 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10). 0.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 4-12-38.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indan Standard Time) and temperature 78.4 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea water level would actually read 30.18 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.99 inches.

For correction of ships instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

GALA FUNCTION AT ST. XAVIER'S

In Aid Of Anti-Tuberculosis Fund

The Dramatic Club of the Undergraduates at St. Xavier's organised a gala function on Saturday night in aid of the King-Emperor's Tuberculosis Fund over which Sir Roger Lumley presided Lady Lumley was also present

The programme consisted of two major items, the first being some selected scenes from Bernard Shaw's famous play "Joan of Arc" cleverly acted by the students of College under the direction of Fr. H Llorens. Then followed an Indian dance entitled "Spring Festival" which was beautifully executed by Miss Shetty, Bodaji, Dalal and Shroff under the direction of Mr Natraj Vashi.

During the interval the Principal read a brief address of welcome to which H. E. replied, and then paid a tribute to the Principal, the organisers and the evening's fine entertainment.

The Hon. Dr. Gilder, himself an Old Xavierite and one of the chief sponsors of the worthy cause then thanked Their Excellencies for their kind attendance and also those present for their generous contributions to the Fund.

In the second half of the programme the Club presented Sullivan's comic semi-operetta ("Cox and Box") which was also performed with great success. The dramatic entertainment provided by the students before a house crowded almost to capacity, revealed a high order of talent in histrionics and reflected credit on those responsible for their training.

ADULT EDUCATION: TO-DAY'S LECTURES

Prof. d'Andrade and Mr. Marathe will meet their students in "Modern Philosophy" and "Radio Communication" in Wilson College at 6-30 p.m., Dr. Valavalkar and Mr. Desai will meet their students in "Citizenship" and "Photography" in the University, South Wing at 6-30 p.m. The Rev. Fr. Duhr, Professors. Phatak and Vyas will meet their students in "German", "Marathi Literature" and Gujarati Literature in St. Xavier's College, Ruia College and Modern School at 6-30 p.m., 7 p.m., and 6-30 p.m.

ELECTION TO NEW THANA DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD

12 Out Of 15 Seats Captured By Congressmen

(From Our Correspondent).
THANA, Dec. 4.

The meeting hall of the Thana District Local Board was packed to overflowing yesterday with eager Congressmen and other spectators to witness the election of members to the new District-School Board constituted under the newly amended Primary Education Act. The Board consists of 15 members. The Thana Congress Parliamentary Board had put up 12 candidates.

As was anticipated all the Congress candidates were returned and the other three seats were captured by the Independents.

Amongst the successful Congress candidates prominent are: Messrs. V. V. Kirtane, President of the Thana District Congress Committee, Kanji Govind Kerson, M.L.A. of Kalyan, Mrs. Nalinibai Chitnis, Mr. D. M. Damle, Messrs. N. D. Deodhekar, M.L.C. and D. J. Zunzarrao an ex-M.L.C. were amongst those that got in as Independents. Thus the Congress party in Thana District scored a victory so far the School Board is concerned.

KOLABA DISTRICT BOARD ELECTION

Keen Triangular Contest Expected

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALIBAG, Dec. 4.

The Kolaba District Congress Committee has framed rules and conditions for the guidance of those who desire to contest the forthcoming District Local Board Election on the Congress Ticket. It is intended to contest all the 30 seats including the one Muslim seat, one Women's seat, two Backward Classes seats and two Harijan seats.

The Democratic Swaraj Party followers in this District also met at Dongre's House in Bombay this evening and decided to contest as many seats as possible.

The Independent Labour Party will contest the two Harijan and two Backward Classes seats, besides some general seats also which means there will be a keen triangular fight, with fair chances for an Independent Muslim like Mr. Bhaiji, M.L.A.

GOVERNOR'S VISIT TO ALIBAG

Municipal Address Declined

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALIBAG, Dec. 4.

The Alibag Municipality passed a resolution to present a welcome address to Sir Roger Lumley, Governor of Bombay, on December 9 when he pays a visit to this town. A sum of Rs. 101 was also sanctioned but it is now understood that the Governor has declined to receive that address. for want of time.

The Kolaba District Local Board also resolved by a majority vote the presentation of an address and an expense of Rs. 200. The resolution was moved by Mr. Ramrao Naik of Alibag and seconded by Khan Bahadur Inus.

Mr. T. N. Bedekar strongly opposed that move, pleading among other reasons that the office of the Board was not at Alibag but at Pen. Mr. Thosar seconded it and Mr. S. G. Tipnis, a follower of Dr. Ambedkar also supported it.

Dr. Dongre, President of Kolaba Democrats, Mr. G. C. Bhate a veteran Liberal and others supported the proposition, Mr. Dharkar, President of the Board and Mr. Virkar, M.L.C. (Democratic Swarajist) remained neutral.

It is believed that this address also will be declined by His Excellency in view of the circumstances in which it is passed.

The programme includes visits to the Topiwala Industrial and John Elphinstone High Schools. The Maternity Home, the Alibag Fort and the Observatory.

PLEASURE CRUISE

Under the joint auspices of the Kanara Brotherhood and the Karnatak Association, a pleasure cruise has been arranged on Sunday the (11th instant), starting from Gateway of India at 2 p.m. Tickets may be had from the Secretaries at 302/B Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaon Bombay.

Sport and THRILLS

X'MAS MEETING

3rd Day Sat. 10th Dec.
4th DAY SATURDAY 17th Dec.
5th DAY SATURDAY 24th Dec.
6th DAY MONDAY 26th Dec.

ADMISSION RATES

SEASON TICKETS
Gentlemen Rs. 50. Ladies Rs. 25.
1st ENCLOSURE
Gentlemen Rs. 3. Ladies Rs. 2.
2nd ENCLOSURE ... Rs. 1-4
(All prices inclusive of Tax)

Special return bus services each Race day from: Colaba, Dadar, Ballard Estate. Frequent Train Services to and from Mahalaxmi —Booking on the Course.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: MONDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1938

CHOICE FOR THE PRINCES

In an article in "Harijan" on "States and the People" Gandhiji makes a timely reference to two aspects of this question which have not so far been sufficiently empasised in the Press. They are the Paramount Power's relation to the State's people's struggle for responsible government and the Provincial Minister's responsibility in the same struggle. As regards the first point, it may be remembered that in reply to the view of the Travancore Dewan that responsible government could not be granted in a State without the approval of the Paramount Power, the British Government stated in Parliament that, if any Prince in India was prepared to grant responsible government, the Paramount Power would not and could not, stand in the way. Gandhiji now refers to a rumour that the British Government are likely, "at the instance of some Princes or their Dewans, to announce a change in the policy recently enunciated." And he has done well to give a timely warning both to the Princes and the British Government in the following words: "If any of them have asked the British Government to reverse the policy, they have undoubtedly done a disservice to themselves. And if the British Government respond to the unworthy wish, they will precipitate a first class crisis whose magnitude it is difficult to foretell. The people of India are prepared for any crisis as the all-India independence movement was never expected to be an easy affair. But if the British Government wish that India should maintain friendly relations with Britain economically and otherwise, they should not only not oppose any Prince desirous of conceding responsible government but should positively and unequivocally encourage all the Princes to grant such a reform."

What Ministers Can Do

Gandhiji has also done well to bring home to the provincial Ministers their moral responsibility for the welfare of the people in the neighbouring States. He points out that just as a virulent epidemic in a State may, if neglected, spread to the neighbouring province, even so a "moral epidemic" in a State may spread and "the Ministers cannot look on while the people of the States—an arbitrary creation of the Paramount Power—are being ground to dust." It is true that under the Constitution the Ministers cannot in any way intervene in the affairs of the States. But Gandhiji rightly suggests that they "are morally bound to take notice of gross misrule in the States within their borders and to tender advice to the Paramount Power, as to what in their opinion should be done." On the other hand, the Paramount Power, says Gandhiji, "if it is to enjoy friendly relations with the Provincial Ministers, is bound to give sympathetic ear to their advice." Whatever response the Ministers may get for their well-meant advice, they should no longer hesitate to speak out their minds to the Paramount Power, whenever the occasion demands such a course. The influence of Congress Ministers will be greater if they are backed up by the Congress as a body and the whole question may well be considered by the Working Committee at its next meeting.

Warning To Princes

The most important part of Gandhiji's article is his plain warning to the Princes about the inevitable ultimate result of the people's struggle in the States for responsible government. "There is no half-way house," he says, "between total extinction of the States and the Princes making their people responsible for the administration of their States and themselves becoming trustees for the people, taking an earned commission for their labours." If to avert the former fate, the Princes seek the help of the British Government to perpetuate their autocracy, they will find themselves relying on a broken reed, will further exasperate the people and only hasten the final extinction. On the other hand they can serve their own interests as also the interests of the country if they seek the help and guidance of the Congress which, as Gandhiji points out, "bids fair in the future, not very distant, to replace the Paramount Power." After all, even according to the best British philosophy, real Paramountcy or Sovereignty vests in the People. The people allow themselves to be governed by their Trustees. But they have the right to change the Trustees. We yet hope the Princes will make the right choice, befriend the Congress, concede responsible government to the State's people at an early date and thus avert the alternative of "total extinction."

The Franco-Italian Crisis

The Italian bombshell is the most eloquent and convincing condemnation of M. Daladier's internal and international policy. He regarded Munich as a triumph and he claimed to have done the best thing for France by declaring war on workers and the Popular Front which placed him in power. The outbreak of anti-French Italian Irredentism is admitted to be the joint result of precisely these two great achievements of M. Daladier! The moment chosen for the outbreak is Italy's tribute to M. Daladier's internal policy and as to Munich what could be more eloquent than the declaration of the Italian paper, the "Messaggero", apropos of the demand for territorial revision in the Mediterranean, that "the process begun at Munich must continue and that Italo-German collaboration is very far from having exhausted its possibilities." M. Daladier's Munich has come home to France to roost.

Where and how will this Italian campaign end? It has quite naturally provoked widespread, in fact, nation-wide, indignation in France. A definite and ringing 'No' has gone to Italy and the French Press has even matched Signor Gayda's sabre-rattling with a defiant sabre-rattling in reply. Signor Gayda, however, is reported to have suspended his heroics now. They were, of course, not to be taken seriously as an immediate ultimatum. And we still believe that the Fascists started the whole trouble primarily with a view to blackmailing France in connection with Spain. This, indeed, is the impression prevailing in London. But another danger has cropped up in the meantime. The "Messaggero" declares that London recognises Italian "rights" and that "Britain will support Italian Irredentism." Is Mr. Chamberlain going to employ his well-known methods of "appeasement" at the expense of France too? The fear is not unfounded. It is not altogether unlikely for there is a significant hint from Rome that through Mr. Chamberlain's good offices a compromise may be arrived at on the basis of "revision of the statute for Italian residents in Tunis." But a revision designed to give more rights to Italians in Tunis is paving the way to what Italians demand.

I Cover The Town

By D. F. Karaka

Seven-thirty in the morning on Tuesday, I am pulled out of bed to answer a telephone. It is Ahmadu Kabir ringing me from Central Station. He says he is coming right over for breakfast. It is now almost six years since I last saw Kabir. It was at Oxford station and he was taking leave of that home of lost causes and forsaken beliefs, where he had as an undergraduate spent four very pleasant years. I do not remember any other person leaving Oxford, who received such a tremendous send-off. Even the Secretary to the Delegacy of Oriental Students was present at the platform. That was Kabir's popularity. I regard him as quite the most outstanding Indian at Oxford in my time; though slightly senior to me, we had two long years together. He had the misfortune of losing the Presidency of the Union by the narrow margin of four votes. I remember the gloom that came over all of us when the results of the poll were declared. Our only consolation was that we knew that carloads of life-members had come specially to Oxford for the occasion, because they could not possibly tolerate an Indian in the most sacred chair of the Oxford Union. Kabir was not worried. He had already taken a first class in Modern Greats and published some beautiful poems. At the moment Humayun is one of the outstanding young men of Bengal. He is a member of the Legislative Council, a founder member of the Praja party inaugurated by Fazlul Huq. He has recently agitated to remove the tablet that commemorate the Black Hole of Calcutta, because, as Kabir has found out, this Black Hole of Calcutta is a myth—created to shield England's excesses in Bengal at that time. He was in Bombay in connection with the Student's Conference and I was glad of the occasion to meet him.

* * * *

With him, I went to see another Oxford figure—an Indian girl, who came to Oxford a little after me. Her name is Bharati Sarabhai. She is Ambalal's daughter, but that is not her sole claim to recognition! At Oxford she was, I am told on good authority, one of the most striking personalities of her day. She wore Indian clothes—and swadeshi—and so many wondered how this living Ajanta fresco had strolled into that city of dreaming spires and Morris cars. Bharati will one day write, something in the style of "The Root and the Flower" and don't tell me I did not tell you in time. She is one of the few people who have gone to the West for their education and yet retained that something essentially Eastern in her thought, her manner, and even in her dress.

* * * *

Cricket provides occasional sensations, thus providing the Muslims to celebrate anotner Id. Meanwhile Amarnath is at Amritsar busily getting married. I had occasion to see the wedding invitation, and here it is in full—the most comprehensive one of its kind I have yet seen. It is in the form of a folding card on the left hand side it reads: "The marriage is to be celebrated at Amritsar The Bharat will start from Pari Mahal at 10-45. Please bring your luggage with you." Then follows the programme. "Lunch at 1-30; Tea at 4-30. Ghori at 6; dinner at 8. "On the right hand appears the invitation. "The undersigned request the pleasure of—'s company at Pari Mahal on the 6th December. 10 a.m in connection with the marriage of his grandson.

Mr L.. Amarnath.
(All-India Cricketer)
Milki Ram,
Pandit".

R.S.V.P.

Well, well well! Don't forget your luggage, just in case you are invited.

* * * *

The opening of the All-India Radio's new premises got exactly an inch and a half in the "Times of India" Who is handling your publicity, Mr Bokhari?

* * * *

I wonder whether Sir H. P. Mody is pleased or embarrassed at his son's election as President of the Majlis. On the one hand its a good thing to be elected by your sixty fellow-Indian students at Oxford to conduct the affairs of the Indian Majlis. So Sir H. P. will be pleased But the Majlis never drinks the King's toast, at least it never did in my time and what will Government House have to say to that?

* * * *

With Prohibition coming into fashion, parties are now being gi-

(Continued on Page 8, Col. 4).

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

Serious Problems For France

From Our Own Correspondent

PRAGUE, Nov. 25.

For a while interest in Europe has been directed much to the visit this week of the British Premier and Foreign Secretary to France. On the eve of the visit this interest, however, recorded a setback. The apparent reason for this is the announcement at the same time of the new Franco-German declaration, according to which France and Germany state having no territorial aims against each other and record a readiness to settle points of differences by discussions and negotiations. In reality, the interest in the British visit to France receded with estimate of a wide concern in France over the policy of "appeasement" as proclaimed and pushed by Chamberlain, though it had its measure of support from the French Premier Daladier and particularly the French Foreign Secretary Bonnet. The concern came to be intensified by the ratification of the Anglo-Italian Agreement which has extended scope for Mussolini to increase a pressure on France. A keener view is taken in France about the Spanish struggle after the recent developments in regard to Czechoslovakia. The intention attributed to Chamberlain of wanting to extend recognition of belligerent rights to General Franco immediately is expected to meet strong reserve from the French side. To the Franco-German declaration itself no exaggerated significance is given. Germany has moved hurriedly to the enablement of this declaration to strengthen the position of Bonnet and to lend support in ways to a concern felt over British attitude in France. Germany also views that the declaration would be an instrument helpful to sharpen a drive in France against the Left parties. There are references to firmer measures against the press and even to the suppression of the Communist Party. France in the period ahead is likely to stand faced with serious problems. Popular opinion is still active and alert and much will depend upon the turn of developments in Spain. There are estimates of Italy moving to put some hard terms on France. In association with all these one hears serious references to and reflections about a new intensification of political tension touching closely the Western Powers before long.

Czechoslovakia To Consolidate Afresh

The frontiers between Germany and Czechoslovakia have been fixed definitely or finally this week according to an agreement concluded in Berlin. Germany takes up a few more villages, while some previously occupied by Germany are returned to Czechoslovakia, the balance of the transaction falling to the advantage of Germany. A loss of importance, keenly felt by Slovakia is the passing of the Theben area close to the Slovakian capital Bratislava to German hands. An important part of the agreement is the one relating to communications. This is reflective of a new relation between Germany and Czechoslovakia. Two important lines of communication are foreseen, which will bring closer together traffic connections between the two countries. An automobile road is to be constructed to pass right across Moravia in Czechoslovakia that will give the shortest and straightest connection between Breslau and Vienna. Germany is to finance the project, work on which is to commence immediately. Germany will exercise supervision control over the road and will also be exempt from all pass check and the road in this way will carry for Germany an extra-territorial character. While it is viewed that this road to which some others in Czechoslovakia will find a connection will be of use to the latter for the furtherance of economic and trade developments, for Germany it above all will represent a line of immense strategic importance, particularly in association with aims as touching Ukraine and South-Eastern Europe. The other line of communication relates to the opening of an Oder-Danube waterway under joint participation. With the new arrangements with Germany concluded, attention in Czechoslovakia is being directed more closely towards a consolidation or the new basis. Reports indicate great care and increased efforts being directed to sustain a good economic stability, retain an industrial character of the State, and keep up the course of an active foreign trade. A statement just issued by the newly established Ministry of Propaganda contradicts accounts of Czechoslovakia having lost its export potentialities mentioned as having been circulated by what is described as "certain hostile sources." The statement declares that in a number of lines, particularly in regard to iron and steel goods, leather wares, metal and electro-technical articles and machine products, the position remains not much affected and refers to steps of reorganization in relation to various other lines suited to maintain a satisfactory export state and capacity. Mention in connection is made to a good interest being extended by different countries. The Export Institute has just appointed one of its directors to a responsible position at the broadcasting centre, and it would seem, short reports about situations in various lands, with different oversea ones assuming a prominence, are to form a regular feature of broadcasts with care to the development of economic contacts. India apparently is to be one of the lands about which such reports willl appear. Moves are also indicated to enhance the international value of some watering stations to make up to an extent to a loss in regard to watering stations sustained in connection with territorial alterations. Thus for instance, one reads, a sum of 40 million Crowns is to be spent for the further development of the watering station Sliac in Slovakia and 26 millions for that of Pistany a centre known also to at-

(Continued on page 10, col. 3)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

CHARACTERISTIC TACTICS

Those who knew British Imperialism and its methods did not find any difficulty in discovering the true meaning of Mr. Malcolm MacDonald's speech in announcing a Round Table Conference for Palestine. The motive of the Right Honourable gentleman and his colleagues behind the reservation was to divide Palestine and to cheat the people through exploitation of the "moderates." This is a characteristic method of Britain. We saw it employed in Ireland. Egypt and India—and it invariably failed. We now see it being tried in Palestine. Reuter's resources have been placed at the disposal of the Mandatory to boost "25 leading Arab sheiks", their representative capacity, and their wide influence. All these "time-honoured" tactics merely emphasise their disingenuous character. And if any new specific proof were needed to expose the falsehood of this propaganda it is supplied—almost as if in answer to the "25 leading Arab chiefs" by a telegram from Beirut which says "Seventy-five prominent Arab refugees from Palestine have sent a telegram to the High Commissioner at Jerusalem declaring their allegiance to the Mufti".

OUR ONLY SURPRISE

The official monthly report on the progress of prohibition in the Ahmedabad dry area for the month of September has been published now in the first week of December. Such reports would be more interesting and useful to the public if they were less belated. The present report points out how prohibition is now a settled fact in the Ahmedabad dry area, how its good effects are to be seen in all directions and in every walk of life and how the working classes "are better off than in pre-prohibition days in all respects." This is not at all surprising as the prohibiting use of a poison like liquor or opium must necessarily lead to good results in all directions. Our only surprise is that Government are still so slow in extending the boon of prohibition.

WAR OF INDEPENDENCE—NOT A MUTINY

The Central Legislative Assembly has rightly censured the conduct of the Government of India in associating themselves, through the Commander-in-Chief, with a memorial to the Gordon Highlanders bearing an inscription in which the Indians who fought against them are described as "mutineers." The Assembly did not object to a memorial to the dead erected by a private agency but properly condemned the inscription which libelled the Indians who fought for freedom in what is now rightly recognised as a war of Independence and not a mutiny. Instead of apologising the Army Secretary added to the insult by arguing that the Indian troops had no right to revolt against the then Government who had engaged them. But the Indians recognised a higher duty to their country than to those who for the time being held them in subjection. And they have many excellent precedents in the history of the world including the history of Britain. Teachers and professors may well make use of this occasion to explain to their students the exact nature and significance of the War of Independence of 1857.

MALABAR TEMPLE ENTRY BILL

The Malabar Temple Entry Bill of the Madras Government has been referred by the Legislative Assembly to a Select Committee almost unanimously, only two members opposing it. The virtual unanimity is mainly due to the fact that the Bill is a permissive, and not a coercive, measure. The public temples in Malabar will not be automatically opened to Harijans when the Bill becomes law. They will be opened only after the Hindus of any particular area are consulted and a majority support the reform. In other words the Bill gives a kind of self-determination to the caste Hindu worshippers of any locality. It is different from the Bombay Bill, under which a Hindu temple can be opened to Harijan only if its trustees as well as its worshippers permit the change. It is high time the Bombay Government brought forward a Bill like the Madras measure. Bombay is certainly not less progressive in such matters than Madras.

THE OATH MUST GO

The action of the Madras City Council in adopting a resolution requesting the Government to delete the clause in the Municipal Act imposing an oath of allegiance to the King-Emperor on all Councillors and Aldermen is sure to be emulated by many other local bodies that have such an oath inflicted on them. At present the compulsory oath can do nobody any real good but it can do much harm by rousing opposition and creating bitterness. Undoubtedly the oath was meant and is still meant to consolidate imperialism. But the people refuse to be used as tools of any imperialist propaganda. The oath must be eliminated wherever it can be eliminated That it has got to be put up with in some places is no justification for its indefinite extension.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

A small tear relieves a great sorrow.

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

Sensible men are always deaf to unjust criticism.

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

The original bunko man probably came over in the steerage.

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

Flannel cakes are probably so-called because they clothe the inner man.

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

When words fail to express a woman's contempt for a man he enjoys a moment's peace.

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

An average man is never satisfied until after he has called some other man a fool to his face at least once.

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WITHOUT COMMENT

The "Messaggero's" London Correspondent claims that Britain will support Italian Irredentism, and a headline on this subject runs "Italy's Rights Recognised in London."

—Rome Message.

* * * *

Mr. Ogilvie, Defence Secretary, said that Mr. Sri Prakasa had compared the old Bengal army which mutinied with Americans and Scots. There was a vital difference.

—Adjournment motion debate in Central Assembly.

There is certainly a "vital" difference—for the present. Indians have not conquered England like the Scots nor have they severed their connection with Britain like Americans yet.

* * * *

The erection of the memorial, asserted Mr. Ogilvie, was a natural and necessary thing to do.

The censure motion was, therefore, a more natural and very necessary thing to pass.

* * * *

Isn't there, asks the Junior Colleague, an Independence Day which Americans celebrate and in which Britishers almost enthusiastically participate?

There is and they do.

And, to anticipate the youngster's next question, they would in good time as a "natural and necessary thing."

* * * *

The Muslim League Party supported the adjournment motion, through its deputy leader, Mr. Ghulam Bhik Nairang.

India must particularly feel grateful to the Muslim League Party.

* * * *

By the way, it is unreliably understood that at the next session of the Hindu Mahasabha, Federation will be definitely and finally accepted as an answer to the Commander-in-Chief's action.

Mr. Savarkar will sponsor the resolution.

* * * *

After handing over charge of Sind Governorship Mr. J. H. Garrett has retired and left India.

Our very good wishes accompany him.

* * * *

15 ARABS KILLED

Five Taken Prisoners: Encounter With British Troops

—Headlines.

Good. Victory is nigh.

Another similar 3,650 days and and the "rebellion" will be substantially crushed.

* * * *

It is reported that Britons and other foreigners have been forbidden by the Japanese to enter the City of Canton owing to 'the rounding up of looters and gangsters."

No. They are not resorting in modest secrecy, to self-imprisonment and self-punishment.

* * * *

Frenchmen insist on declaring that not an inch of French territory shall be conceded to Italy or Germany.

But do they need any since Mm Daladier and Bonnet are voluntarily handing over a few square miles of French soul to Fascism and Nazism?

* * * *

In his latest speech Herr Hitler describes Nazi policy and recent events as "a struggle for the soul of German people to realise German national unity."

And disappear itself in the process.

* * * *

Exhausted probably by his great patriotic work in Canada in the cause of the Empire Sir Firoze Khan Noon is coming to India on two months' leave. But "the visit is purely private."

Which is because prophet Noon knows very well that he is not honoured in his own country.

* * * *

A TEATIME THOUGHT

"Modern novels, when dealing with married life, usually end with a comma."

—H. Pattinson-Knight.

* * * *

They were married, but not on the best of terms, though as it was her birthday the next day she was being sweetness itself.

"What are you going to give me for my birthday?" she cooed.

"Nothing," said he, scowling.

"But, darling, can't you think of something original? **You gave me that last year."**

Need Of Offensive Federation Scheme

Congress Won't Sit Idle In Britain's Procrastination Game, Says Subhas

KARACHI, December 3.

"The Congress will not resile from its implacable hostility to Federation, unless the whole scheme is changed lock, stock and barrel", was the view expressed by Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, in an interview to the press.

He said that he had made his views clear and it was in consonance with the position the Congress had all along taken.

Individuals Won't Count

Replying to a question, whether the moderate section in the Congress would accept the Federal scheme, if its objectionable clauses were modified, he said that it was for the Congress to stiffen or modify its position. If individuals by their utterances struck a different note, nobody could help it and he hoped that the British Government would not doubt the sincerity of the Congress.

The question of Provincial Autonomy, which Congressmen had accepted, was on a different footing. In the Provinces, they did have certain powers, within limits, and could do certain things. In the proposed Federal Scheme, the Congress could do nothing, with 80 per cent. of Finance, Defence and Railway not amenable to popular control.

NEED OF OFFENSIVE

Elaborating his Lucknow speech in which he had indicated the possibility of a revival of aggressive action, Mr. Bose said: "If the British Government put off Federation for ten years, with a view to carrying on as at present, we should not be simply on the defensive. There is a limit to our patience also. If they do not really intend to meet our wishes, it is for us to find out means."

Referring to the movements in Indian States, Mr. Bose said that he was not at all worried about the Princes. Mr. Bose said the Princes had got to face the movement within the States. This new phenomena in the States was a live movement, which would have to be reckoned with by the Princes as well as the British Government.

HARIPURA RESOLUTION

Warming himself up to the subject Mr. Bose said: "I am for an active policy in support of State subjects. Some were somewhat dissatisfied over the working of the Haripura resolution and I had to convince my friends that whatever the wording of the resolution, the indication was there and the Congress would willingly or unwillingly take more active interest in the affairs of the States.

He added as the British Government were seeking Princes as allies, so the congress was seeking States' subjects as their allies.

SIND CABINET TANGLE

Subhas-Allah Buksh Talks

KARACHI, Dec. 4.

Prolonged talks between the Premier, Mr. Allah Buksh and Sjt. Subhas Bose this afternoon, which was continued at night, coupled with Mr. Bose's remark at the Press interview that the Sind Ministerial question would be reviewed at the forthcoming meeting of the Congress Working Committee, has given rise to speculation in political circles in Karachi as to the outcome of the two-day talks between the Governor and Premier, Mr. Allah Buksh.

It is surmised that the Governor does not see eye-to-eye with the Premier, Mr. Allah Buksh on the question of postponement of the entire assessment proposals.

The Bose-Allah Buksh talks had not concluded when Sjt. Bose boarded the train for Hyderabad at 11-58 p.m., the Premier accompanying Sjt. Bose in the train as far as Malir, a distance of over 13 miles from Karachi.—A.P.

LESSON OF KHILAFAT

Do Not Commit Same Mistake Again Says Subhas

MULTAN, Dec. 3.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, Congress President, while replying to a suggestion made by the Ahrar deputation that the Congress should interest itself more actively in Palestine, declared that it would be advisable for them to rise above extra-territorialism and avoid running into the blunder of the Khilafat agitation, which rather than drawing the Muslims nearer to the Congress, separated them further more.—United Press.

SUBHAS' CHARGE AGAINST PUNJAB MINISTRY

LAHORE, Dec. 3.

Paying a tribute to the awakening of the peasantry and the remarkable hold of the Congress on all sections of the province including Muslims in the Punjab Mr. Subhas Bose, Congress President condemns the present Unionist Ministry which, he declares, is anything but nationalistic and had belied all original expectations that it would keep aloof from communalism by permitting its Muslim members to throw themselves into the arms of the Muslim League.

"On the fine facade of the Unionist Party cracks have already appeared and who can say whether the defection of the Harijan M.L.As. will prove to be the last defection? The Unionist Party can prove itself to be a truly Unionist only when it adopts a fully nationalist programme.

MASS CONTACT

In the Punjab, our meetings were attended by thousands of Muslims. It would be altogether wrong to say that the Muslims are not with the Congress. As a matter of fact they are very near the Congress though not in an organised manner. Undoubtedly they have to be brought nearer and that too in an organised manner.

"So far as the Punjab is concerned our mass contact work will greatly be facilitated and stimulated if there is closing up of the ranks within the ranks of the Congress itself."

Subhas Meets Andamans Repatriate

MULTAN, Dec. 3.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose had an interview for half an hour with Sardar Gurumukh Singh, well-known Communist leader, who is now confined in the old jail after his recent repatriation in the Andamans. The interview took place in the presence of the Superintendent of the Jail. Dr. Gopichand Bhargava being present.—United Press.

Against

RIFLE PRACTICE FOR STUDENTS

Nariman Opens First Range Of High School At Wardha

WARDHA, Dec. 4.

Declaring open the first Rifle Range of a High School in India at the anniversary celebrations of the Craddock High Schol this evening, Mr. K. F. Nariman complimented the C. P. Ministry and the school authority for inaugurating the range and thus throwing open for the first time the advantages of rifle practice to school students.

Mr. Nariman said: We want civil liberty for bearing arms. If we get proper military training, our Defence expenditure would be reduced by crores and we would need no British soldiers to defend us.

"Every school and college will then produce potential soldiers prepared to sacrifice their life in the defence of Mother India.

"Utilise these concessions successfully so that all-India might follow your lead. I wish you success in your bold adventure and hope other provincial Governments would also start such clubs in all educational institutions."

Mr. Nariman left Wardha the same evening by the Evening Mail for Bombay.—United Press.

COMPULSORY PRIMARY EDUCATION

Draft Report On Seven Years' Scheme

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 4.

The Draft Report of the Primary and Secondary Education Committee of Government is now in the hands of the chairman Acharya Narendradeo.

From the report, it appears a scheme of seven years compulsory Primary Education for the whole of the Province has been prepared. If the scheme is accepted by the Government the cost of Primary Education itself would come to eight crores of rupees.

Under this scheme 8,000,000 children will have to be educated. The present cost of educating one primary child is Rs. 8 per annum. Basic education will cost not less than ten.

EUROPEAN MEDICAL OFFICER APOLOGISES

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 4.

An amusing incident occurred in Munsif's Court of the United Provinces when European Medical Officer who had been called to give evidence in case insisted upon his statement being recorded immediately although the Court was engaged in hearing another case. The European officer even went to the District officer and brought letter from him for the Munsif.

The Munsif however stoutly refused to record his evidence before finishing the case pending before him already wherupon, the officer used objectionable language towards Munsif. The Munsif sentenced the officer for contempt of Court and fined him Rs. 50 and on his refusal to pay attached his car.

The officer then apologised and the matter was settled.

A. I. T. U. C. General Council Meets At Lucknow

LUCKNOW, Dec. 3.

The General Council of the All-India Trade Union Congress will be held here in the third week of December. Important questions such as relation of the Trade Union Congress with the Indian National Congress, Bombay Trade Disputes Act and labour representation in the International Labour Conference, Geneva, will come up for discussion.—A. P.

STRIKE SITUATION IN PARIS

Strikers At Le Havre To Be Dismissed

PARIS, Dec. 4.

M. Chappedelaine, Minister for Merchant Marine, has authorised the dismissal of strikers at Le Havre proposed by the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique owners of the "Normandie", "Paris" and the "Ille de France."

M. Chappedelaine, in interviews on the strike movement aboard the crack liners said: "It is inadmissible that such incidents should be renewed periodically on board ships of subsidised companies. I refuse to withdraw the measures I have taken. I deem it my duty to establish on board our great liners order, discipline and respect for authority."

The steamer "Desirade" left Le Havre last night without incident, the ministry officially announces.

It is thought that dockers on strike at Dieppe may return to work on Monday.—Reuter.

FEAR OF STRIKE SPREADING

LE HAVRE, Dec. 3.

It is feared in merchant shipping circles if the strike of employees of the Compagnie Generale Trans Atlantique persists it may spread to all seamen in all French ports.

SITUATION AT BORDEAUX AND DIEPPE.

The seamen's strike at Bordeaux was complete on Wednesday.

Seamen at Dieppe have been on strike for the past four days.—Reuter's Special.

EDUCATION THROUGH ACTIVITY AND CRAFT

Kher And Latthe At Sangli

SANGLI, Dec. 4.

The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier and the Hon. Mr. Latthe, Finance Minister, Bombay Government arrived at Miraj Railway Station this morning and were given a rousing reception.

They proceeded to the Willingdon College, Sangli, where Hon. Mr. Kher distributed efficiency gold medals before a large and distinguished gathering including the Rajas of Sangli, Miraj and Budhgaon and Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande.

Addressing a gathering Mr. Kher pointed out that the present system of education was defective and needed complete overhauling. He urged for education through activity and craft as a suitable modern method instead of bookish knowledge. He advised the students to build up body, mind and character and become useful citizens.

The Premier and party have left on Karnatak tour.—A. P.

1944 Olympic

Support To London's Application

LONDON, Dec. 3.

The Amateur Athletic Association at its meeting held in London decided to give the fullest support to an application made by the City of London to stage the 1944 Olympic Games. The application will be considered at a meeting of the International Olympic Committee in June.—Reuter.

DOES ITALY WISH TO PRESS HER CLAIM?

ROME, Dec. 4.

No information is available whether the British Ambassador, Lord Perth, has yet raised, or will raise, the matter of the anti-French demonstration in the Italian Chamber with Count Ciano. The visit which Lord Perth paid to Count Ciano in the morning was undertaken without fresh instructions from London, according to British circles These circles declare that Lord Perth discussed Mr. Chamberlain's forthcoming visit to Rome, and it is not indicated whether or not Tunis was mentioned.

Political circles believe that the question with which Britain is presumably concerned is whether Italy wishes to press her claim for territorial revision to the point of war, or whether she is only aiming at revision of the Statute for Italians resident in Tunis.

Greater moderation was displayed by Signor Gayda is his writing in the "Giornale d'Italia" this afternoon, which is considered to be more reassuring.—Reuter's Special.

Ban On Italian Journalists

ROME, Dec. 3.

A decree to-day forbids Italian journalists to act as correspondents for foreign newspapers and agencies after 1/1/39. It is feared the measure will greatly restrict the activities of foreign newspapers and agencies in Italy, and force them to depend on official sources for news.—Reuter.

Resolutions condoling the death of Kemal Ataturk and Moulana Shaukat Ali were adopted by the Executive Council of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee.

Signing Of Peace Declaration

Herr Von Ribbentrop To Reach Paris On Tuesday

BERLIN, Dec. 3.

Herr von Ribbentrop's departure to Paris to sign the Peace Declaration comes as a climax to several weeks' Francophile propaganda in the press on the radio and in the utterances of public men. References to France on the subject of the general strike were so overwhelmingly and suddenly sympathetic as to arouse comment in diplomatic quarters here.

It is considered in these circles that the signature of the Franco-German Declaration must be considered in connection with the Anti-French demonstration in the Italian Chamber, as it is felt it is inconceivable that the latter could have occurred without the approval of the German Government. One of the objects of this demonstration, it is believed, was to create a diversion in the South in order to give greater emphasis to the German gesture in the North, the whole being with the aim of furthering her designs in other parts of Europe.

The official view is put by the "Diplomatische Korrespondenz" which says: "It is anticipated that the German-French declaration is intended to overcome prejudices and to create a new basis for fruitful collaboration.—Reuter.

TRAIN TO HALT AT COMPIEGNE.

PARIS, Dec. 3.

It is understood that the train in which Herr von Ribbentrop will travel to Paris on Monday night will be stopped at Compiegne—it was in a railway carriage near Compiegne that the Armistice was signed in 1918. At Compiegne, Herr von Ribbentrop will change into a special train, and is expected to arrive at Garedesinvalides in Paris at 11 a.m. on Tuesday. He will call on President Lebrun in the afternoon.—Reuter.

ABSOLUTE LOYALTY TO FRANCE

Tunis And Corsica's Assurance

PARIS, Dec. 4.

The Tunisian section of the Tunisian Parliament waited on the Resident General, and assured him of their unswerving attachment and absolute loyalty to France.

The Mayor of Ajaccio has telegraphed to M. Daladier, expressing on behalf of the towns people their "disdain for certain verbal manifestations", and the affirmation that Corsica will never have any other than the French flag.

M. Theodore Valensi, a well-known Barrister born in Tunis, has sent his resignation as President of France-Italy Parliamentary Group.—Reuter.

FRENCH STRIKE RENDERS TWENTY SHIPS IDLE

PARIS, Dec. 3.

Five thousand dockers and seamen in La Havre are involved in the strike against M. Daladier's requisitioning order.

Twenty French ships, including the "Normandie" have been immobilised as also all Trans-Atlantic tugs.—Reuter.

ANOTHER TERRIFIC AIR-RAID

50 Killed And 100 Injured Near Barcelona

BARCELONA, Dec. 3.

At least 55 were killed and over 100 injured in air-raids in the neighbourhood of Barcelona.—Reuter.

Japan's Apple Cart Upset

Plan To Establish New Federal Govt. In China Goes Awry

Marshal Wu-Pei-Fu Declines To Be Figurehead President

PEIPING, Dec. 4.

The Japanese plan for the establishment of a new Federal Government in China has been upset by a reliably reported sudden change in the attitude of Marshal Wu-Pei-Fu, the noted Chinese soldier poet, who according to the Japanese had agreed to be the President of the Government.

It is now stated that he flatly refused to accept the post. This coupled with the repeatedly reported disagreements in the Japanese military camp appears to have halted any likely formation of a new Government in the near future, as seemed certain a few days ago, and has thrown the whole political situation in the Japanese occupied areas back into the melting pot.

Chinese political observers declare that plans for a new administration worked out by General Doisara, the Japanese "Lawrence of Manchuria," have been completely knocked on the head. An attempt may now be made to form some kind of Central Government at Nanking.—Reuter.

BOY SCOUTS IN INDIA

Association Affiliated With International Bureau

NEW DELHI, Dec. 3.

The Boy Scouts' Association in India, which was reorganised in 1937 as an independent national organisation for India, has been affiliated with the Boy Scouts International Bureau with effect from November 30, 1938.—United Press.

DUKE OF GLOUCESTER FRACTURES COLLAR-BONE

Sequel To Fall From Horse While Riding

LONDON, Dec. 3.

A graph X-ray examination at Melton Mowbray Hospital confirmed that the Duke of Gloucester has fractured his collar-bone. It is learned officially that the fracture is a simple one, and no complications are expected. The Duke was comfortable to-night.

It is stated the mishap will necessitate the cancellation of his visit to Norway on Monday for Queen Maud's funeral.

It is learned from a member of the hunt that the Duke's horse stumbled and fell after it had taken a jump. The Duke fell on his shoulder and the horse rolled partly on him. The stumble was probably due to the fact that the ground was very soft and slippery.

It is understood the Duke may have to rest for two or three weeks. He had eleven previous mishaps, while riding, mostly while hunting.

KENT TO GO TO NORWAY.

It is probable that the Duke of Kent may go to Norway instead of the Duke of Gloucester to attend Queen Maud's funeral. The Duke of Kent is cancelling his social service tour of the Midlands, next week.—Reuter.

Major-Genl. Sir G. G. Aston Dead

The death has occurred of Major-General Sir George Grey Aston.—Reuter.

(Major-General Sir G. G. Aston whose death is reported at the age of 77 had a distinguished career in the Navy. He acted in various capacities as Intelligence Officer, Mediterranean Fleet (1892-95), Professor of fortifications at the Royal Naval College, Greenwich (1896-99), Brigadier-General Staff, S. A. (1908-12), on Special Service, Admiralty War Staff, (1913-14), Chairman of the Committee on Defence of Admiralty Oil Reserves (1914), A. D. C. to the King (1911-17), and was employed in the Secretariat of the War Cabinet (1918-19). He retired in 1917. He was the author of several publications including "Letters on Amphibious Wars," "War Lessons, New and Old," "The Problem of Defence").

EMIR FAISAL

LONDON, Dec. 2.

Ibn Saud has appointed his second son, Emir Faisal, as a delegate to the Palestine Conference in London.—Reuter.

TURNING POINT IN PALESTINE TROUBLES?

Arab Leaders Denounce Former Mufti

JERUSALEM, Dec. 3.

What, in the opinion of authoritative circles, may prove to be the turning point in the Palestine troubles, is the coming forward of 25 leading Arab Leaders, at the risk of their lives, in order to denounce the former Mufti of Jerusalem and offer to co-operate with the British Government.

The leaders representing 45 villages and 70,000 villagers, spoke heatedly against the methods of the exiled Mufti and of the plight of the Arab peasantry.

A delegation of the leaders saw Major-General O'Connor, Commander, Seventh Division, and expressed the fullest confidence in the British Military.

In an interview with Reuters, the Leaders refuted the allegations of atrocities committed by the British troops.

Observers believed that greater security resulting from firm British measures would result in further expressions of moderate Arab views.—Reuter.

THEIR ALLEGIANCE TO MUFTI

BEIRUT, Dec. 3.

Fifty persons charged with smuggling arms into Palestine were each condemned by the French Military Court to two years' imprisonment and a fine of 40,000 francs.

Seventy-five prominent Arab refugees from Palestine have sent a telegram to the High Commissioner at Jerusalem declaring their allegiance to the Mufti.—Reuter.

A. I. Local Self-Govt. Conference

CALCUTTA, Dec. 4.

The second All-India Local Self-Government Conference will be held in Calcutta on December 28, 29 and 30, next under the presidency of Mr. S. Satyamurthi.

It is understood that Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, Congress President, will be approached to inaugurate the Conference.—United Press.

Brussels.—A daughter was born on the morning of Dec. 4 to the Countess of Paris, the wife of the French "Dauphin" son of the Pretender Duc de Guise.

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World Achievement

To-morrow's Engine?

May we turn aside from the hard facts of actual achievement to consider what may happen to-morrow?

If so, let us ask ourselves if the petrol car and bus are likely to be displaced by the Diesel engine?

About 40 years ago Dr. Rudolph Diesel invented a new kind of engine. It burned cheap, rather crude oil instead of petrol.

The explosive mixture in the cylinder, instead of being fired by a spark, was ignited by the heat of suddenly compressed air. It took years of patient work to convince engineers of the great possibilities of the Diesel engine. But they gradually became apparent. Twenty years after Dr. Diesel's invention a stately steel vessel of 7,000 tons glided down the Thames on her way to Bangkok, with three bare steel masts and no funnels. It was the Scindia, the first motor-liner, making her maiden voyage to the East.

In 1935 a prize of £125,000 was offered by the French Air Ministry to the constructor of the first crude oil motor which will drive an aeroplane for 6,240 miles at an average speed of, at least, 93 miles an hour. The first airship with Diesel engines was built not long ago, and to-day a giant Diesel bus runs between New York and Los Angeles, a distance of 3,000 miles, doing the journey in less than four days, at the ridiculously low cost of £4 for fuel, three miles a penny for a huge cross-continental monster!

Although the Diesel engine is so full of promise, its success may yet be imperilled through the oil producers putting up the price of crude oil, or even by the Governments of oil-producing countries putting a heavy tax upon it. At present, however, the Diesel engine is very valuable on account of the low fuel consumption, which means that an aeroplane could cruise over far longer stages than with the same weight of petrol.

SHAUKAT ALI'S LIFE MISSION

Communal Unity And Unification Of Muslims Under One Flag

KHILAFAT SYMPATHISERS' TRIBUTE TO MAULANA'S MEMORY

Resolutions expressing their sorrow at the death of Moulana Shaukat Ali and extending support to the Freedom movements in the Islamic countries in the Near East, were passed at a meeting of the sympathisers of the Khilafat movement, held at Chota Kabristan on Sunday night.

The meeting was presided over by Mr. Osman Sobani and was addressed by Mr. Mohamed Nathique, Moulvi Fazrulla Saheb, Mr. Panthaky Moulana Abibul Huq, Mohamed Yusuf Ahriri, Moulana Kutbuddin Siddiqi and others.

At the outset prayers were read from the Quoran. This was followed by panegyrics by Messrs. Aga Mehesher Shirazi, Mohamed Yakub Ansar, Ali Daftar and others.

A message from Dr. P. G. Solanki paying tribute to the memory of the Moulana Saheb on behalf of the backward classes of Gujarat and Bombay and recalling with gratitude his services in safeguarding the interests of the minorities, was read at the meeting.

CONDOLENCE RESOLUTION.

Mr. Osman Sobani in moving the resolution of condolence gave intimate reminiscences of his long contact with Moulana Shaukat Ali and his work in connection with the Khilafat movement.

He narrated how the Moulana had dedicated the major part of his life in the service of the motherland and for the promotion of Hindu-Muslim Unity. In this connection he also paid glowing tributes to B! Amma, the mother of the Ali brothers, who had instilled into her sons a great love of Freedom and the spirit of sacrifice.

ISLAM AND FREEDOM.

Mr. Panthaky laid great stress on the teachings of Islam which could not exist without Freedom and exhorted the audience, if they were true Moslems, to follow the path of Moulana Shaukat Ali and fight for India's Freedom. He also paid a tribute to Moulana Shaukat Ali as a journalist.

Other speakers dwelt at length on the various aspects of the life and work of Moulana Shaukat Ali.

It was pointed out that the great ambition of the Moulana's life was to unify the Muslims of India under the flag of the Muslim League and the audience were exhorted to fulfil his mission by rallying under the banner of the League.

Hyderabad District Congress Chief Refutes Press Allegations

HYDERABAD, (By Mail.)

Mr. Syed Sirajul Hasan Tirmizi, president, Hyderabad District Congress Committee and a member of the dissolved Provincial Committee of the Hyderabad State Congress, has issued the following statement:—

Some irresponsible agencies have given currency to the news that I have refused to participate in the activities of the Hyderabad State Congress, which is far from true.

Every possible effort has been made to dissuade me from joining the Congress platform but I have so far stood firm in my beliefs. I am a staunch Congressite and will stick to the guns to the last. I firmly and honestly believe that the Congress is the only genuine representative institution in India which will bring peace and prosperity to the country.

MISCONSTRUED.

As a matter of fact, I never refused to participate in the Congress movement; but my casual conversation with a friend about my difficulties in taking any active part at present, due to my dear mother's advanced age, who looks to me and me alone as the only source of succour and solace to her, was misconstrued by some news agency and the real facts have been hidden and a colour has been given to my creed and attitude towards Satyagraha movement.

STUDENTS' STRIKE CONTINUES

HYDERABAD (Dc.) Dec. 4.

The students' strike in the Osmania University as well as the City College continues.

The authorities of both the institutions have issued notices to the strikers to-day giving them time till Dec. 10 to apologise and resume attendance failing which their names will be struck off the rolls.

The expelled boarders of the Osmania College hostels seeking readmission are given similar time to apologise to the Wardens for their conduct.

Chaderghat high school worked with full attendance to-day.

Two members of the Aryan Defence League who were arrested yesterday were awarded six months' rigorous imprisonment for being members of an unlawful Assembly. They were also convicted and fined for breach of the public rules.

Four more members of the Aryan League courted arrest this afternoon and were taken into custody.—A.P.

AURANGABAD CONVICTIONS.

AURANGABAD, Dec. 3.

Mr. Manikchand Pahade, the first zone dictator and his organising secretaries have been sentenced to different terms of imprisonment to-day.

Mr. Pahade has been sentenced to two years' and three months' rigorous imprisonment and one month's simple imprisonment. Messrs. Nagori and Kausalsing have been sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500, in default three months' rigorous imprisonment and one month's simple imprisonment. Mr. Sonde has been sentenced to two years' rigorous and one month's simple imprisonment —United Press.

SATYAGRAHA MOVEMENT SPREADS

BOMBAY, Dec. 2.

The Hyderabad State Congress Office in Bombay, in the course of a news bulletin states:—

Satyagraha in Hyderabad is gaining strength day by day. The State Congress has accelerated its programme and has sent 24 Satyagrahis to jail within four days since 30th Nov.

The Satyagraha has spread into the districts of Marathwada. Reports are to hand that the police are getting exasperated and have taken to questionable methods of breaking the morale of the brave Satyagrahis. At Aurangabad they raided a small library run by a few students and arrested its secretary. At Badepalli, in Mahboobnagar District Mr. Narayan Rao, the leader of the local bar was arrested for being present at a meeting on the 23rd, when the Hyderabad State Congress Day was observed.

"Heads of institutions are busy visiting the jails and inducing the students who are undergoing sentences to tender apologies.

REPERCUSSIONS.

"Repercussions of the movement are to be witnessed manifestly in educational institutions. The "Vande Mataram," which was being sung for a long time past has now come into sudden prominence by its prohibition in the schools. Students have disobeyed the ban and have been rusticated.

Six hundred students in Hyderabad City are now on strike. An equal number at Warrangal, Mahaboobnagar and other places are observing a "Hartal."

The local press scandalised the Nationalist Muslim leader Mr. Sirajul Hassan Tirmoozee publishing a canard that he had resigned from the Congress. He has come out with a statement showing how he was being dissuaded all possible means from joining the State Congress but that he holds fast to the Congress, which is the only genuine representative institution in the country. He emphasises his belief in the method of Civil Disobedience as the only effective weapon to fight tyranny.

NEW BUILDINGS AT KARACHI AIRPORT

Sind Governor To Launch Up-to-Date Airport Organization

NEW DELHI, (By Mail).

Karachi, the converging point of five air lines, the centre for a large volume of traffic and one of the world's air traffic centres, will be rallying point for all the flying clubs of India, in fact for most of the civil aircraft in India, to-day and to-morrow, on the occasion of the opening of the airport's new buildings on the former day by His Excellency the Governor of Sind.

SERVING TWENTY COUNTRIES

The airways radiating from Karachi Airport directly serve 20 countries in three continents and it is the junction through, which passes all air traffic between the eastern and western hemispheres.

FIRST OF ITS KIND IN INDIA

This administration building is the first of its kind in India to be designed to meet all the requirements of a terminal airport on a comprehensive scale. The architect is Mr. R. T. Russell, the Consulting Architect to the Government of India, who has followed the general principles first embodied in his design for the Willingdon Air Station at New Delhi, and now developed to full scale.

The administration building, hangar and other subsidiary buildings are grouped in one place, in an angle of the field wherever possible, with the former building projecting centrally at the apex of the building layout. This enables the Control Officer to have a clear view down the fronts of the receding buildings as well as of the field and thus see all movement operations.

FOUR COMPETITIONS

Four competitions will take place to-morrow:—

Landing Competition.
Aerobatic Competition.
Instrument Flying Competition.
Bombing Competition

The bombing target will be a saloon car which will drive in a straight line across the aerodrome in an up-wind direction at about 25 miles an hour. Each aircraft will have 5 bombs consisting of 2 lb. bags of flour and the bombing is to be done at a length not less than 50 ft. above the ground. The bombing results will be judged by the occupants of the saloon car.

VICEROY'S CUP

A Cup presented by His Excellency the Viceroy for competition amongst Flying Clubs in India will be awarded to that Club whose members have secured the highest aggregate of marks in all the competitions The following is the basis for the award:—

(1) Landing Competition The 1st, 2nd and 3rd places obtained in this competition will count 15, 10 and 5 marks respectively for the Club.

(2) Aerobatic Competition. The 1st and 2nd places will count 10 and 5 marks respectively.

(3) Instrument Flying Competition.—The 1st and 2nd places will count 10 and 5 marks respectively.

(4) Bombing competition. The best performance will count 5 marks.

A SHORT STORY

Selby Was Smart

BY VIC YARDMAN

Selby Maynard was a crook all right. You couldn't get around that. He was smart, too. You couldn't get around that either.

We didn't know he was a crook at first. He landed in Red Gulch all dogged out in store clothes and smoking a ten-cent cigar. We were impressed, and when he passed around ten-cent cigars to every man in the Palace saloon, we decided he was a good gent.

Red Gulch wasn't much of a town in those days. Most of the population consisted of rough miners with no manners and less education. There were only three women. Other women had tried living there, but they couldn't stand the lack of refinement.

Selby, with his fine clothes and fine manners, gave the town some prestige, even if he did later prove to be a crook. Nobody knew much about him, but we wondered plenty. We wondered how he made his living, because he didn't own a claim and he didn't work, and he always had plenty of money to spend.

Well, we found out what his business was. We found out in a way that didn't increase our love for him any.

Every week a stage left Red Gulch, carrying freight and passengers and the gold we'd dug from our claims down to the railroad at Wyman. Selby Maynard held up that stage one day. First he got us all to like him and believe he was honest, and then he pressed up in rough miner's clothes and held up the stage and stole about dol. 50.000 worth of gold.

He would have gotten away with it, because we'd never seen him in rough miner's clothes and we couldn't believe him capable of highway robbery, except for one thing. There was one thing that gave him away. A ring that he wore on the finger of his right hand. It was a peculiarly shaped ring, and the stage driver recognized it. He didn't say anything, because he knew that Selby thought his disguise was perfect, and he wanted Selby to come back to town acting surprised and innocent.

Selby did. We were waiting in the Palace when he came through the swinging doors, dressed up smart and fine as usual. He stopped and looked at us and I reckon he suspected what was up, because he turned and would have gone out, but Mel Turner had slid in behind him and he didn't have a chance.

But Selby was smart.

We decided to hold the trial right there and then in the Palace. Tex Lyman was elected to serve as Selby's attorney, and I must confess that Tex played fair and did the best he could. But it wasn't any use. We had Selby dead to rights.

So the jury retired and the rest of us hiked over to the bar for a drink. While we were there Selby Maynard let out a yell and jumped through the window.

We should have become suspicious at that warning yell, but we were too excited to notice. We went after him pell mell, some jumping after him through the window and some galloping out through the door.

Selby was running across lots toward the woods up behind the town. He was running with a limp, as though he'd hurt his foot when he jumped from the window.

We set out after him with whoops and yells. Nobody pulled a gun, because we wanted the trial to be all straight and according to law and we wanted Selby alive. Besides, he was lame and it wouldn't be any time at all before we'd him down.

So we kept going and pretty soon some of the boys up ahead got quite near and order him to stop. But instead of stopping, Selby increased his gait, acting desperate and as though his foot was paining him something awful. He managed to keep just beyond us till he reached the woods. He disappeared from sight for a moment, and we piled in after him. We expected to find him limping along not ten yards away. But he wasn't anywhere in sight.

We chased around for a while and then went back to town. We went back for just one reason. Most of us were ex-cowboys. We all owned horses on which we rode back and forth to work, and naturally we all wore high-heeled boots. Well, high-heeled boots aren't any good unless a man's on a horse. He can't walk or run in high-heeled boots a great way before he either has to rest or remove his boots.

Selby was smart. We figured out he knew that. He himself was wearing flat-heeled shoes. He figured if he could make us chase him on foot, get us away from the horses, he'd stand a good chance of escaping.

Well, he did. We got our horses and we rode around all day, but the woods that Selby had taken to were pretty thick and a man on a horse had to stick pretty close to beaten trails.

Yes, sir, Selby got clean away. And we didn't get our gold back either. Not a bit of it. He must have hidden it somewhere and picked it up later.

We talked it over in the saloon that night. Selby was smart, we decided. He had a head on his shoulders. He knew how to wear clothes. He knew how to make people like and trust him. He never did a day's work in his life. That takes brains, we decided. Yes, sir, Selby was smart.

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MAHARAJA YIELDS TO PUBLIC OPINION

(From Our Correspondent.)

BHAVNAGAR, Dec. 3.

Order over the signature of H. H. suspending the election of the Municipality on the 4th instant has been published to-day noon and at last public opinion has been respected.

Mr. Ranchhoddas Gandhi, President, Bhavnagar Praja Parishad, started for Rajkot by aeroplane to-day morning.

It is reliably understood that the draft of a scheme of Responsible Government for Bhavnagar has been discussed and fully explained to H. H.

The Railway Workshop Union deputation waited on the Dewan to-day morning and the Dewan is likely to appoint a Committee of inquiry.

I COVER THE TOWN

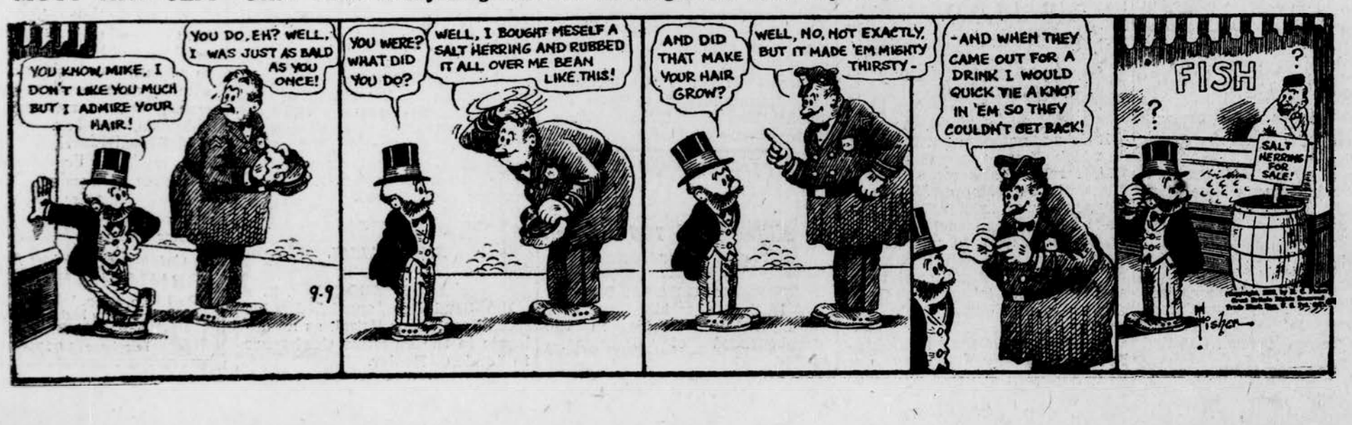
(Continued from Page 6).

ven in Bombay where one bottle of champagne is being diluted in eighteen bottles of lemonade and mixed with dozens of slices of orange peal. This new drink is called "punch", I am given to understand. Here is an idea the Congress might well follow in its effort to break the drink habit—gradually

* * * *

The Marcus Show is now on its second lap and I like some of the new items With all the discipline that is and must be enforced in such a show, I was very amazed when one of people in the show came up to me with a toast he had written. to A. B. Marcus. Space does not permit me to publish it all, but it begins: "They say you are the head; we say you are the heart....." And so it goes on. It showed me, to my great surprise, how much this amazing man is liked by his employees. That is what I like about these show people They make you feel as if the two shows a day, without break, is a labour of love. Incidentally in this new show they give roses and kisses and onions and carrots away. What you get all depends on you. So far I have only had a bunch of onions!

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff's Tried Everything Else So He Might As Well Try This! By BUD FISHER


YOU KNOW, MIKE, I DON'T LIKE YOU MUCH BUT I ADMIRE YOUR HAIR!
YOU DO, EH? WELL, I WAS JUST AS BALD AS YOU ONCE!
9-9
YOU WERE? WHAT DID YOU DO?
WELL, I BOUGHT MESELF A SALT HERRING AND RUBBED IT ALL OVER ME BEAN LIKE THIS!
AND DID THAT MAKE YOUR HAIR GROW?
WELL, NO, NOT EXACTLY, BUT IT MADE 'EM MIGHTY THIRSTY-
-AND WHEN THEY CAME OUT FOR A DRINK I WOULD QUICK TIE A KNOT IN 'EM SO THEY COULDN'T GET BACK!
FISH
SALT HERRING FOR SALE!

ENJOY DIVADKARS'
X'MAS TOURS
DELHI Rs. 120- RAMESHWARAM Rs. 155-
Above fares include second class journey, excellent catering & charges for sight-seeing.
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COCOLA
SCENTED HAIR OIL
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GRIMAULT's SYRUP
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• ECZEMA,
• ULCERS, CRACKS,
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• PRICKLY HEAT,
• DHOBIES ITCH AND ALL
• SKIN IRRITATION
?
DR. DEBAT'S World famous
INOTON
OINTMENT, POWDER, SOAP
OBTAINABLE FROM ALL CHEMISTS
Or UNITED FRENCH LABORATORIES,
BOMBAY, P.O.B. 777. CALCUTTA, P.O.B. 2267. MADRAS, P.O.B. 88.

DEAFNESS
"DEAFKILLER" a new miraculous guaranteed medicine universally acknowledged to be a permanent cure of deafness and all other diseases of the ear. However old the deafness might be, it is cured for ever and the deaf person begins to hear quite clearly and perfectly, no matter whether the deafness is slight, partial or complete, whether it has been caused by chronic cold, by fever by collapsed nerves, by troubles in throat, head noise or by internal organs. The discharge of pus will completely stop and clear hearing will be restored permanently Thousands of deaf persons have been successfully cured by this medicine which has been never known to fail in a single case. Price Rs 5, Postage As. 9.
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Prudent Ladies

In England and France always keep handy a bottle of Dr. Patterson's Pills to end delay directly they get suspicious. These pills, which have been used in Europe by untold millions of women during the last 30 years, succeed where *quinine* and *Ergot* fail and give the *desired results* in 5 to 8 days. Guaranteed harmless.

These pills of British manufacture are sold in originally sealed bottles in three strengths at Rs. 2/4, Rs. 3/12/ and Rs. 5/- per bottle of 72. The last strength is for obstinate cases and is most reliable.

Relieve your mental anguish by purchasing a bottle from the nearest Chemist or direct from:

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Chief Bombay Stockists
Marshall and Co. Popular Pharmacy, Patani Bros. Mangaldas Street.

States And The People

Will Princes Read Handwriting On The Wall?

IT WILL PAY THEM TO CULTIVATE FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH CONGRESS, SAYS MAHATMA

Mahatma Gandhi writes in the latest issue of "Harijan" under the caption, "States and the People":—

"The almost simultaneous awakening in the various states is a very significant event in the national struggle for independence. It will be wrong to think that such awakening can be due to the instigation of one person or a body of persons or any organization. It is just possible that the Haripura resolution of the Congress put the people of the states on their mettle and they realized as never before that their salvation depended upon their own labours. But above all it is the time spirit that has brought about the awakening. It is to be hoped that the Princes and their advisers will recognize it and meet the legitimate aspirations of the people. There is no half-way house between total extinction of the states and the Princes making their people responsible for the administration of their states and themselves becoming trustes for the people, taking an earned commission for their labours.

I hope, therefore, the rumour is not true that the British Government are likely, at the instance of some Princes or their Dewans, to announce a change in the policy recently enunciated by Earl Winterton, about the ability of the Princes to grant responsible Government to their people. If any of them have asked the British Government to reverse the policy, they have undoubtedly done a disservice to themselves. And if the British Government respond to the unworthy wish, they will precipitate a first class crisis whose magnitude it is difficult to foretell. I must refuse to believe that the British Government can commit such a blunder. Earl Winterton's announcement was but an endorsement of past practice. They are not known to have ever interfered with the states giving powers to their people, however wide they might be.

ATROCITIES AT DHENKANAL.

I go a step further. Even as the British Government, as the Paramount Power, are bound to protect the Princes against harm from outside or within they are equally or "a fortiori" bound to ensure just rule on the part of the Princes. Hence it is their bounden duty, when they supply the police or the military to any state, to see that there is a proper emergency justifying the request and that the military or the police will be used with becoming restraint. From Dhenkanal have come to me stories of fiendish cruelty exercised by the state myrmidons under the shadow of the police supplied by the Paramount Power. I asked for evidence in support of some of the unnameable cruelities. And I have enough to inspire belief.

Indeed, it is a question whether responsible ministers in the provinces have not a moral responsibility in respect of the people of the states in their respective provinces. Under the constitution, the ministers have no power over them. The Governor is the agent of the Viceroy who is the representative of the Paramount Power. But the ministers in autonomous provinces have surely a moral responsibility regarding what happens in the states. So long as the states and the people are satisfied, ministers have no worry. But have they none if there is, say, virulent epidemic in the states which, if neglected, may easily overtake the province in which they are situated? Have they none when there is a moral epidemic which seems to be raging in Dhenkanal?

I understand that the persecuted people are taking refuge in British Orissa. Can the ministers refuse them shelter? How many can they take charge of? Whatever happens in these states affects for better or for worse the province as a whole. I do believe, therefore, that the ministers by reason of the heavy responsibility resting on their shoulders have the moral right, within strict limits, to assert themselves for the sake of internal peace and decency. They cannot look on with unconcern while the people of the states—an arbitrary creation of the Paramount Power—are being ground to dust as they in Dhenkanal are reported to be.

One reads in the papers that some concessions have been given to the people of Dhenkanal. I do not know whether the report is true and whether the relief answers the purpose for which the people of Dhenkanal are fighting and suffering. It is, however, irrelevant to the issue raised by me. I feel that the ministers in the Provinces are morally bound to take notice of gross misrule in the states within their borders and to tender advice to the Paramount Power as to what, in their opinion, should be done. The Paramount Power, if it is to enjoy friendly relations, with the provincial ministers, is bound to give sympathetic ear to their advice.

FIGHTING SHY OF CONGRESS.

There is one other matter which demands the urgent attention of the states and their advisers. They fight shy of the very name Congress. They regard Congressmen as outsiders, foreigners and what not. They may be all that in law. But man-made law, if it is in conflict with the natural law, becomes a dead letter when the latter operates in full force. The people of the states look up to the Congress in all matters affecting their interest. Many of them are members of the Congress. Some like Shri Jamnalalji hold high offices in the Congress organization. In the eye of the Congress there is no distinction between members from the states and from India called British. It is surely detrimental to the interests of the states to ignore the Congress or Congressmen especially when it or they seek to render friendly assistance. They must recognize the fact that the people in the states are in many cases guided by the Congress. They know that I am responsible for the policy of non-interference hitherto followed by the Congress. But with the growing influence of the Congress it is impossible for me to defend it in the face of injustice perpetrated in the states. If the Congress feels that it has the power to offer effective interference, it will be bound to do so when the call comes. And if the Princes believe that the good of the people is also their good, they would gratefully seek and accept the Congress assistance. It is surely in their interest to cultivate friendly relations with an organization which bids fair in the future, not very distant, to replace the Paramount Power, let me hope, by friendly arrangement. Will they not read the handwriting on the wall?"

POULTRY PROPAGANDA CALENDARS

FOR 1939

ANNAS 2 EACH

BY POST 4 ANNAS

AGENTS WANTED ALL OVER INDIA

APPLY SOON:

THE ASIAN POULTRY INSTITUTE
11, CONNAUGHT ROAD, POONA.

Handsome Discount to the Trade.

DISTRIBUTORS IN BOMBAY:

HATHI BROTHERS
FANALAL TERRACE, NEAR PERRY, GRANT ROAD.

KALIDASA'S BIRTHPLACE

PATNA: (By Mail).

The birthplace of the ancient poet Kalidasa is assigned to village Uchait in Darbhanga district by Mr. P. C. Paul, after following a line of archaeological investigation according to a report received here, which adds that Mr. Paul holds that the ancient earthen stupa known as "Kalidas Ki Garhi" gives the clue to the real birthplace of Kalidasa.—A. P.

JAIN PILGRIMS IN ACCIDENT

Incident Recalled In Court

PATNA: (By Mail).

Judgment has been reserved by the Additional Sub-Judge of Hazaribagh in the hearing which has concluded of an appeal preferred by the Secretary of State for India in Council on behalf of the East Indian Railway against an order of the Munsif of Giridih in three money suits arising out of an accident at a railway crossing, awarding damage and, compensation against the Railway.

The plaintiffs' case referring to the incident said that a party of Jain pilgrims, after visiting Parasnath were proceeding to Bhagalpur in a bus when they reached a level crossing which was open and there was a collision between the bus and a goods train resulting in a few being killed and others being injured.

The appellants case stated that the lower court was wrong in holding that a statutory duty was imposed on the Railway, simply because there was a level crossing in the line. Such statutory duties have been imposed in England by statutes, and the fact that the gate was subsequently manned would not show that any such requisition had been made before the accident. The lower court, added the plaintiffs' case, had not considered properly the defence of negligence on the part of the bus and that the bus driver could have by ordinary care avoided the accident.—A. P.

GRID ELECTRIFICATION PROJECT

E. I. R. To Obtain Energy

PATNA, (By Mail.)

A proposal to obtain electrical energy for the East Indian Railway workshops at Jamalpur from the Provincial Government after materialisation of the Grid electrification project of the present Government for the province for bulk supply of electricity, and the rate at which the Railway would be in a position to pay were among the subjects, it is understood, discussed by Mr. Darling, Chief Electrical Engineer, E. I. Railway, who is here on a short visit, with a number of Bihar officials, including the Finance Secretary and the special officer appointed by the Ministry in connexion with the electrification project.

It is stated that the existing power house of the workshops is not sufficient to take the load of the workshop, and an extension of the power house is under consideration. But the proposal for extension may be abandoned, if the railway is able to obtain energy from Government at a cheaper cost.—A. P.

Muslim Party Secretary Convicted

PATNA: (By Mail).

Mr. Waliul Haque, propaganda secretary of the Bihar Muslim Independent Party, which holds the largest following among Muslims in the Bihar Legislature, has been convicted and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment and fine of Rs. 150 in default three months' rigorous imprisonment under Sec. 448 I. P. C. by the City Magistrate.

According to the prosecution, the accused trespassed into the office of the "Muslim" an Urdu newspaper and damaged its property and further threatened the Editor to change the policy of the paper which was pro-Congress.—A. P.

SOCIETY OF ST. PETER

Governor Presides Over Annual Meeting

The first general meeting of the Society of St. Peter was held at the Nicholson Hall, Mazgaon, on Saturday evening. His Excellency, Sir Roger Lumley, Governor of Bombay presided. Lady Lumley distributed the prizes to the orphans and inmates of the Society's School and Hostel.

Mr. Oscar Brown, the Chairman of the Association in his introductory speech gave a sketch of the Society's welfare activities, in endeavouring to fit the Anglo-Indian boy in life along with the other communities of India.

Continuing he said that, the Anglo-Indian community was a part and parcel of the vast Nation that was India and as such its outlook on life should be in the interest of the country.

Rev. Fr. Cyril Whiteworth, S. S. J. E. then read out the report for the year. He pointed out how the Society had striven to impart technical education to the Anglo-Indian youth so as to enable him to contribute his quota to Indian Industry.

His Excellency then addressed the gathering in the course of which he proposed to be a Godfather to the orphans and appealed to the audience to follow his example.

The meeting terminated after Mr. L. F. Fox proposed a vote of thanks.

Here's the bicycle you'll be proud to own

There's a clean, smart, workman-like appearance about the Raleigh—it looks efficient in every line. And its performance is even better than its handsome appearance. The Raleigh is *individually* produced—designed and built by experts entirely in the Raleigh Factory. The Raleigh is mechanically perfect in every detail. Heavily enamelled frame, spokes and all exposed parts chromium-plated,—these features ensure a lifetime's service, in all weathers, over every kind of road. Mile after mile,—year after year of effortless riding. The Raleigh makes cycling easier—cheaper—safer.

Obtainable from all good Dealers everywhere.

Strong, light, easy-running, it's best to ride a

RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE

SO...BUY A RALEIGH!

AN accident—a bruise—a painful spot. Apply Sloan's Liniment immediately. Its comforting warmth quickly penetrates to the bruised tissues, congestion is promptly relieved, new blood flows once again forcing away the stagnant blood caused by the blow. Swelling is checked, the pain disappears.

For stiff joints and sore muscles too, there is nothing that can equal Sloan's Liniment. Just pat it on. It drives out pain with surprising speed. Buy a bottle of Sloan's Liniment today. Use it for all muscular pains.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Dec 3

J Finlay ss Kioto of 2030 reg tons, Captain F Sumpton arrived from Dunkerk via Liverpool, Hull, Port Said, Suez and Aden with general cargo.

O S Kaisha ss Ryufuku Maru of 4259 reg tons, Captain J Gamaki arrived from Shimizu via Japan Ports, Singapore, Penang and Colombo with general cargo.

B I S N ss Varela of 1925 reg tons, Captain A Danbrook arrived from Basra via Persian Gulf Ports and Karachi with passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

P and O S N ss Strathallan of 14184 reg tons, Captain J H Biggs sailed for Marseilles and London via Aden with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

Scindia Steam Nvg ss Madina of 1628 reg tons, Captain R R Memery sailed for Jeddah via Karachi with pilgrims

F F Campbell ss City of Auckland of 5288 reg tons Captain H G Jenkins sailed for Colachel, Colombo, Madras and Calcutta with local and same bottom cargo.

Scindia Steam Nvg ss Jalamohan of 3146 reg tons, Captain F Cranby sailed for Rangoon via Tuticorin and Colombo with local cargo.

B I S N ss Orna of 4030 reg tons, Captain W H Hemmings sailed for Calcutta with local cargo.

B I S N ss Vita of 1955 reg tons, Captain F Harrison sailed for Karachi via Cutch, Mandvi and Port Okha with passengers and local cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 3-12-38.

S S Viceroy of India (M M) for Aden, Port Sudan, Europe and American Ports via London.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Dec 3

2 City of Auckland 5288 Calcutta 4-12 F F Campbell

7 City of Canterbury 5290 Karachi 9-12 K Nixon

9 Weissenfels 4852 Karachi 6-12 L Edwards

14 Treuenfels 5196 Antwerp 6-12 L Edwards

VICTORIA DOCK

5 Janaki 530 Malabar Coast 6-12 Malabar S Ltd.

7 Kioto 2030 Karachi 7-12 J Finlay

12/13 Orna 4030 Calcutta 4/12 M M

PRINCE'S DOCK

P Hashemi 298 tons N F N F S Hassum

M Akbar 2479 N F N F T Morrison

F El Madina 1628 Jeddah 3-12 Scindia S N

A Jalamohan 3146 Rangoon 4-12 Scindia S N

C/R Jalarashmi 2681 Madras 7-12 Scindia S N

N/O Jalamani 2346 N F N F Scindia S N

G Victoria Marie 882 Malabar Coast 4-12 Merchant S N

K Islami 3617 Jeddah 12-12 T Morrison

Q Oostcappelle 348 Malabar Coast 5-12 Merchant S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Viceroy of India 5-12-38 P and O

Narkunda 1-12-38 P and O S N

Carthage 8-12-38 P and O S N

Bhutan 3-12-38 P and O S N

Comorin 15-12-38 P and O S N

Nagpore 21-12-38 P and O S N

Rajputana 22-12-38 P and O S N

FROM HULL

Kioto 2-12-38 J Finlay

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Canterbury 28-11-38 K Nixon

Cilicia 9-12-38 Anchor Line

FROM HAMBURG

Aagtekerk 23-12-38 L Edwards

Trifels 14-12-38 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Simla 16-12-38 L Edwards

Sumatra 9-12-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Atlanta City 30-11-38 M M

Pres Monroe 22-12-38 F F Campbell

City of Elwood 9-12-38 L Edwards

City of Bath 28-11-38 F F Campbell

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 15-12-38 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Conte Biancamano 5-12-38 Lloyd Triestino.

Carignano 4-12-38 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Canton 24-12-38 P and O S N

Ryfuku Maru 29-11-38 O S Kaisya

Conte Verde 10-12-38 L Triestino

Nagato Maru 14-12-38 N Y Kaisha

Tango Maru 29-11-38 N Y Kaisha

Kawato Maru 5-12-38 O S K

Jademoor 14-12-38 O S Kaisha

FROM RANGOON

Jalapalaka 5-12-38 Scindia S N

FROM BASRA

Bandra 8-12-38 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Strathallan 2-12-38 P and O S N

Strathmore 16-12-38 P and O S N

Naringa 6-12-38 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Jalavijaya 2-12-38 Scindia S N

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 10-12-38 M M

Tairea 24-12-38 M M

FROM KARACHI

Vita 8-12-38 M M

Wartenfels 1-12-38 L Edwards

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Corfu 7-1-39 P and O S N

Viceroy of India 10-12-38 P and O S N

Somali 30-12-38 P and O S N

Strathmore 17-12-38 P and O S N

Rawalpindi 10-12-38 P and O S N

Mooltan 31-12-38 P and O S N

Canton 24-12-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Circassia 2-12-38 Anchor Line

Celicia 23-12-38 Anchor Line

City of Benares 2-12-38 K Nixon

FOR HAMBURG

Wartenfels 8-12-38 L Edwards

Treuenfels 6-12-38 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

City of Auckland 4-12-38 F F Campbell

Pres. Monroe 24-12-38 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 23-12-38 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Conte Biancamano 5-1-39 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Conte Rosso 15-12-38 L Triestino

Conte Biancamano 5-12-38 L Triestino

Jademoor 28-12-38 O S Kaisha

Lahore 15-12-38 P and O

Bhutan 6-12-38 P and O S N

Rajputana 22-12-38 P and O

Nagato Maru 31-12-38 N Y Kaisya

Carthage 8-12-38 P and O S N

Tango Maru 15-12-38 N Y Kaisha

Kawato Maru 23-12-38 O S Kaisha

FOR CALCUTTA

City of Auckland 4-12-38 F F Campbell

Carignano 5-12-38 L Triestino

FOR SYDNEY

Strathaird 29-12-38 P and O S N

Comorin 15-12-38 P and O S N

FOR RANGOON

Jalamohan 4-12-38 Scindia S N

FOR BASRA

Barpeta 7-12-38 M M

Varela 8-12-38 M M

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 21-12-38 M M

Takliwa 7-12-38 M M

FOR JEDDAH

El Madina 23-12-38 Scindia S N

Jehangir 2-12-38 T Morrison

Islami 12-12-38 T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

Tango Maru 2-12-38 N Y Kaisha

Vita 10-12-38 M M

Elephanta 5-12-38 M M

Kioto 7-12-38 J Finlay

Weissenfels 6-12-38 L Edwards

City of Canterbury 9-12-38 K Nixon

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Kalavati 2-12-38

S S Netravati 2-12-38

EXPORTS

S S Bhutan for Hongkong: 220 bales grey ctn yarn Pavri Sons; 200 bags sesamum seeds P Madhavani; 311 bags real ooplates E Mavji; 38 bags real ooplates E Moledina; 40 bales ctn g m twist Bombay Import and Export Agency.

For Manila: 25 bales ctn grey yarn A Virji.

For Vancouver: 100 bags lentils S M Rajor; 1850 bags gr nut kernals S M Rajgor.

For Shanghai: 250 bales raw cotton A Clayton; 400 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha.

For Osaka: 100 bales raw cotton Kotak.

For Kobe: 100 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha; 100 bales raw cotton M Amersey.

S S City of Auckland for New York: 645 bags gum N Muljee.

S S Viceroy of India for London: 10 bales wln carpet M Mackenzie; 16 bales d/s goat skins raw M R Shaffi; 12 bs sheep skins tanned F Janmahomed.

S S Castalia for Liverpool: 100 bales cotton waste P D Vora; 1400 bags gr nut oil cake M Bhuta; 400 bales raw cotton A Clayton; 52 bags kang grain K Dewji.

For Manchester: 50 bales cotton waste P D Vora; 50 bales ctn twist waste P D Vora.

For Islam: 2000 tons manganese ore J Finlay.

S S Truenfels for Gothenburg: 28 bs cotton fly L O Vora.

For Stavanger: 2400 bags gr nut oil cake P Surchand

For Tripoli: 15 bales ctn grey yarn A El Ejel.

For Beyrouth: 30 bales ctn grey yarn A El Ejel.

For Antwerp: 50 bales hemp raw J Kanji.

For Hamburg: 25 bales cotton rags The Overseas Ctn Waste.

S S City of Canterbury for Antwerp: 120 bags mustard seed B Balwant; 30 bags fennel seed B Balwant; 110 bales ra wcotton N Futehally.

For Marseilles: 120 bags gum N Muljee.

For Dunkirk: 1000 bales raw cotton A Clayton.

For Liverpool: 13 bales wool raw The Bombay Co.

IMPORTS

M S Circassia Agents Anchor Line Ltd from Glasgow: 137 cases cottons; 126 cases sewing ctn thread on reels; 593 cases whisky; 140 cases ale; 285 cases beer; 85 cases wine; 100 kegs paint; 200 bales unread newspapers; 6800 plates hard spelter; 40 drums anti corrosive composition; 50 drums distt fluid; 302 bags stl nails; 96 lse e'ware; 40 cases closets; 72 pieces sau e'ware; 40 cases carbonate of ammonia; 75 brls pitch; 49 bundles shovels; 116 singles tubes; 89 bundles steel sheets; 200 pieces c i cisterns; 60 drums boiler fluid; 284 cases sewing machines and parts thereof; 100 bales old newspaper

From Liverpool: 34 cases stout; 47 pcs e'ware; 39 cases cotton yarn; 801 bdls tie bars; 178 bdls hoe heads; 325 bales old newspaper; 300 coils iron wire; 32 casks soap; 320 bdls stl bars; 40 bdls loom sides; 50 cases looms; 100 d/bags china clay; 560 bdls steel sheets; 200 cases napthaline balls; 51 drums coopers cattle dip; 122 cases machinery; 331 bgs bolts and nuts; 80 bundles iron boot protectors; 135 bdls steel wire; 80 d/ bags asbestos compound; 402 bales cottons; 520 bdls stl sheet pieces and middles; 120 s/bags boiler lagging; 250 bdls y m sheets; 52 cases hydrogen peroxide; 39 cases cigarettes; 225 kegs sulphate of copper; 104 cases cycles and parts; and parts; 100 bags glue; 380 kegs hydrosulphite of soda; 37 lse motor covers; 277 kegs lubg grease; 250 bundles galvd corr sheets; 510 bundles stl baling hoops; 85 ctns accumulators; 42 cases empty cartons; 6000 bags soda ash; 517 drums caustic soda; 300 bags limbux; 41 drums dry aniline dye; 30 drums brenthol; 34 cases safety cartridges.

From Alexandria: 360 bales cotton.

New English School, Deorukh

(From A Correspondent.)

The Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker, Bombay Legislative Assembly, Mrs. Mavlankar, Mrs. Kamalabai Kibe, and Dr. N. G. Sardesai visited the New English School, Deorukh, on Saturday last. The same evening, the foundation stone of the extension of the present building of the school was laid by Mr. Mavlankar.

INTERNATIONAL WHEAT SITUATION

Bullish Tendency

DELHI, Dec. 2.

(From Our Commercial Correspondent.)

The current quotations of wheat against those ruling a week back in brackets as reported from the selected markets of the world are as follows:—

London:—S. Australian 23/0 (22/8) Canadian 25/9 (25/3).

Liverpool:—December 53-1/2 (55-3/4) March 54-1/8 (54-3/8).

Winnipeg:—December 58-3/4 (58-1/2) May 61-5/8) (61-1/2).

Chicago:—December 61-3/4 (62-1/2) May 64 (64-3/4).

Karachi:—December 20-3-6 (19-15-6) July 22-11-9 (22-6-6).

Bombay:—Jan. 3-15-3 (3-15-0) May 3-3-0 (3-2-9).

Calcutta:—May 3-4-0 (3-3-9).

Hapur:—Mangsir 2-3-1 (2-2-11) Maha 2-3-3 (2-3-1) Jeth 2-7-7 (2-6-8).

Amritsar:—Magh 2-1-9 (2-1-0) Har 2-4-9 (2-3-10).

BULLISH TENDENCY.

From the above table of quotations it would appear that the wheat markets with the exception of one or two during the period under report had a bullish tendency. Although holiday influences affected trading, more active conditions had prevailed in comparison with the previous week, the turnover being larger than appears on the surface. The operators were however not convinced of the prices. The hegemonic factors of the bullish features were:—Fair demand from the eastern interests on the strength of Winnipeg in sympathy with dry weather in India and better overseas cables. The liquidating business in December delivery wanted to check the rise but the trade promptedly absorbed it. The Indian markets have not been much affected by the continued dumping of Australian quality for four main reasons. They are (1) Rumours of levy of import duty on foreign wheat (2) Relative dearness of other foodstuffs. (3) exceptionally dry weather in some districts of North India and (4) dark prospects of the Sawni crops. The rebate of 25 per cent. on wheat exports referred to last week in these columns, is drawing no attention at present as the prices of Indian quality are out of export parity. The trade is concentrating its attention on the question of reimposition of duty on Australian wheat, in which the total sales have aggregated to about 18 lakhs bags. It is reported that 600000 bags have already arrived and 8 lakhs bags are due within this month. The Government of India are reported to be excercising about the definite possibility of the world wheat situation, adversely affecting the position of the Indian wheat producer and it is further reported that they are devising ways and means for the protection of Indian interests. The imports of foreign wheat are bound to bring about a distressing situation in this country. The wheat position in U.S.A.—a large producer—and other producing countries like Australia and Argentina intimately anects the wheat grower of India. The proposed international agreement on wheat, as sponsored by the U.S.A., is likely to meet with the opposition of Canada and Argentina, the latter in particular. But the U.S.A. authorities are now planning to subsidize wheat exports or 100,000,000 bushels with a view to meeting the opposition from Argentina in advance. If this American effort materialises, the position of Indian wheat grower is bound to be further undermined.

NORTHERN MARKETS.

The North markets moved narrowly with an obvious trend of steadiness. At the moment, the prices are moving in line with barometric movements in the markets and as such it would be beautiful to call them as "Weather Markets." It is confessed on all hands that the spell of dry weather in those regions would terminate the depression that was in vogue for some time back. The firm values very easily attracted brisk business and the jobbers and second hand dealers as well as speculative interests revealed a tendency to back up the bullish features and with more demand from this section, the volume of inter-provincial dealings also got an accentuated force. Okara was a prominent seller around Rs. 1-15-6 and Hapur was predominant to willingly but at Rs. 2/3/1. It should be cleared here that only weak sellers are out in the markets and the operators should not have a cause to apprehend by their presence as other edible commodities are commanding higher values and crops are experiencing deterioration. Stocks which were extraordinarily burdensome in the early season when the wheat arrivals were in gathering momentum, are at present moderate and even smaller than last year. The supplies at Hapur are 624 Khattis (1012 Khattis last year) at Lyallpur 19600 tons, at Amritsar 11000 tons and at Chandosi 134,000 maunds. The exports totalled 31 Khattis from Hapur and 1000 tons from Amritsar during the week.

KARACHI MARKET.

Karachi ruled steady with narrow price changes on account of speculative buying due to higher outside and Bombay advices, but occasionally it was weak on cloudy Punjab weather and profit-realizing. Trading was on a fair scale and Calcutta and Bombay were only buyers of ready wheat. There were few tenders against the November contract. Arrivals from upcountry averaged 3000 bags per day and during the week ending November 30, they totalled 15289 bags. The shipments only to Indian ports amounted to 16739 bags this week. The exports are constantly reducing the stocks which stands to-day at about 300000 bags. The unsold stock in dealers' hands was estimated to 60000 bags last year.

The Vice-President of Federal Surplus Commodity Corporation has unequivocally stated that America is making headway to export at least 50 per cent. of the planned exports (100 million bushels) by the 1st January 1939 after which date other countries would also come in the exporting field. A great interest is now being taken in the European wheat which is cheaper than any other commodity and may be fed to either cattle or human beings. It seems probable that the world's heavy supplies would be reduced by the use of wheat to animals. The wheat position of Canada is set forth as below:—(From 1st August '38 to 31st July 1939).

	Million Bushels
Carry over on 1st Aug. '38	24
1939 crop estimates	348
Total Supplies	372
Home requirements	105
Allowance for minimum carry over on 1st August 1939	40
Total	145
Available for exports	227

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Dec. 3.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations from their Agents in London to-day:—

Name of Company.	Latest prices £
Assam Bengal Railway Ord. Stock	79 5 0
Atlas Elect. and Genl. Trust Ord.	0 2 9
Bank of London and S. America	4 17 6
British South Africa Co. Ord.	1 9 0
B. B. and C. I. Rly. Ord. Stock	112 0 0B
Borneo Ltd. 7-1/2 p. c. Pref.	0 15 6
Cables and Wireless (Holding) Ord. Stk.	38 15 0
Cawnpore Electric Sup. Ord.	1 16 6
Lansil Ltd. Ord.	0 9 9
Cross and Blackwell New Ord.	0 0 8
Foreign Rly. Inv. Trust 5 p. c. Prf. Stk.	10 10 0
Genl. and Coml. Invest. Trust Defd. Stk.	76 10 0
Eastern Bank Ltd.	6 11 9
Hyderabad Deccan Co. Ord.	1 5 0
J. Lyons and Co. "A" Ord.	5 7 0
C. and E. Morton 7 p. c. Pref.	0 5 0
United Serdang Rub. Plantn. Ord.	0 3 3
Salt (Saltaires) Ord.	0 4 0
United Premier Oil and Cake Ord.	0 7 0

LONDON BULLION MARKET

Messrs. Samuel Montague and Co., have issued the following report dated London Nov. 16

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £326,414,426 on November 9th showing no change as compared with the previous Wednesday.

About £5,400,000 Bar Gold has been dealt with at the daily "fixing" during the week. Prices have continued to include a smal. premium over the parity of the dollar and that currency's rapid appreciation against sterling has been reflected in the advancing prices. Yesterday's fixed price of 148/3 was the highest recorded since March 11th, 1935. A substantial part of the demand came from the Continent but only a small proportion could be fairly described as for hoarding. In most cases the demand was a direct reflection of the rush to acquire U.S. dollars, such purchases being temporarily at least a more convenient method of doing so.

The following were the United Kingdom Imports and Exports of Gold, registered from midday on the 7th November 1938 to midday on the 14th November 1938.

IMPORTS.

British East Africa	£ 37,797
British India	317,456
New Zealand	10,170
British Guiana	8,093
Germany	421,734
France	17,883
Switzerland	86,051
Siam	8,553
Other countries	5,914
	£913,651

EXPORTS.

United States of America	£4,561,537
Switzerland	104,999
Belgium	293,895
Netherlands	322,321
France	29,973
Syria	21,004
Other countries	2,489
	£5,336,218

The s.s. "Strathaird" which sailed from Bombay on November 12th carries gold to the value of about £165,000.

SILVER.

The quotations of last Wednesday remained unchanged until Monday for, although Continental buying continued and the strength of the dollar led to the presence both at and after the fixing of good American demand, a fair volume of supplies was forthcoming in the shape of Eastern sales and Indian and speculative resales. Some fresh speculative sales wer ealso made.

Thereafter the picture changed for offerings proved lighter and the sharp appreciation of the dollar raised the level of American buying with the result that prices advanced to 19.15/16d. for cash and 19.9/16d. for forward quoted yesterday and, after a slight reaction yesterday afternoon, have risen by a further 1/16d. to-day to 20d. for cash and 19.5/8d. for forward.

This cash quotations is the highest since March 26th last which was the working day prior to that on which the U.S. Treasury's buying price for foreign silver was reduced below 45 cents.

Bombay prices have not followed the rise but the volume of profit-taking or fresh sales so far attracted from this or other centres has been surprisingly small and would seem to point to a general inclination to await the next developments in the dollar-sterling exchange.

The following were the United Kingdom Imports and Exports of Silver, registered from midday on the 7th November 1938 to midday on the 14th November 1938.

IMPORTS.

France	£26,515
Belgium	18,508
British West Africa	3,340
Australia	2,030
Other countries	4,096
	£54,489

EXPORTS.

United States of America	£124,953
Hungary	59,688
Sweden	2,710
Trinidad	2,500
Arabia-Saudi	6,188
Other countries	5,445
	£201,370

The dates of the All-India Hindu Yuvak Parishad are fixed at the 28th, 29th and 30th Dec. The office has made full arrangement for lodging and boarding.

AMERICAN WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS

New York, Dec. 2.

	Season To Date	This Week	Corresponding Season 1937/8	Corresponding Week 1937
Total in sight (excluding linters)	6,601	253	9,132	337
Forwarded to American mills including Canada and other American (excluding linters)	2,913	191	2,802	128
Exports from U. S. Ports	1,657	116	2,580	222
Of which to Japan	364	25	104	1
Of which to China	12	3	21	—
Of which to Great Britain	223	16	329	80
Of which to Germany	244	12	473	32
Stock at New York	—	—	—	—
Stock at U. S. Ports	—	3,143	—	3,629
Stock at U. S. Interior towns	—	3,504	—	2,543
World's Visible supply	—	9,941	—	8,986
Of which to American cotton	—	8,008	—	7,452
Forwarded to World's mills (excluding linters)	4,226	303	4,561	273
Receipts at U. S. Ports	2,711	103	5,076	204

N.B. All in bales 000's omitted.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Dec. 3.

GOVT. SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent Paper	98/5
4 per cent 1960-70	111/1
5 per cent 1945-55	116/8

BANKS.

Bank of Baroda	115/4
Bank of Hindusthan	30
Bank of India	149
Central Bank	29/14
Imperial Bank F.P.	1576/4
Imperial Bank P.P.	384/6
Indian Overseas Bank	45/8
Reserve Bank	114/12
Union Bank	5/12

TEXTILES

Ahmd. New Textiles	505
Ambica	241/4
Arun	226/4
Arvind	1310
Asok	222/8
Bharatkhand	2500
Bombay Dyeing	866/4
Buckingham and Carnatics	202/8
Calico	612/8
Central India	235
Century	241/14
Colaba	145/10
Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills	400
Elgin	212/8
Gokak	152/8
Hukumchand	168/2
Indore	55
Jubilee	205/10
Khatau Makanji	117/8
Kohinoor	253/12
Laxmi Cotton	522/8
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	100/10
Morarji	136/14
Mysore	88/12
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	218/12
Raipur	710
Rajnagar	225
Sajjan	97/8
Sassoon and Alliance	71
Sholapur	3225
Simplex	78/2
Swadeshi	218/12
Vishnu	1250

HYDRO ELECTRICS.

Andhra Valley Ord.	1407/8
Tata Hydro Ord.	153/7
Tata Power Ord.	1293

ELECTRICS.

Ahmedabad Electrics	139/6
Ajmer Electrics	12/8
Amalgamated	12/4
Bombay Suburban	142/8
Bombay Tram.	123/12
Surat Electrics	172/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Air Services of India	5/8
Alcock Ashdown	343/12
Associated Cements	108
Belapur	185/10
Bombay Burma New	180
Bombay Burma Old	513/12
Bombay Steam	212/8
Bombay Telephone	82
Br. B. Petrol	3/10
Burma Corporation	6/1
Dalmia Cement	9/8
Indian Bleaching	124/6
Industrial Investment Tr.	41/6
Indian Radio Ord.	385/10
Indian Radio Defd.	390
Indian Copper	2/4
Indian Iron	31/5
Mysore Sugar	31/8
Port Canning	73/8
Premier Construction	65
Rohtas Industries	25/10
Scindia Steam	20
Shivrajpur	51/8
Tata Oil	47
Tata (Steel Ordy.	313
Tata Steel Defd.	1510

JUTES.

Birla Jute	14/8
Howrah	50/7
Hukumchand	6/8
Kamarhatty	464
Kankanarrah	343
Lawrence	333
Reliance	57

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

(Continued from page 6)

tract many visitors from India. In the political sphere a two party system has practically asserted. Bohemian administration will resemble as matters now stand a sort of controlled democracy. An element of speculation remains confined to developments relating to Carpathian Russia, in the light of a care taken as retained by Poland and Hungary to establish a common frontier, an aim seen with little favour by Germany.

Germany In South-Eastern Europe

Germany's attention is well kept to direct an active policy in relation to South-eastern Europe. It involves two points, pushing up a course, with Ukraine assuming an important role in connection, and securing of a position of increased weight in regard to other Powers. The latter is also viewed with some concern by Britain, even more than France now, in the light of London's greater care to Near Eastern and Middle Eastern affairs. The visit of the Roumanian King to London newly has been connected with Britain's interest to have a wall of support in South-eastern Europe. Comments of the German press about the trip of King Carol to London reflected considerable reserve. Not entirely disconnected with a policy in regard to Eastern Europe, Germany is keeping up a pressure on the Western Powers directly now in ways as against Britain, and more indirectly in relation to France. A strong urge for further success on the foreign sphere remains with Germany, especially with the economic situation retaining much tightness, a factor that according to some reports has not brought an expected measure of popular cheer for the absorption of the Sudeten areas. There is also the interest to maintain an advantage in regard to armament held in directions, which implies pushing up quickly a vigorous course in relation to foreign affairs and retaining if necessary a high rate of armament expansion. The latter serves also as an inducement for other countries, principally now to France, to initiate changes in labour conditions and other spheres of economy. All these of course stand as symptoms of a wide drift in Europe on advance. As it advances the more it touches distant units like India and solution for it also gets more nearly connected with a satisfactory settlement of issues in some big and important units more distant.

Oddness Of News Reporting

Two days back German papers published the news of Jan Bata the head of the famous Bata Company having been arrested. The report in the leading Berlin daily 'Deutsche Allgemiene Zeitung' an organ of German heavy industry read as follows:—'As the official organ of the N.S.D.A.P. (Nazi Party) in the Sudeten region 'Die Zeit' reports from Leitmeritz the well-known shoe industrialist Bata about whom we had to concern ourselves a while back on account of some anti-German outbursts has been arrested by the forces of the German frontier finance guard. Bata had remained in Leitmeritz together with his nephew and at the crossing of the frontier his nervous deportment raised attention. An investigation conducted immediately proved the astounding fact that he carried with him 164,000 English Pounds that he intended to smuggle to Czechoslovakia. The foreign currency he would seem to have kept hidden in the former Bata House in Leitmeritz. Bata was removed to the prison of the Leitmeritz Court." 'Die Zeit' formerly was issued from Prague and appeared as the principal organ of the then Henlein or Sudeten German Party. Leitmeritz is a town in Bohemia that formerly belonged to Czechoslovakia but has now passed to Germany. According to direct information from the headquarters of Bata House in Zlin, published also in various foreign papers including the London 'Times', practically the same time as the report in the 'Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung,' Bata on his way from Czechoslovakia to Holland was detained for a while at a frontier station owing to his passport not meeting a newly introduced technical regulation of which it would seem he was not aware. He left for Holland, where he is also mentioned as having arrived, by a later train after a couple of hours.

FEDERATION NOT DISCUSSED

Gandhiji's Article, A Surprise To Kashmir Premier

MADRAS, Dec. 3.

Dewan Bahadur N. Gopalaswami Iyengar, Prime Minister of Kashmir, has arrived here for a fortnight's stay after attending the Conference of Princes and Ministers in Bombay.

Interviewed he said that all the States were awaiting reference from the Government of India communicating the revised Draft Instrument of Accession for consideration by the States. As this had not been received until the Conference of the Princes and Ministers in Bombay broke up, the question of Federation was not even informally discussed by that Conference.

SURPRISING MATTER

Questioned about Gandhiji's reference to Earl Winterton's statement of policy in his article in the "Harijan", about the ability of Princes to grant Responsible Government to their people, Mr. Iyengar said: It was a matter of surprise to me, that certain people were reading into Earl Winterton's statement a meaning, which, perhaps, is not apparent on the face of it. If the States had attached to that statement the significance that some people seemed to attach to it now, so many months after it had been made, they would have considered the question of taking action with reference to it long ago. And so far as Kashmir is concerned, no reference on the subject was made by it to the Government of India.

THE LATE SYED HUMAYUN MIRZA

A Brief Sketch

(From A Correspondent)

Syed Humayun Mirza, Bar-at-Law, the well-known lawyer of Hyderabad passed away on the 14th November, 1938.

Syed Humayun Mirza was the uncle of Sir Ali Imam. He was born in 1870 and was educated at Patna and obtained the degree of Bar-at-law in the year 1894. Kazi Kabiruddin Bar-at-law of Bombay and Mian Mohamad Shafi of Lahore were his class fellows.

On his return Syed Humayun Mirza began practising law at Calcutta. He came to Hyderabad in 1901, where Khuda Bakhsh Khan was the Chief Justice Syed Ahmed Raza Khan was the judge.

A short time after coming down to Hyderabad he was married to the eldest daughter Soghra Begum of Doctor Safdar Ali Mirza. Humayun Mirza was a leading personality in the Bar, as most of the leading Lawyers and Barristers consulted him on various points of law. Humayun Mirza is also an author of various books.

PUBLIC ACTIVITIES

He used to take a keen interest in the public affairs of the Hyderabad State. He started an institution for the uplift of women. He was very much interested in all activities pertaining to the uplift of women and their liberty.

In the year 1905, Syed Humayun Mirza was elected as a councillor of the Hyderabad Municipality, and conducted his duties efficiently for many years. In the year 1908, during the time of the great floods of the Musi River he was appointed as an Honorary Special Magistrate.

During the last two years, he was confined to bed on account of Paralysis, and died on 14th November, 1938. He had no sons.

AKOT GANPATI RIOT CASE ECHO

AKOLA, Dec. 2.

It is understood that a joint representation signed by some Hindus and Muslims has been submitted to the Government of the Central Provinces and Berar requesting them to withdraw the conviction of the 36 Muslim accused in the Akot Ganpati rio case.

Out of the accused 26 were sentenced to pay fine while the remaining 10 were sentenced to imprisonment. The latter have filed an appeal in the court of the Additional Sessions Judge, Akola.

If the withdrawal of the conviction is not possible, the representation requests Government to remit at least the sentences in case of the ten appellants because they have already undergone three months' imprisonment as undertrial prisoners.

Several Hindu Sabha workers are among the signatories to the representation.—United Press.

Mr. Baijnath Bajoria, M.L.A. (Central) has joined the Congress Nationalist Party. The strength of the Party has thus increased from 10 to 11.—United Press.

Heavy Long Liquidation In New York Cotton Market

PRICES DECLINE 15 POINTS

Wall-Street Operators And Co-ops Principal Sellers

BOMBAY: DEC. 3.

ON FRIDAY THE NEW YORK COTTON MARKET WAS EASY ON HEAVY LONG LIQUIDATION AND PRICES DECLINED 15 PTS. WALL-STREET OPERATORS AND CO-OPERATIVE BROKERS WERE PRINCIPAL SELLERS.

EUROPEAN POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS UNNERVED OPERATORS AND THERE WAS A MARKED ABSENCE OF ANY SUPPORT.

The New York cotton market was reactionary and reacted sharply on Friday to a lower Stock market and increased hedge selling, principally in March and October. No special news account for Southern sales and hedging was otherwise light but selling because general in late dealings.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The market opened steady and was more active early but later became quiet. Prices declined on Liverpool cables, increased liquidation and hedge selling by New Orleans and co-operative Brokers together with Wall-Street selling. Offers were taken chiefly by trade houses but rallies were feeble. Finally general selling appeared with the session closing easy.

At the opening March was quoted 2 points down at 4.83 and this was the highest level. Later on there was heavy selling and prices declined to 8.29. The market closed at a net decline of 12 to 17 points. Spot cotton prices decline 20 points at 8.75c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was easy with increased selling pressure and closed at a decline of 15 to 17 points. Spot cotton prices declined 17 points at 8.49c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton market opened unchanged with March 4.83. There was hedging on easiness of Egyptian cotton and the offtake was poor. Later on there was continued tired liquidation. The offtake being small was confined to trade calling and straddle buying of October. The market closed at a decline of 3 to 5 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined 6 points at 5.14d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton market was easy and Giza futures declined 7 to 8 points. Uppers futures closed 1 to 2 points down. The Alexandria cotton market was also easy and Sakels futures declined 13 to 16 points while Ashmouni contracts lost 5 to 12 points.

LANCASHIRE TRADE.

Trade in yarn and cloth at Manchester has by no means recovered from last week's relapse. Inquiry on the whole has improved somewhat, but customers generally have been slow to commit themselves to actual business and they have usually confined their purchases to unimportant quantities. The unexpectedly bullish American crop estimate on Tuesday had little effect on cotton prices and less on yarn and cloth buyers, and most Lancashire producers have lost further ground this week.

INDIAN DEMAND.

On adverse factor as regards Indian trade at present seems to be the fact that goods ordered now would hardly reach India before April, coupled with the belief that by that time the import duties may have been scaled down some what. Many recent offers have been 5 or 7-1/2 per cent below the prices at which business had previously been done. Java has taken a few whites, prints, and dyed goods in spite of uncertainty about the quotas, and Hong-Kong, surprisingly enough in view of the progress of the Sino-Japanese war, has bought some special cloths. Egyptian inquiries have included some for goods which have not been bought here for several months. A fair trade has been done in white, printed, and dyed goods of various kinds for South America, with some improvement in the size of the orders.

Continental demand has again been very scrappy, but there has been a further improvement in home trade demand, especially for linings and dress goods, and the Dominions have been by no means idle.

Sales of yarn have remained disappointing. The irregularity of quotations in several sections of the market remains a hindrance to fresh business, while deliveries are by no means all that could be desired.—"M. G."

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. March Highest (10 a.m.) ..... 8.43—42
N. Y. March Lowest (2-53 p.m.) ..... 8.29—16
Liverpool March Highest 4.83
Liverpool March Lowest ..... 4.78—05

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cables from their New York friends:—

"Heavy liquidation attributed to disturbed foreign condition. Poor demand for spot cotton and goods. Talk of American mills curtailment. Market may be forced lower but do not expect a considerable decline."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Some hedging and local short selling chiefly October 1939. There is marked absence in offtake. Bearish sentiment increasing here but do not anticipate much decline.

Liverpool.—Market acts as if tired. "Bulls" disposed to realize. Lancashire Yarn trade is declining. Our opinion is that any demand will change the aspect of the market.

New York.—New Orleans and Wall Street selling. Liquidation due to European situation. Indifferent demand.

New York.—Heavy liquidation. Wall Street and trade buying on scale down.

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York:—Large operators sold long position trade buying principal feature on the scaledown some domestic mills May curtail this month recommend buying on declines March.

Hedge selling increasing on the declines export demand poor think market may sag further before meeting aggressive support market influenced by unsettled sentiment.

Disappointed bulls principal sellers decline will probably go somewhat further Voting 10th Decemher will probably favour restriction.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Dec. 3.

December	8.38
January	8.16
March	8.14
May	7.93
July	7.70
October	7.39
Middling Spot	8.59
	Nominal.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Dec. 3.

December	8.49
January	8.31
March	8.26
Middling Spot	8.37

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec. 3.

11-00 a.m. RANGES.

December	
January	Closed
March	

NOON CALL.

December	
January	Closed
March	

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Dec. 3.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	9,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to The Continent	13,000
Day's Exports to China and Japan	Nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Dec. 3.

November	Deleted
December	4.66
January	4.65
February	4.65
March	4.65
April	4.63
May	4.61
June	4.59
July	4.57
August	4.52
September	4.47
October	4.42
November	4.43
December	4.44
Middling Spot	5.01
	10-12 a.m. Quotations.
January	4.71
March	4.71

LONDON SEEDS.

London, Dec. 3.

Linseed La Plata Hull C.I.F., ton. 10.16.3 Dec. Sellers.
Linseed Calcutta London C.I.F. ton. 12.3.9 Dec. Sellers.
Linseed Bombay London C.I.F. ton. 12.10.0 Dec. Sellers.
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont. C.I.F. ton. 11.10.0 Dec/Jan. Sellers.
Castorseed Bombay Hull C.I.F. ton. 10.17.6 Dec/Jan. Sellers.

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Dec. 3.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Parcels. 22/3 Jan/Feb. Sellers.
Wheat Barletta Russo Parcels. 23 Jan/Feb. Sellers.
Wheat South Australian, Parcels. Unquoted.

LONDON OIL.

London, Dec. 3.

Linseed Oil London per cwt Naked. 22/6 Dec. paid.
Linseed Oil London per cwt Naked. 22/6 Jan/Apl. Sellers.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Dec. 3.

Smoked Sheets Standard Ribbed per lb. Unchanged.

NEW YORK COFFEE.

New York, Dec. 3.

Fair Rio Coffee No. 7 Quality Unchanged.

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Dec. 2.

GIZA—	
Spot	8.00—8.
January	7.55—7.
March	7.50—8.
May	7.50—8.
Giza No. 2—	
January	7.61—5.
March	7.64—7.
May	7.66—7.
July	7.69—7.
UPPERS—	
Spot	6.30—5.
January	6.18—1.
March	6.21—2.
May	6.24—1.
July	6.26—1.
October	6.13—3.
November	6.01—3.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Dec. 3.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.68.18
Paris	177.71
Berlin	11.67-3/4
Madrid	100.00
Montreal	4.71-7/8
Amsterdam	8.60-7/8
Brussels	27.31-1/2
Milan	88.95
Berne	20.62-1/4

LONDON SPELTER.

London, Dec. 3.

Spelter hard (Indian Brand) F.O.B. Closed.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Dec. 3.

Following a decline of 15 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs. 158/4 for Broach A/M. delivery and after improving to Rs. 158/12 on scattered buying. Later on there was some tired liquidation and prices declined to Rs. 158/2. Later on there was some covering and prices advanced to Rs. 158/8. The tone of the market was steady.

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 5 points and it opened 6 points down and later was quoted 12 points lower. This induced increased selling in the local market and prices declined to Rs. 157/8. The market finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G—			
Broach A/May	Rs.	156	14 0
Broach J/A.		158	4 0
Fine M G—			
Oomra D/J.		144	8 0
Oomra March		143	12 0
F G M G—			
Bengal D/J.		119	2 0
Bengal March		120	2 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Dec. 3.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G.—					
Bengal U.P.	... 127	124	121		118
Punjab	... 127	124	121		118
Rajputana	... 127	124	121		118
Oomra No. 3	154	151	148	145	...
C. P. No. 1	170	167	164	161	...
C. P. No. 2	161	158	155	152	...

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Dec 3

Bengal Superfine 128/29 Dec +6 1/2 Jan +5
Bengal Fine 125/26 Dec +4 1/2 Jan +4
Bengal F G 123/24
C P 1 161/63 Dec +15 Jan +14
C P 2 151/52 Dec +8 Jan +7
Arvi 152/53
Amraoti 148/49
Ellichpur 151/52
Berar 149/50 Dec +4 Jan +3
Malkapur 147/48
Khandesh 138/41
Jalna Sailu 143/44
Burwah Sanavad 145/50
Khandwa 149/50
Mathia F G Dec —15 Jan —19
Broach March +2 1/2
Punjab 4 F Dec +26
Punjab 289 F Dec +58
Sindh N T 205/07

Indian Cotton Figures

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, Dec 3

Since 1st Sept

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Khandesh	783	4,228	752
Central India	497	38,198	133
Barsi and Nagar	1	6,287	2,160
Hyderabad Gaorani	62	321	320
Berar	637	20,537	6,951
Central Provinces	166	12,486	944
Total Oomras	2,146	82,057	11,260
Dholera	695	40,974	1,905
N W Provinces		335	1,177
Rajputana	575	4,997	52
Sind Punjab	170	54,775	71,473
Broach	104	11,408	1,406
Coompta and Dharwar		10,129	6,111
Westerns Northerns	154	7,651	727
Cocoanada		1	12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,683	809
American		512	3,659
Egyptian, African and Sudan	1,793	104,683	95,621
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		6	268
Total	5,637	319,211	194,480

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 1st Dec.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Europe	433	45,255	45,964
Japan and China	3,700	301,473	58,600
Coast Ports		9,607	20,643
Up-country by Rail		79,933	93,221
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		2,704	8,101
Total	4,132	438,972	226,529

American Cotton Figures

F.P. Bales.	1938-39	1937-38
Receipts to date 2-12-38	2711000	5076000
Receipts Yesterday 2-12-38	16000	43000
Exports to date 2-12-38	1652000	2606000
Stock at Ports 25-11-38	3170000	3314000
Stock at Interior Towns 25-11-38	3521000	2499000
Stock at Liverpool 25-11-38	1088000	866000
Visible Supply 25-11-38	8058000	7388000
Quantity in sight 25-11-38	6348000	8795000
Quantity out of sight 25-11-38	3925000	4288000

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 1st Dec.	5,405
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1938	313,574
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	187,908
Increase	125,666

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—
Dec. 71 Jan. 89 March 94 May 106 July 125 Oct. 125 at Cross Rate 4.68 1/4

Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1939 158—Liverpool May 1939 4.70 Rs. 46 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach J/A. 1939 159/8—Liverpool July 1939 4.67 Rs. 43 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1939 158—New York May 8.10 Rs. 34 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.66 1/4.

Bombay—New York:—
Broach J/A. 1939 159/8—New York July 7.85 Rs. 26 3/4 at Cross Rate 4.68 1/4

OSAKA COTTON

Osaka, Dec. 3.

February	53.00
March	53.00

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Dec. 3.

Yesterday London gold prices advanced 4 1/2 to £7-8-11. London Paris Exchange rate was 29 points down at 177.90 and dollar sterling cross rate was 4.60 1/4. London silver prices advanced 1/8d. to 20 3/16d. for spot and forward improved 1/16d. to 19 3/8d. speculators bought and business was small. Later on the market was dull with absence of buyers. Messrs. Mecatta and Goldmud in their weekly review write that the market was initially steady. Subsequently the cash premium widened to three farthings as the result of bear covering. The cash quotations was then brought well over American parity and the market closed weak. Stocks of silver in London are estimated at 3,000,000 ounces that unchanged as compared with the previous week. New York spot silver was unchanged at 42 3/4 cents. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 0/8. London Bombay spot parity is Rs. 53-3-9 and forward is Rs. 51-5-0. The local market was quietly steady with a restricted turnover.

GOLD

Ready		37	5 0
Magsar delivery		37	5 3
Magsar Tejimandi		0	2 0
Posh delivery		35	5 6
Posh Tejimandi		0	6 9

SILVER

Ready		50	13 0
Magsar delivery		50	13 0
Magsar Tejimandi		0	5 6
Posh delivery		50	11 0
Posh Tejimandi		0	15 0

LONDON SILVER.

London, Dec. 3.

Spot	20-1/8
Forward	19-3/8

LONDON GOLD.

London, Dec. 3.

Gold bars fine per oz.	£7-8-7-1/2

SILVER EXPORT INSTEAD OF GOLD

Bombay, Dec. 3.

No gold was shipped from Bombay to foreign countries during the week ended Saturday, December 3. The total value of gold exported from Bombay since Great Britain went off the standard in September, 1931, amounts to Rs. 3,17,51,24,827, after the adjustment for short shipments during the period.

A large quantity of silver, weighing 3,82,583 ounces was exported from Bombay to London, during the week ended December 3.

LONDON METALS

London, Dec. 2.

Copper	£43 1 3
Lead	£15 13 9
Spelter	£13 11 3
Tin	£214 12 6

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Dec. 3.

London Market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£43-0-0
Standard 3 months	£43-2-6
Electrolytic copper	£49-10-0
Bombay Market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 39-10-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 49-0-0
Tone:—Steady.	

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Dec. 2.

January	£10-0-0.
February	£10-0-0.

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Dec. 2.

December	55d.
March	54 1/2d.
May	55 3/4d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Dec. 2.

December	dol 0.62 7/8.
May	dol 0.66 1/8.
July	dol 0.66 1/8.

LONDON SUGAR

London, Dec. 2.

December ..... 5s. 9 1/2d.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Dec. 3.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-6-0.
Shipment Dec. Rs. 5-10-0.
Shipment Jan.-March Rs. 5-12-6.
Shipment July-Sept. Rs. 6-0-6
Kesar Rs. 14-8-0.
Saraya Rs. 14-7-0.
Java Spot F 6.25.

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Dec. 2.

SAKEL—	
January	13./2—15.
March	14.06—13.
May	14.17—16.
ASHMOUNI—	
December	10.92— 5.
February	11.03— 5.
GIZA—	
January	13.62—17.
March	13.76—15.
May	13.86—12.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Dec. 2.

Broach A/M. 1939 op 160 3/4; highest 160 3/4; lowest 159 7/8; closing 159 7/8.

Broach J/A. op 161 1/2; highest 161 3/4; lowest 161 1/4; closing 161 3/8.

Oomra D/J. op 147; highest 147; lowest 146 3/4; closing 146 3/4.

Oomra March op 146 3/4; highest 146 3/4; lowest 146 1/8; closing 146 1/8.

Bengal D/J. op 121 1/2; highest 121 1/2; lowest 121 1/4; closing 121 1/4.

Bengal March op 122 3/4; highest 122 3/4; lowest 122 1/4; closing 122 1/4.

Teji/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (21-12-38) Rs. 3 3/8

Teji/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (24-3-39) Rs. 9

Teji/Mandi for Broach J/Aug. 1939 (24-6-39) Rs. 13 3/4.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Dec. 3.

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes (Cash)	98/7
2 3/4 per cent 1940/52 Loan	99/6
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	101/10
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/12
3 per cent 1963/65	98/2
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	105/4
4 per cent 1940/43 Bonds	108/6
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	111/3
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	119
5 per cent U P Bonds	98
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan	102/2
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	105/14
TAX FREES.	
5 per cent 1943/55 Loan	116/10
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	111/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent 1974 B P T	110/4
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	109/8
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	119
5 per cent 1954 M Deb	130

Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Dec. 3.

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 27/32
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 7/8
Bank's buying T T 1/5 15/16
Bank's buying D D 1/5 31/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/32 to Nov.
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 287 3/4
Bank's buying T T 284 1/2
Bank's buying D D 283 3/4
PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,305
Bank's buying T T 1,335
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 78 5/8
Bank's buying T T 78
Bank's buying 60 days 77
AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 63 5/8
JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 63 1/2
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 85
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 47 1/2
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 157 3/8
BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 85 3/4
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.68.31 2nd inst.
Japan/London 1/2 1/64 3rd inst.
Hongkong/London 1/2 31/32 3rd inst.
Shanghai/London 0/8 3rd inst.
Java/London 8.58 1/2 3rd inst.
London/Paris 177.90 2nd inst.
London/Belgium 27.79 1/2 2nd inst.
London/Switzerland 20.61 3/4 2nd inst.
London/Berlin 11.66 3/4 2nd inst.
London/Stockholm 19.40 5/8 2nd inst.
London/New York 4.68.31 2nd inst.
London/Amsterdam 8.60 1/4 2nd inst.
London/Italy 88.90 2nd inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady
Near, Easy Forward.
Gold £7-8-6 1/2 1st inst.
Gold £7-8-11 2nd inst.
Silver London Ready 20 1/16 1st inst.
Silver London Ready 20 3/16 2nd inst.
Silver London Forward 19 5/16 1st inst.
Silver London Forward 19 3/8 2nd inst
Silver New York Ready 43 1st inst.
Silver New York Ready 43 2nd inst.
London Discounts 3 months 13/16 to 7/8 per cent 1st inst.
London Discounts 3 months 7/8 to 15/16 per cent 2nd inst.
London Discounts 6 months 7/8 per cent 1st inst.
London Discounts 6 months 7/8 per cent 2nd inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—
Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Dec. 2.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	76 3/8
3 1/2 per cent	90 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	101 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	105 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	115 1/4
5 per cent 1942/47	107 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	98 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	71 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	99 1/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	108 3/4
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	46/10 1/2

BOMBAY YARN EXCHANGE LTD.

Bombay, Dec 3

Yarn No. 6 1/2s.—			
December	96	0	0
February	96	0	0
April	96	0	0
Yarn No. 10 1/2s.—			
December	107	0	0
February	107	0	0
April	108	0	0
Yarn No. 20 1/2s—			
December	146	0	0
February	146	0	0
April	147	0	0
Yarn No. 40s.—			
December	229	0	0
February	229	0	0
April	230	0	0

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS.

London, Dec. 1.

	This week. £
Total bullion	327,700,000
Public Deposits	23,100,000
(A) Other deposits	134,300,000
Government securities	90,200,000
(B) Other securities	38,200,000
Notes and coin	46,800,000
Notes in circulation	480,800,000
Ratio of Reserve to liabilities	29.76 p.c.
(A) Other depocits include bankers	97,100,000
(B) Other securities include discount and advances	17,600,000
Total deposits	157,400,000
Total securities	128,400,000

New York Sugar

New York, Dec. 2.

March	2.13
May	2.16.
July	2.19.
September	2.23.

Tata Steel Shares Again Easy

HIGHER PRICES ATTRACT REALISING SALES

Market Getting Divided

BOMBAY: DEC. 3.

Yesterday the Wall-Street Market again ruled quiet on unsettled conditions in Europe and U. S. Steel shares declined dol. 5/8, while Anaconda Coppers closed dol. 3/4 down.

The local Market was unsettled and opened at about yesterday's closing level and under scattered selling prices declined few points.

Later on there was some short covering and Professional support, but the rally was feeble and met increased selling pressure and prices declined.

It seems that Bulls are now inclined to unload their purchases, but they are meeting the demand, but there is less inclination to press sales. Some Bears were reported covering a portion of their sales.

The market opinion is divided and it seems that it will be difficult to push up prices as at times those who are reported to be best supporters get out through unknown channels.

Any way, the market seems losing hopes of higher prices for the time being.

The market was easy with a marked absence of buying in any section. Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1,017 and after declining to Rs. 1,507 advanced to Rs. 1,525, but again eased off to Rs. 1,495 and closed at Rs. 1,502-8. Similar losses were recorded in other Sections.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY Dec. 3.

100 Ahmd. Advance	420	0
200 BOMBAY DYEING	865	0
100 CENTURY	242	0
100 CENTRAL INDIA	235	0
100 COLABA	146	0
100 Coorla	95	0
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn	321	4
1 E. D. Sassoon	0	5 3
100 Finlay	117	8
100 GOKAK	153	0
1,000 Hindustan	1,705	0
100 Indore	55	0
100 Khatau	117	8
100 KOHINOOR	254	0
150 Laxmi	520	0
250 Madras United	35	0
100 Morarji	137	0
250 Model	50	0
50 MYSORE	89	0
200 NEW GREAT	219	0
100 Oosmanshahi	40	0
100 PHOENIX	222	8
25 Sassoon Silk	71	0
1,000 Sholapur	3225	0
50 SIMPLEX	77	12
100 SWADESHI	219	0
100 Swan	107	8
500 Vishnu	1250	0
1,000 Westerns	860	0
BANKS		
50-100 Baroda	115	4
25-50 Central	29	14
500 Imperial	1576	4
125-500 Imp. Conty.	384	6
50-100 India	149	0
100 Reserve Bank	114	12
5 Unions	5	12
CEMENTS		
100 Associated	108	4
INSURANCE		
100-500 Empire	698	4
15-100 Jupitor	13	0
20 Mercantile	52	4
15-100 New India	38	2
200 Oriental	4400	0
10-50 Vulcan	7	2
ELECTRIC		
100 Ah. Old	139	6
1,000 ANDHRA VALLEY	1410	0
10 Ajmer	12	2
10 Amalgmd.	12	0
50 Bombay Tram	124	0
100 Bombay Suburban	142	8
10 Broach	10	4
100 Karachi	185	0
100 Poona	170	10
100 Surat	172	8
100 TATA HYDRO	153	8
100 TATA POWERS	1297	8
RAILWAYS		
100 Ahmedabad Prantij	942	8
100 C. Province	101	0
100 Dn. Baramati	103	4
100 Gujarat	101	0
100 Mandra Bhon	100	8
100 Pachora Jamner	95	0
100 Sara Serajgunj	101	4

Tata Hydero-Electric Agencies

Messs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd., and The Tata Power Company, Limited, report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations (Khopoli, Bhivpuri and Bhira) of the Hydro Group were as follows:—

48th Week (ended December 2nd)	
1936	10,772,500
1937	13,823,900
1938	14,941,200
Total for 48 Weeks (1st Jan. to date).	
1936	511,191,300
1937	604,532,100
1938	681,514,100

Sterling Purchases

Sterling purchases by the Reserve Bank of India in week ended Friday, 2nd December 1938, amounted to £430,000.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Dec. 3.

Wheat	774 cwts.
Linseed	331 cwts.
Gingellyseed	605 cwts.
Poppyseed	117 cwts.
Groundnuts	21,529 cwts.
Castorseed	957 cwts.
Rice	34,871 cwts.
Myrabollams	187 cwts.
Cottonseed	3,173 cwts.
Mowraseed	172 cwts.
Gram	1,340 cwts.
Joowar	910 cwts.
Barley	61 cwts.
Bajree	6,511 cwts.
Indian Sugar	807 cwts.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Dec. 3.

Bombay Dyeing (880) 877 880 868 867 870 885
Century (243) 244 245 241 242
Central India (236) 236 237 236 235
Kohinoor (255) 257 254
New Great (224) 222 219
Simplex (77/8) 78 77/8 77/12
Swadeshi (219) 220 219
Associated Cement (108/12) 108/4 108/8 108 108/4.
Andhra (1402/8) 1410
Tram. Ord. (124) 123/8 124
Tata Hydro (156) 156 153/8
Tata Power (1290) 1295 1296 1290 1295 1297
T. Steel Dfd. (1515) 1517 1507 1522 1520 1525 1495 1502 1500 1510 1502/8
T. Steel Ord. (315) 315 314 317/8 318 311 313 312/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (159/8) 159/12
Bellapur (184) 184 186 185 186
B. Steam (214) 214 213
B. Burma (512/8) 513 517 513 515

500 Tapti Valley	736	4
MINING.		
9 Burma Corp.	6-1-0	
8sh. Indian Copper	2-4-0	
10 Indian Iron and Steel	31	5
10 Shivrajpur	51	12
70 TATA STEEL DEFDS.	1502	8
75 TATA STEEL ORD.	312	8
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 ALCOCK	345	0
60 BELAPUR SUGAR	186	0
200-250 Bombay Safe Dep.	840	0
250 BOMBAY STEAM	213	0
125 B. BURMA	515	0
50 Bombay Conty.	180	10
8sh. Br. B. Petrol	3-10-6	
50 BOMBAY TELEPHONE	82	4
100 I. BLEACHING	125	0
50 Invest Trust	41	6
100 I. Radio Defd	390	0
100 I. Radio Ord.	380	0
100 Port Canning	73	8
30 Premier Con. XD.	65	0
15 Scindia	20	0
25 Tata Oil Mill (nil)	47	0
PREFERENCE		
5 1/2 Amalgmad (T. F.)	106	0
7 p. c. Andhra Valley	1510	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam XD	283	12
5 p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F)	72	12
5 p.c. Central India (T.F)	575	0
6½ p.c. Prem. Const 1st.	108	0
6-1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	97	0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	150	10
7½ p.c. Tata Power	1607	8
6 p. c. Tata Steel 1st.	210	10
7½ p. c. Tata Steel 2nd	159	12
7 p.c. Vishnu	717	8
DEBENTURES		
3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	102	6
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	108	4
4 p.c. Bombay Telephone	52	12
7 p.c. Sholapur	80	6
6 p.c. Tata Hydro.	108	8

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List.)

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Dec. 2.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Electric Bond Common	10 1/8
Int. Tel. and Tel (Foreign)	65
American Tel and Tel.	148
Western Union Telg.	24
New York Central Rly.	17 1/2
Union Pacific Rly.	89
Texas Corp.	43 1/2
Union Carbide	83 3/4
5 1/2 per cent Japanese 1965	65
3 1/2 per cent Chesapeake and Ohio 1996	90
Cons. Mining Smelting	59
Harbisson Walker Ref.	28
United States Steel	62 3/8
Ludlum Steel	24
Republic Steel	22
Anaconda Copper Mining	32 3/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	52 1/4
Chrysler Motors	82
General Motors	48 1/4
General Electric	41
Consolidated Oil	8 7/8
Phillips Pet Oil	41
Socony Oil	13 3/4
Chase Bank	29 1/4
National City Bank	22 1/4
6 per cent Japanese 1954	84
3 1/4 per cent Amr. Tel and Tel. Deb. 1961	105
Argentine Republic 4 1/2 per cent 1961	87

Turnover 825,000 shares. Narrow market Carloadings down 95393 units.

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Dec. 3.

	Opening.
December	204.40—160.
January	203.30—110.
	Closing.
December	204.30—170.
January	203.80—120.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

Regd. No. B 1065

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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BOMBAY: MONDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1938

Hindus Rally In Second Knock In Final

Muslims Lead By 271 Runs In First Innings

C. K. NAYUDU'S BRILLIANT BATTING FOR 66

Hindus Score 191 For 4 Wickets At Close

Hindus (1st Innings)	69
Muslims (1st Innings)	340
Hindus (2nd Innings) for 4 wickets	191

At the close of second day's play in the Pentangular Cricket Final between the Hindus and the Muslims, the former yet require 80 runs more to wipe out the deficit of the first innings and have 6 wickets in hand to do this and put up an appreciable total to fight for victory, having the Muslims to bat in the fourth innings. It is very difficult to say what is going to happen, but, if the remaining Hindu batsmen rise up to the occasion, we may still see a struggle for the honours.

Amir And Saeed

If the Muslims win the match, they have to thank Amir Elahi and Saeed Ahmed for their excellent batting on Sunday morning, which yielded 156 runs to the Muslim total in a fine partnership between the two Punjab players. Amir Elahi contributed a valuable 96, while Saeed Ahmed played a grand innings for his 78, with the result that the Muslims ran up a big total of 340 and the Hindus found themselves in arrears of 271 runs in the first innings.

Heroic Struggle

SAEED AHMED

AMIR ELAHI

The Hindus, against heavy odds, put up a heroic struggle for runs in their second knock and thanks to a great captain's innings by C. K. Nayudu for his 66, which ended when he was declared out leg-before-wicket by Umpire Dubash. "C. K." appeared to be dissatisfied with this decision and some critics agree that he seemed to have played the ball. This might turn tables and certainly it did to some extent.

At the close of play on Sunday evening, the Hindus had made 191 runs for the loss of 4 wickets.

Saeed Ahmed and Amir Elahi, the overnight not outs, resumed the Muslims' first innings, on Sunday morning, the former striking Amarsing, who operated from the Pavilion end with the new ball. Amir cut the Jamnagar bowlers' last ball to the boundary. Bannerjee was given charge of the attack from the opposite side. The Muslim batsmen opened out their shoulder right from the start and Saeed now hit, Bannerjee towards the Bombay Gymkhana stand, and the players ran 4 for the stroke. Amir sent up 220, with a cut for four, off Amarsing, 19 runs, on Sunday morning, taking only 9 minutes.

SAEED'S 50

C. K. Nayudu replaced Bannerjee. Saeed had now got past his individual 40. With 2 runs, off the Hindu captain Saeed earned his 50, which included 2 fours, in a stay of 70 minutes at the wicket. 240 also appeared soon on the score-boards.

AMIR 50

At 249, C. S. Nayudu was given the bowling in place of Amarsing. Two byes raised the total to 250, this having taken 233 minutes. With a stroke for 2 off 'C. K.', Amir, also, gained his 50, which included 6 hits to the boundary. Amir Elahi had now batted for 57 minutes.

The rate of scoring, to-day, was appreciably fast, 40 runs being scored in 20 minutes.

ELAHI'S GRAND SIXER

Amir Elahi entered his sixties, with a grand sixer off C. S. Nayudu, whom he lifted over the Club House screen, while 270 was telegraphed simultaneously. With 1 run, off the Hindu captain, Saeed also got his 60.

At 281 Mankad took over the North end from his Captain.

'C. K.' returned to attack at 292, taking his brother's place from the pavilion's end.

300 UP

Three hundred of the innings was signalled as a result of 265 minutes' batting, the last 100, this morning, being scored in exactly an hour. This was rapid scoring indeed. With 3 runs off 'C. K.' Amir got into his eighties, while a single by Saeed took him past his 70. A boundary stroke, off the Hindu captain, put Amir in his nineties. 320 went up when

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 1).

Please don't!
It's alright vociferously applauding boundaries - but -
BOUNDARY BOUNDARY BOUNDARY!
Don't rush into the field every time a century is scored -
Amarnath Amarnath! Amarnath! Amarnath! Amarnath!
A Few Policemen are really helpless against an army of invaders -
Aiee Bappe! Yaay Kyuvo!
Amarnath! Amarnath!
Don't Throw Small Stones at fieldsmen immediately in front of you -
Remember a fieldsman can easily twist his ankle when running after a ball - thanks to your jovially thoroughly missile -
Thanks to you
ah!

C. K. Naidu

EDUCATION THROUGH MANUAL ACTIVITIES

Central Advisory Board Gives Its General Approval To Wardha Scheme

NEW DELHI, Dec. 3.

The annual meeting of the Central Advisory Board of Education began to-day with Sir Jagdish Prasad in the chair.

As already reported, the agenda included consideration of the views of Provincial Governments on the Sapru Committee, the Wardha Scheme of Education and other subjects such as Adult Education, Village Libraries and Educational Broadcasting.

It is learned that the meeting gave its general approval to the unanimous conclusions reached in Simla by the Sub-Committee on the Wardha Scheme of Education presided over by Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, Bombay. That Sub-Committee served in the main to clear mis-conceptions and misunderstandings which had gathered round the Scheme. It was emphasised by that Committee that the Scheme was not intended to make the schools self-supporting; nor did it imply that education was to be suzordinated to production, but it stressed the value of education through manual activities.

One criticism against the Scheme was that it was exclusively secular and failed to take into consideration religious education at all. This again, it was explained, was a misconception, nowhere did the Scheme as formulated in the Zakir Hussain Report state that religious education should be neglected, no change in the present system, by which religious education could be given by any community in the schools outside school hours, was implied.

It was also made clear that the Wardha Scheme did not guarantee employment by Government to pupils who left schools at the end of the seven years' course. It was not vocational and was not primarily concerned with unemployment. Its main value lay in the new orientation it gave to education by emphasising the value and necessity of education through manual activities freed from the domination of books.—A. P.

NEW DELHI.—In 1937 nearly a crore worth of rubies, emeralds and diamonds and other precious stones were carried to and from India by Air Services.

BAD FIELDING HELPS MUSLIMS TO A BIG LEAD

Dogged Batting By C. K. Nayudu And Jai Improve Hindu Prospects

DOUBTFUL DECISION BY UMPIRE DUBASH AT CRITICAL STAGE

By J. C. Maitra

Thanks to bad fielding by the Hindus, the Muslims managed to raise their total from 201 to 340 yesterday. Amir Elahi and Saeed Ahmed were mainly responsible for this big jump. Between them they added 156 runs for the seventh wicket. This is the most productive partnership in the match so far. Amir Elahi was extremely lucky to score as many as 96 runs. He offered chances galore but the Hindu fielders refused to accept them. All the same he deserves our sympathy for missing the century so narrowly. Yesterday he batted with greater care and precision and was full value for the coveted distinction. His partner Saeed Ahmed, showed that he was growing a fine, steady batsman. He faced all the Hindu bowlers with perfect confidence for a period of 136 minutes and scored a splendid 78, which stands as the second highest contribution in the match. From what happened later in the day it may turn out that the bold stand taken by this pair caused the undoing of the Hindus.

NAYUDU BROTHERS' BOWLING FEAT.

It was most surprising that with the exception of the Nayudu brothers all the Hindu bowlers failed to dislodge the Muslim batsmen. It is a sad commentary on the bowling prowess of the great all-India bowlers like Amar Singh, Banerjee and Mankad. In contrast with their innocuous bowling the Nayudu brothers bore the whole burden with conspicuous success. The younger Nayudu claimed as many as seven victims at the cost of 109 runs and the Major bagged the remaining three for 87. Is it not a most creditable feat for them? Their analysis would have been more spectacular if the catches they forced from the batsmen were held and many unnecessary runs were not given away by the fielders. But for the hopeless fielding, the Muslim total would never have reached a decent figure. However, that was the Muslims' luck.

CLEVER CHANGE IN BATTING ORDER.

Things looked really black for the Hindus when they were set to compile 272 runs to avoid an innings defeat. It was not an impossible task for them in ordinary circumstances. But after their miserable show in the first innings, it looked like a hopeless job. The Hindu skipper, remained undaunted notwithstanding. He made a very clever and brainy change in the batting order to start with. Hindlekar and Banerji joined together to make the Muslim bowling appear simple and harmless. Mankad followed to improve the situation. Things went on well till lunch. Soon after lunch however Hindlekar was unlucky to be hit on the chin by a bumper from Nissar. It cut his chin badly and he had to leave the field. This acted as a cold douche on the Hindus.

HEROIC PARTNERSHIP.

At this critical juncture the Hindu captain stepped into the breach, and made a heroic effort to turn the tide of fortune in favour of his side. With dogged tenacity and resourcefulness, he settled down to break the back of the Muslim bowling and succeeded to a great extent. Wazir Ali had to tax his brain very much indeed to break up the partnership of C. K. and Jai who had got together after the departure of Vinoo Mankad at 79 and settled down for a most profitable partnership. When the adjournment for tea arrived they had reduced the deficit by 158 runs without giving a single chance. Nayudu was then 66 and Jai 37. From the manner they were batting, it would not have been at all surprising if they had wiped out the arrears between themselves before their separation.

UMPIRE DUBASH'S DECISION.

After the interval, a calamity befell the Hindus. C. K. was sent back before he had added a single run. Umpire Dubash gave him out for covering the wicket off Nissar. He appeared to have played the ball before it hit his thigh. When the Umpire gave his ruling, the Hindu skipper was taken aback. But he could not protest. He left the crease terribly disappointed. Because he was thrown out in a very unsatisfactory manner before he had attained the object for which he had set out with grim determination. Nonetheless it was a great innings—much more valuable than even the 241 which Amarnath had knocked up against the Rest the other day. He was at the wickets for no less than 132 minutes during which period he had eight boundary hits to his credit.

UNFORTUNATE JAI.

Jai was equally unfortunate in his dismissal. As he was unable to run owing to a strain in his leg, he availed himself of the assistance of Nimbalkar as a runner. C. S. Nayudu was partnering him at this stage. When the Hindu total had reached 176, Jai square cut Amir and Nimbalkar ran ahead. C. S. turned him back as he saw Ibrahim stopping the ball at point. Before the latter hit the stumps I noticed Dubash raising both his hands. This was most unusual. No doubt it was a very smart piece of fielding on the part of Ibrahim. But the question is whether the stumps were knocked down before Nimbalkar returned to the crease. I have my doubts about the decision owing to the action of the Umpire mentioned above. Any way, it was most unfortunate for the Hindus. Jai had batted in a very

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 4).

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE *GUNMAN'S BLUFF*

WHY RAISE A FUSS, CONNORS? YOU CAN'T LICK ME!
TH' TWO OF US — SHINN AND ME — CAN STAND AGAINST ANYONE!
SURE, BOSS..... ONLY I'M CHANGING SIDES!
SO TENSE ARE THEY THAT NONE REALIZES WADE HAS REGAINED CONSCIOUSNESS ALREADY...../
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Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA, GANDHI, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.